

### 13.8 BUM-Blue marlin (*Makaira nigricans*)

#### Introduction

A stock assessment was conducted for blue marlin in 2024, through a process that included the Atlantic Blue Marlin Data Preparatory Meeting in March 2024 (Anon., 2024a) and the Blue Marlin Stock Assessment Meeting in June 2024 (Anon., 2024i). The last year of fishery data used in the stock assessment was 2022, applying a grid approach that incorporated both surplus production and age-structured models to reflect uncertainty in biological parameters. A summary of the stock status is provided in **Table 1**. The estimated catches and discards by gear and also by CPC, for the period 2000-2024 are shown in **Table 2**.

**Table 1.** Blue marlin summary table.

<i>Indicator</i>		<i>Stock Status</i>
Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) <sup>1</sup>	3,331 t (2,323 t - 4,659 t) <sup>3</sup>	2022
Landing limit 2024	1,670 t	
Current (2024) Yield <sup>2</sup>	2,066 t	
Relative Biomass ( $B_{2022}/B_{MSY}$ ) if applicable	0.67 (0.30-1.35) <sup>3</sup>	
Relative Fishing Mortality ( $F_{2022}/F_{MSY}$ ) <sup>1</sup>	0.91 (0.40-1.64) <sup>3</sup>	
Stock Status	Overfished: YES (84% probability of being overfished) <sup>4</sup>  Overfishing: NO (39% probability of overfishing) <sup>4</sup>	
Management measure in effect	Rec. 19-05, Landing limit 2025 of 1,670 t	

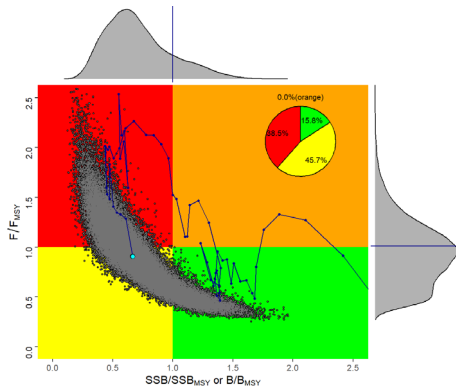
<sup>1</sup> Base case/combined model: model results based on catch data from year-year.

<sup>2</sup> Provisional and subject to revision as of 23 September 2025.

<sup>3</sup> Point estimate, 95% bias corrected confidence intervals are shown.

<sup>4</sup> As estimated from the Kobe plot probability in each quadrant.





**Figure 1.** Kobe plot for the Atlantic blue marlin stock status in 2022, estimated during the 2024 stock assessment (Anon., 2024i). The line indicates the stock status trajectory starting in 1952. The inserted pie chart indicates the probability of the stock being within each Kobe colour quadrant. The probability distributions shown in each axis represent uncertainty around current  $B/B_{MSY}$  ( $SS3, SSB/SSB_{MSY}$ ) and  $F/F_{MSY}$ .

**Outlook**

Projections resulting from the Bayesian Surplus Production and age-structured models indicated that constant catch scenarios equal to or less than 2,250 t resulted in a low probability (less than 5%) of stock biomass falling below critical thresholds (10% or 20% of  $B_{MSY}$ ) by 2034. Higher catch scenarios showed increasing risk.

**Management recommendation**

The results of the final combined models were used to produce estimated probabilities of achieving the Convention objectives ( $B \geq B_{MSY}, F \leq F_{MSY}$ ) for a given level of constant catch, for each year up to 2034 (Table 3). The Committee emphasizes that unaccounted uncertainties, mostly associated with the levels of landings and dead discards, continue to hamper the ability of the Committee to provide sound management advice. The results from the 2024 stock assessment models were used to support management advice under multiple constant catch scenarios, taking into account the uncertainties associated with landings and dead discards.

