

REPORT OF THE 2013 ICCAT NORTH AND SOUTH ATLANTIC ALBACORE DATA PREPARATORY MEETING

(Madrid, Spain - April 22 to 26, 2013)

1. Opening, adoption of agenda and meeting arrangements

The meeting was held at the ICCAT Secretariat in Madrid from April 22 to 26, 2013. Dr. Pilar Pallarés, on behalf of the ICCAT Executive Secretary, opened the meeting and welcomed participants (“the Group”).

Dr. Haritz Arrizabalaga (EC-Spain), the Albacore Species Group Rapporteur, chaired the meeting. Dr. Arrizabalaga welcomed meeting participants and highlighted that the Atlantic albacore stock assessment process, including this data preparatory meeting, will be peer reviewed. He then welcomed Dr. Adam Langley, participating at the meeting as peer reviewer. Dr. Arrizabalaga proceeded to review the Agenda which was adopted without any changes (**Appendix 1**).

The List of Participants is included in **Appendix 2**. The List of Documents presented at the meeting is attached as **Appendix 3**. The following participants served as Rapporteurs:

P. Pallarés	Items 1 and 12
J.M. Ortiz de Urbina and M. Pons	Item 2
M. Ortiz and C. Palma	Items 3, 4 and 5
G. Diaz	Item 6
P. de Bruyn	Items 7
P. de Bruyn, G. Diaz, M. Schrippa, G. Merino	Item 8
L. Kell and G. Merino and P. de Bruyn	Item 9
R. Cosgrove	Item 10
H. Arrizabalaga	Items 11

2. Review of historical and new information on biology, including tagging information

As far as 2013 North and South albacore 2013 stock assessment is concerned, no new relevant information on biology was made available to the Group. Thus, the biological parameters for both stocks remain the same as in previous assessments.

Table 1 reports the currently assumed biological parameters for the northern stock. Modeling growth for the North Atlantic albacore stock is based on the growth parameters estimated by Bard (1981): $L_{\infty} = 124.74$; $k = 0.23$; $t_0 = -0.9892$. Conversion factors for length-weight relationships, parameters to be applied in the assessment are those estimated by Santiago (1993), and included in the Chapter 2 of the *ICCAT Manual* for Atlantic albacore (<http://www.iccat.int/en/ICCATManual.htm>). The assumed maturity vector is 50% mature at age 5 and completely mature onwards (Bard, 1981). As for the natural mortality, it is assumed to be equal to 0.3 for all age classes. In addition, based on analyses conducted during the last stock assessment session, an age-varying natural mortality vector for ages 1 to 15 is also available (Anon., 2010).

Additionally, it is assumed that there is a 1:1 sex ratio before sexual maturity is reached; this has been observed for several albacore stocks including the North Pacific (Foreman, 1980) and North Atlantic (Bard, 1981; Santiago, 2004). However, a higher proportion of males in the larger length classes have been reported: as size increases, the proportion of males also increases up to a size where almost no females are found, which might be due to differential growth and/or mortality. After reaching sexual maturity, the percentage of females per size class sharply decreases and males prevail among individuals larger than 85 cm (**Figure 1**).

During the 2009 North Atlantic stock assessment session, a comprehensive revision of the historical tagging information was conducted by national scientists and ICCAT Secretariat (Anon. 2010). This information was considered in some of the sensitivity MFCL runs. Tagging intensity varied considerably between years. During 1989 and 1991, albacore research tagging cruises were conducted. In this period, a relatively high number of releases occurred. The Group considered that further use of tagging data in the MFCL model might be restricted to this homogeneous period of time, instead of considering the full period.

Table 2 shows the currently assumed biological parameters for the southern stock. South Atlantic albacore growth parameters are based on a comprehensive study by Lee and Yeh (2007): $L_{\infty} = 147.5$; $k = 0.126$; $t_0 = -1.89$. Conversion factors for length-weight relationships, parameters to be used in the assessment, are those estimated by Penney (1994) which are described in Chapter 2 of the *ICCAT Manual* for Atlantic albacore. Assumed maturity is 50% mature at age 5 and completely mature thereafter (Bard, 1981). For natural mortality, it is assumed to be equal to 0.3 for all age classes.

A compilation of the information available in the literature with regard to albacore maturity for different albacore stocks was presented to the Group. These studies provided some support for the assumption of 50% maturity at age 5 in the Atlantic. However, some studies suggested the possibility of less steep maturity ogives than those assumed for Atlantic stocks. Furthermore, the Group was informed of the results of a broad-scale sampling program addressing albacore maturity and growth in the South Pacific Ocean (Williams et al. 2012; Farley et al. 2013).

In the ensuing discussion, the Group agreed that many of the critical biological parameters for Atlantic albacore are poorly known. Knowledge of the biology of the albacore stocks underpins the advice of the SCRS since biological parameters are a critical input in the stock assessment models currently used by the Group. Hence, substantially more biological research is required to improve the quality of the scientific advice and to reduce the uncertainty associated with it.

3. Review of basic fishery statistics

The Secretariat presented the most up-to-date Task I and Task II (catch & effort and size samples) information for the northern (ALB-N) and southern (ALB-S) albacore stocks for the period 1950 up to 2011. For a consolidated view of the available statistics, the respective catalogues (ALB-N in **Table 3** and ALB-S in **Table 4**) covering the period 1980-2011 were also presented. Fisheries are ranked according to their importance (average weight of 2/3 of the time series shown on the table) in Task I. If required, this information is also available with greater detail upon a request to the Secretariat. One of the objectives of the Group was the preparation of the MFCL input files for the northern albacore stock. For this purpose, the Group increased the number of fisheries considered in the 2009 assessment from 10 to 12 after considering that a change in catchability in the Chinese Taipei LL fishery likely occurred (SCRS/2013/069). Based on this, the Group decided to split this fishery into three different time periods (year < 1987, 1987 ≤ year ≤ 1998, year ≥ 1999).

3.1 Task I (catches)

The Task I albacore summary table (which contains the catches of the three albacore stocks) is presented in **Table 5**. The Secretariat has also updated the CATDIS estimations (Task-I catch distribution by trimester and 5 by 5 degree squares of each major fishery-fleet/gear combinations) for the entire period 1950-2011. The maps of albacore catches by decade and major gear in the ICCAT Convention area are presented in **Figure 2**.

3.1.1 North Atlantic

The Group reviewed in detail the albacore northern stock (ALB-N) catch distribution by country, gear and year. Various revisions were made by the Group to Task I. Carryovers (average of two previous years) were applied to 2011 missing longline catches of Panama, Grenada, Trinidad and Tobago and Côte d'Ivoire. In addition, taking into account the spatial distribution (5 by 5 degree squares) of Task II catch and effort data of some longline fleets (Panama 2009, Philippines 2010 and 2011, Korea 2010 and 2011) with a high (≥80%) Task-II coverage ratio, the Group agreed to adopt the Secretariat Stock (ALB-N and ALB-S) reallocation criteria (catch and effort - per stock - ratios in weight). Finally, Task I missing catches (Guatemala PS 2010) with information on Task II catch and effort were included in Task I. The corresponding CATDIS was updated accordingly.

The overall ALB-N catch in the last decade maintains a decreasing trend with some punctual peaks as the nearly 37,000 t reached in 2006. Since 2006, the decline in catches was mostly due to the decrease in the catches of the baitboat (~60% reduction in weight) and troll (~65% reduction) fisheries mainly in the Cantabrian Sea (Spanish fleet). The catch of longline fisheries (mostly associated with Chinese Taipei and Japanese fleets) have also shown a reduction of about 25% in weight. Task I nominal catch trends are shown in **Figure 3**.

To prepare the MFCL input files, the northern Atlantic albacore stock catch series (either Task I or CATDIS) were classified into 12 major fisheries (details in **Table 6**). The Task I nominal catch by fishery and year are presented in **Table 7**. The overall nominal catches by fishery and year are shown in **Figure 4**.

3.1.2 South Atlantic

The ALB-S Task I catch series were also reviewed by the Group. As for the ALB-N stock, the Group did some corrections to the southern stock catch statistics. Carryovers (average of two previous years) were applied to 2011 missing catches of Côte d'Ivoire (LL) and Argentina (PS). South African baitboat catches for 2009, 2010 and 2011, were split into baitboat and rod & reel (BB: 62%, RR: 38%) using the Task I average of 2007/08, without affecting the overall figures reported. The Uruguayan LL catch figure for 2009 was reduced from 685 t to 97 t, because the different of 588 t was already reported as part of the Japanese 2009 catches (the original Uruguayan catches included catches of Japanese vessels that operated with a fishing agreement with Uruguay). With effects on both stock, the stock breakdown of the longline catches of Panama 2009, Philippines 2010 and 2011, Korea 2010 and 2011 was carried out (explained in section 3.1.1) Guatemala PS catches of 56 t for 2010 (from Task II catch and effort) were included in Task I. The CATDIS for the ALB-S was also adjusted accordingly.