Given these uncertainties, the Committee reiterated its recommendation in 2024 that the Commission adopt catch limits based on total catch (i.e., landings plus dead discards) of 1,670 t or lower, rather than landings alone as in *Recommendation by ICCAT to establish rebuilding programs for blue marlin and white marlin/roundscale spearfish (Rec. 19-05)*, and maintain these limits until the increasing biomass trend observed in the 2024 stock assessment is confirmed at the next blue marlin stock assessment. It is critical that CPCs report complete catch data, including both landings and dead discards, to ensure accurate assessments and effective management of the blue marlin stock.

**Table 3.** Kobe II matrices for Atlantic blue marlin giving the probability that  $F \leq F_{MSY}, B \geq B_{MSY}$  and the joint probability of  $F \leq F_{MSY}$  and  $B \geq B_{MSY}$ , between 2025 and 2034, with various constant catch levels (landing plus dead discards) based on Bayesian Surplus Production model and SS model base case model results.

a) Probability that  $F \leq F_{MSY}$

Catch (t)	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
0	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
1000	97%	98%	98%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%
1250	93%	94%	95%	96%	96%	97%	97%	98%	98%	98%
1500	85%	87%	89%	90%	91%	92%	93%	94%	95%	95%
1750	74%	77%	80%	82%	84%	85%	86%	87%	88%	89%
2000	63%	66%	69%	71%	73%	75%	77%	79%	79%	80%
2250	52%	55%	58%	60%	62%	64%	66%	67%	69%	70%
2500	42%	45%	48%	50%	52%	53%	55%	56%	58%	59%
2750	35%	37%	39%	40%	42%	43%	44%	45%	46%	47%
3000	28%	30%	31%	32%	33%	34%	35%	36%	36%	37%
3250	23%	24%	24%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	27%	28%
3500	18%	19%	19%	19%	19%	20%	19%	20%	20%	20%

b) Probability that  $B \geq B_{MSY}$

Catch (t)	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
0	35%	45%	56%	65%	72%	78%	83%	86%	89%	92%
1000	32%	39%	46%	53%	59%	64%	69%	73%	76%	79%
1250	31%	37%	44%	50%	55%	60%	65%	69%	72%	75%
1500	30%	36%	41%	47%	52%	56%	60%	64%	67%	70%
1750	29%	34%	39%	44%	48%	52%	56%	59%	62%	65%
2000	29%	33%	37%	40%	44%	47%	51%	54%	56%	59%
2250	28%	31%	35%	38%	41%	43%	46%	48%	51%	53%
2500	27%	30%	32%	35%	37%	39%	41%	43%	45%	46%
2750	27%	29%	30%	32%	34%	35%	37%	38%	39%	40%
3000	26%	27%	28%	29%	30%	31%	32%	33%	34%	34%
3250	25%	26%	27%	27%	27%	28%	28%	28%	29%	29%
3500	25%	25%	25%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%

c) Probability that  $F \leq F_{MSY}$  and  $B \geq B_{MSY}$

Catch (t)	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
0	35%	45%	56%	65%	72%	78%	83%	86%	89%	92%
1000	32%	39%	46%	53%	59%	64%	69%	73%	76%	79%
1250	31%	37%	44%	50%	55%	60%	65%	69%	72%	75%
1500	30%	36%	41%	47%	52%	56%	60%	64%	67%	70%
1750	29%	34%	39%	44%	48%	52%	56%	59%	62%	65%
2000	29%	33%	37%	40%	44%	47%	51%	54%	56%	59%
2250	28%	31%	35%	38%	40%	43%	46%	48%	51%	53%
2500	27%	30%	32%	35%	37%	39%	41%	43%	44%	46%
2750	26%	28%	30%	31%	33%	34%	36%	37%	38%	39%
3000	24%	25%	26%	28%	29%	30%	30%	31%	32%	32%
3250	21%	22%	22%	23%	23%	24%	24%	25%	25%	25%
3500	17%	18%	18%	18%	18%	19%	18%	19%	19%	19%