The Group noted that overall Task I nominal catch have oscillated around 24,000 t between 2006 and 2011. The catches of the major fisheries (LL: Chinese Taipei, Japan, and Brazil; BB: South Africa, Namibia, and Brazil) have shown a similar trends when compared to the overall catch. The total cumulative catches by major gear and year are shown in **Figure 5**.

Since MFCL will not be used in the assessment of the southern ALB stock, no MFCL input files were created for this region.

3.2 Task II catch-effort

The available Task II catch and effort (T2CE) data (per stock, year, major gear and flag) for the major fisheries, are presented in the respective catalogs (ALB-N: **Table 3**, ALB-S: **Table 4**) with the “a” character within each Task II row (field DSet=“t2”).

3.2.1 North Atlantic

The ALB-N catalog shows that the five most important northern stock fisheries have the T2CE series almost complete for the last ten years. Recent submissions by Spain (BB and TR from 2009 onwards) and France (TW and TR for 2007 and 2011) completed the T2CE statistics. There are, however, some missing T2CE datasets for the earlier time periods and for some minor fisheries. These missing datasets should be considered by national scientists attending the meeting and, when possible, reported to the Secretariat. For ICCAT CPCs with no scientific representation at the meeting, the Secretariat should request the corresponding missing datasets.

As in the 2009 assessment, the Group worked on a Task II catch and effort dataset (1950 to 2011) for the ALB-N stock, aiming its use on the CPUE analyses (MFCL and VPA). The same approach was adopted to eliminate duplicates or dubious series: (a) select detailed information of all available series with effort reported (having units well identified), and, in which its ALB total catch (accumulated on the series, weather in number or weight) was larger than zero; (b) drop from the dataset obtained in (a), subsets with duplicated effort (“double” reporting the same effort in different datasets with partial species catch composition), or subsets without enough time (by year) or space (ICCAT sampling areas, rectangles of type: 20x20, 10x20, 10x10) resolution.

The filtered dataset was then classified into the 12 major ALB-N fisheries considered in Multifan-CL, retaining its original structure (fishery, year, flag, fleet, gear group, quarter, month, effort, effort type, catch unit [number/kg], ALB catch, other tuna catch, ALB ratio, ALB nominal CPUE).

3.2.2 South Atlantic

The ALB-S catalog shows that the five most important southern stock fisheries also have almost complete T2CE series (with exception of Namibia BB in 2003) in the last ten years. No recent submissions were received. There are also some missing T2CE datasets for the earlier time periods and for some minor fisheries. As for ALB-N, these missing datasets should be considered by national scientists present at the meeting and, when possible,

reported to the Secretariat. For ICCAT CPCs with no scientific representation at the meeting, the Secretariat should request the missing datasets identified.

No specific dataset was prepared (as in ALB-N) by the Secretariat for CPUE standardization studies.

3.3 Size frequency data

Task II size data (T2SZ: size frequencies reported; CAS: catch-at-size reported) availability (per stock, year, major gear and flag) for the major fisheries are identified on the respective catalogs (ALB-N: **Table 3**, ALB-S: **Table 4**) with the characters “b” identifying T2SZ, and “c” identifying CAS available data (field DSet=“t2”).

For both stocks, Japan presented an important revision of its longline fishery CAS data for the period 1992 to 2011 which included the extent and nature of the changes. This dataset was incomplete in the ICCAT database since 2008. After a straightforward comparison of the new series against the one currently available in ICCAT (used on the 2009 assessment), no major differences were found except in some particular years. The Group decided to entirely replace the Japanese CAS series that was available at ICCAT with the newly reported CAS.

3.3.1 North Atlantic

The ALB-N catalog shows that the five most important northern stock fisheries have almost complete T2SZ/CAS series (exception to Portugal BB in 2006) for the last ten years. This was possible due to recent submissions/revisions by France (TW in 2007 and 2009) and Spain (2011, BB and TR). For earlier time series and some minor fisheries there are important gaps that should be, whenever possible, filled.

In order to be used by MFCL, all the size frequencies information was classified into the 12 MFCL fisheries (**Table 6**).

The MFCL uses as much as possible observed size samples (T2SZ). However, the Group noted that in many cases CPCs only reported CAS and no information on the size samples used to estimate CAS was made available. This is the case for Spanish BB and TR fisheries. In the 2009 assessment, the Spanish size samples used as input in the MFCL, were created (inverse process of building up the CAS) using the ratio of the fish sampled per strata (for Spain: gear/month/10x10 grid) and its corresponding number in the CAS (both elements are reported and stored in the ICCAT database) as a multiplier of the number of fish in each size class bin. The output T2SZ series was produced only for the assessment and were not permanently incorporated in the ICCAT-DB system. However, the Group considered this an important dataset for MFCL and that it should be available whenever necessary to the SCRS. The Secretariat proposed its integration in the ICCAT database bookmarked as reference dataset (for MFCL use mainly, but also used when no corresponding official data exists). It appears in the ALB-N catalog (as “b”) since 1980.

3.3.2 South Atlantic

Prior to the meeting, the Secretariat identified the missing size information bits for the major fishing fleets. The Chair circulated a special petition and only a few CPCs responded positively. With the submissions by South Africa (BB, 2008 to 2011), Brazil (BB & LL, 2007 to 2011), and Japan (LL, since 1992) the ALB-S catalog in relation to T2SZ/CAS became almost (except Namibia BB 2003) complete for the five most important southern stock fisheries. For earlier time periods and some minor fisheries there are important gaps that should be, whenever possible, filled.

The Group noted the decreasing number of fish sampled by the Japanese fleet in the southern stock since 2008. Japanese size samples since 2009 are very poor (reaching less than 5 fish sampled in 2011). Estimating size compositions of the catch (CAS) for the Japanese fleet (with an average Task I catch of about 1000 t in recent years) can be very problematic.

General discussion

In general, the Group noted that, although the catalogues show that information is available for the main fleets, the quality of the T2SZ data can be substantially improved (in cases similar to Japan), which would facilitate the work of the Group. The Group reiterated that CPCs should comply with ICCAT data reporting requirements and submit both the size sampling and the CAS data for all main tuna fisheries every year.

With regard to the selection of size frequency samples to be used as input for the MFCL model, the Secretariat presented the size frequency data that was available prior to the meeting (SCRS/2013/064). The document reported only size data submitted by CPCs. Size distributions, annual trends of median size, histograms by major fishing gear and stock, and preliminary analysis of sample representativeness were discussed. The document evaluated some size distribution indicators (number of measurements, variance of mean size as function of size sample, asymmetry and relative proportion of samples per fishery compare to proportion of the catch per fishery) as proxies to evaluate if a given size sample could be considered to be representative of the fishery catch. It was commented that some of the higher moments of the size sample distributions may not be good indicators of size sampling quality.

The MFCL size frequencies file creation process passes through two major and independent filtering phases. The first one selects from the ICCAT database only the size information (both categories: measured size samples and CAS reported) datasets suitable to be used in MFCL and harmonizes its internal structure (downscaling the CAS datasets, selected only in cases where there are “missing” size samples but the sample is size is available). The second one consists of a screening process aimed to discard uninformative (or ambiguous) size frequency cases.

In phase 1, appropriate (with enough detail to be used in MFCL) datasets are selected only when they are characterized by:

- a) Only 1 or 2 cm size class bins (any limit: lower, central point, upper limit, “unknown”),
- b) Frequencies of type: fork length (FL), total length (TL), curved fork length (CFL) or any dataset converted from a weight bin class (only 1 kg, total weight) structure to a FL equivalent (1 cm, lower limit),
- c) Time detail: at least by month or quarter
- d) Geographical detail: at least by ALB biological sampling areas (31, 32, 33, 34)

From the selected datasets, all the size frequencies outside the length range [30 cm, 150 cm] are automatically discarded. Only then, each CAS dataset is downscaled to quantities nearby a proper scale of observed sample datasets. In past assessments, the Group used downscale ratios (fish sampled / fish caught) in number ranging from 0.05% to 1.5%. These ratios were calculated (per fleet/gear/year/quarter) only when the CAS datasets reported to ICCAT every year contained the number of fish sampled on each stratum (time/area combinations). This is the case for very few datasets (e.g., Spain BB and TR). In some datasets, the number of the catch (or wrongly, the weight of the sample) is reported instead. In summary, using this highly “error prone” piece of information could result in poorly CAS downscale estimations. In consequence, replicating those estimations in the future can be very difficult and time consuming.

For the reasons stated above, the Secretariat could not entirely replicate the creation of the size frequencies used in the 2009 assessment. However, using a unique CAS downscale ratio of 1% in number on all CAS datasets used, the resulting overall size frequency matrix (by fishery and year) was a good approximation. Overall, except in a few particular cases (fisheries [years]: ALB01 [83], ALB02 (78, 80, 83); ALB03 (78, 80); ALB04 [80, >=04]; ALB07 (93); ALB10 [00]; ALB12 [91, 94, 98, 00, 05]), there are no big differences between the 2009 and the current size matrix. All those problematic series were obtained from CAS datasets whenever no size sampling is available. All these problematic series could be simply solved by reporting the proper size samples.

For the phase 2 (size sample screening), the Group considers the current screening criteria (adopted during the 2009 assessment, Anon. 2010) appropriate and recommended its use. The criteria used for discarding the size frequency samples strata (fishery/year/quarter combinations) for the MFCL are any (mutually exclusive) of the following:

- a) Less than 50 fish measured;
- b) Less than 10 size class bins (2 cm classes, within [30, 150] range); and
- c) Skewness > 5.

The screening criteria can only be applied after merging the size samples of various fleets (as described in **Table 6**) into totals per strata (fishery/year/quarter).

The results of applying those two major filtering techniques to produce the MFCL size frequencies input files are summarized in **Table 8**. From a total of 820 usable size frequency series, 142 series (17%) were discarded (65 with < 50 fish; 77 with less than 10 size bins, 0 with Skewness > 5). The rejection by fishery was more heterogeneous. Fisheries 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10 had more than 90% positive cases (acceptable size frequency series).

Fisheries 6 and 11 had at least 80% acceptable cases. With larger discarded cases (more than 25% of the size frequency series) were identified fisheries 5, 7 and 12.

Figures 6 and 7 show (before and after screening cases, respectively) indicators of centrality and dispersion (means of number of fish, and size class bin percentiles: 10%, median, 90%) in size frequency series across years for each fishery.

The size composition of albacore landings is sensitive to latitudinal changes, i.e., smaller individuals are caught at higher latitudes while tropical landings are composed of larger fish. **Figure 8** compares the geographical distribution of size samples and the catches in two longline fleets, Japanese and Chinese Taipei. Figure suggests that for the Chinese Taipei longline fleet, the spatial distribution of size samples is concordant with the relative distribution of the catches; whereas for the Japanese longline fleet size samples may not be that representative (**Figures 9 and 10**). Those figures also suggest that some temporal variability exists in the latitudinal origin of the size samples available for these fisheries, and this should be considered in future modeling applications (e.g., spatial modeling approaches).

4. Catch-at-size (CAS), catch-at-age (CAA)

4.1 CAS

At the beginning of the meeting the Secretariat presented a preliminary version of the updated albacore catch-at-size (CAS) for the North and South Atlantic stocks for the period 1975 to 2011. The same methodology used to estimate the CAS for the 2009 assessment was used. The previous CAS datasets for both stocks were adjusted to match Task I figures (allowed a $\pm 1\%$ divergence in weigh per dataset). Year 2007 (provisional in the 2009 assessment) was completely rebuilt. The standard ALB substitutions rules of both stocks were applied and the same screening criteria applied (eliminate from the CAS estimations all size datasets with the number of samples less than 20 fish sampled).

The Group discussed the methodology used (substitution rules, screening criteria) and adopted the substitutions tables. The final CAS estimations took into account the changes made to Task I and revised CAS series of the Japanese longline fleet (section 3.1). The substitutions tables used to revise the CAS estimations and to create the updated CAS files are available in **Appendix 5**

For future references, the revised Japanese CAS series was estimated by raising the size data in each year, quarter, and area (ICCAT albacore sampling areas) stratum to the total catch in number using a raised catch and effort data of the Japanese LL fleet. If the number of size samples in a stratum was less than 100 fish, size samples were substituted from those of other strata until the number of samples was ≥ 100 . The process of substituting size samples from other strata were conducted following the rules described below in hierarchical order:

- 1) Data for the same quarter and area in the previous year
- 2) Data for the sum of Q1-Q4 of the same year and area
- 3) Data for the sum of Q1-Q4 of the same area in year (n-1)
- 4) Data for the same area and quarter in year (n-2)
- 5) Data for the same area and sum of Q1-Q4 in year (n-2)

The final CAS matrices (in 2cm lower limit classes) obtained for the northern and southern albacore stocks are presented in **Table 9** and **Table 10**, respectively (graphical representation in **Figures 11-12**).

Figures 13-14 shows the mean weights (overall and by major gear) obtained from the CAS. Catch at size was also plotted to evaluate changes in the ICCAT database between the 2009 and 2013 assessments for the northern stock and between 2011 and 2013 assessments for the southern stock.

In overall, no major differences were found (in neither stock) on the CAS matrices when compared to the ones estimated in 2009. The differences, appearing only since 1992, reflects two major changes: (a) the Japanese series revision with larger changes from 2004 onwards; (b) a reduction of 1,000 t in the Task I catch by Venezuela for year 2000 (equivalent number of fish eliminated from the partial CAS of Venezuela in 2000). The significant differences identified in the Japanese revision (ALB-N: from 2005 to 2007; ALB-S: from 2004 to 2006) could be related to improvements in the CAS estimations (e.g., more samples available to produce the

CAS which will reduce the substitution ratios) or even a change in the Japanese Task I catch (preliminary estimations on the 2009 assessment).

The CAS substitutions ratio (the amount of Task I catches without any size information) for albacore are presented in **Table 11**. For the southern stock, these substitution ratios have oscillated between 5% and 30% in the last two decades with an increase to 35% in 2009 (expected in recent years). When looking at the size information available, the majority is based on size samples and, in some cases (e.g., Japan), CPCs report both types of size data (size samples and CAS estimations). For the northern stock, these substitution ratios have oscillated between 5% and 32%.

4.2 CAA

Document SCRS/2013/055 presented the results of applying age-length keys obtained from direct readings of spine sections of albacore collected from commercial catches carried out by bait boat and troll vessels operating in the Bay of Biscay and North Eastern Atlantic fishing grounds. The study period comprised the years 2009, 2010 and 2011. The catch at-size data (CAS) from these fleets and the ALKs derived were used to obtain the age composition of catches (CAA) from this fishery for the described period.

As in previous assessments, the Secretariat estimated CAA for both stocks by applying the Kimura-Chikuni algorithm (Kimura and Chikuni, 1987). The quarterly age-length keys were derived from normal length at age distributions for ages 0 to 15. Catch at age estimates were then grouped into ages 1 to 8+. The Group had no time to revise the updated CAA in depth. A preliminary comparison with the CAA used in the 2009 assessment showed some significant differences that were not easily explained. Thus, the Group concluded that additional work needs to be conducted in the CAS to CAA conversion. Only after the Group can revise and adopt the new CAA, this can be considered for the VPA modeling efforts. The Group agreed to address this task after the data preparatory meeting, so preliminary runs with the VPA models can be conducted prior to the assessment meeting.

5. Review of available indices of relative abundance by fleet and estimation of combined indices

The Albacore Species Group Rapporteur reminded participants that advice and guidelines for the presentation of CPUE series, as well as the basic information required in the CPUE working documents presented at ICCAT working groups, had been developed in 2012 by the Working Group on Stock Assessment Methods (Anon. 2013). The Rapporteur briefly reviewed the guidelines provided and encouraged scientists to adhere to these guidelines when presenting CPUE series to the Group.

5.1 North Atlantic

Document SCRS/2013/052 presented nominal catch in number of fish per unit effort (CPUEs) of North Atlantic albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) caught by the Spanish baitboat fleet in the northeastern Atlantic, collected by individual trip for the period 1981-2011. This was standardised by generalized linear model (GLM). The year and quarter interaction factor was included to obtain year-quarterly CPUE's series to use in Multifan-CL model fit. The model had a log-normal error distribution with constant variance.

The Group noted that the CPUE trends between quarters 3 and 4 were very different. This strong difference in signal between these quarters would be problematic in the model fitting if these series were treated as one as they would provide contradictory information. In the past, MFCL has used time varying catchability to deal with this issue, but this would effectively disregard the signals from either CPUE series. The Group discussed that to avoid these contradictions in the data, it may be worthwhile to disregard or down-weight one of the quarters, if the catch during that quarter is a relatively small fraction of the total catch for the fishery. It was discussed, that generally, quarter 4 accounts for far less fishing activity and catch than quarter 3 and thus quarter 4 was not considered. The Group was urged to consider whether there had been a change in q over time or whether the CPUE index should be treated as a genuine index of abundance with a constant q over time. It was generally accepted by the Group that although q may have changed over time for the other quarters (e.g., environmental influence on the timing of the migration to and from the feeding area), it is most likely fairly constant for quarter 3 and so this quarter may potentially represent an actual index of abundance.

Document SCRS/2013/053 presented nominal catch per unit effort (CPUE s) of North Atlantic albacore caught by the Spanish troll in the northeastern Atlantic, collected by individual trip for the period 1981-2011. This was standardised by a generalized linear model (GLM). The year and quarter interaction factor was included to

obtain year-quarterly CPUE series to use in Multifan-CL model fit. The model had a log-normal error distribution with constant variance.

As with the BB fishery, the majority of fishing activity occurs in quarter 3 although there is activity in quarters 2 and 4 as well. It was noted that at the start of the season (quarter 2) trips are generally long but require significant time to locate fish which may have impacts on the CPUE series. This may render quarter 2 less reliable for tracking abundance than quarter 3. Also, only larger vessels generally operate during quarter 2. Unlike for the BB fishery the underlying pattern between the 3 quarters is reasonably consistent for this fishery, making it more appropriate for inclusion in the integrated statistical models.

Document SCRS/2013/054 estimated trends in relative abundance indices by age group of albacore caught by the Spanish troll fleet in the northeastern Atlantic using catch in number of fish and effort data from trips collected for the period 1981-2011. Standardized CPUE S in number of fish per fishing day for age groups 2 and 3 years old albacore were estimated separately through the General Linear Modelling approach by applying the lognormal error distribution model with a constant variance.

The Group noted that the trend in the CPUEs for age class 2 and 3 was different. It was suggested that this may be due to bias in the method used to split size into age groups which is fixed over time. The possibility of running a single model including age as a factor was discussed. Concern was expressed about adding both age classes to a single model unless sufficient interaction terms are included to account for the different fluctuations in the age classes over time (i.e., there are temporal trends in the age classes). It was proposed to run the same GLM as presented in this paper but combining the CPUE series for ages 2 and 3. This news series was largely driven by age 2, implying age 3s may not be fully selected by the fishery. It was agreed that this CPUE series could be used in the VPA assessment model provided it is applied only to ages 2 and 3.

Document SCRS/2013/060 presented relative indices of abundance of albacore from the Irish mid water pair trawl fishery for the years 2003-2012 in the format requested by the Working Group on Stock Assessment Methods. National landings logbook data were used to estimate nominal catch rates in biomass. A standardised catch per unit effort index was produced using a Delta- lognormal model.

It was suggested that a vessel effect characterised by a vessel categorical variable (as opposed to just a vessel size, although this will account for changes in the composition of the fleet over time) may provide more explanatory power by explaining skipper experience/skill and how this may change over time and between skippers. It was noted that the first years of the series were excluded to account for a learning experience/curve at the onset of the fishery. It was questioned as to whether the length/duration of tows has changed over time and how this would affect effective effort which is measured in days at sea. It was explained that tow length has changed, as has the number of tows per trip, but it is not clear how this affects the response variable. The high variability in the series may be due to the fleet fishing on the northern extremity of the stock and thus fish availability (natural fluctuations in fish presence in the area) rather than clear trends in abundance. It was mentioned, however, that there is coordination between fishers and they quickly congregate in areas where the fish are sighted. This would therefore imply that the fleets adapt to inter-annual changes in migration as it is a highly mobile fleet. Data were consistently available for Q3 when most fishing effort occurred but gaps occurred in relation to Q4 for a number of years in the time series. The group agreed that Q3 should be used in subsequent analyses.

In document SCRS/2013/061, catch per unit effort (CPUEs) of albacore caught by the Japanese longline (JPN LL) in the North Atlantic Ocean were standardized in three periods (1959-1969 as the target period, 1969-1975 as the transition period, and 1975-2011 as the by-catch period). Standardized CPUEs were estimated by two different generalized linear models (log-normal and negative binomial) only in the by-catch period with data updated (1975-2011) because there have not been any data changes in other two periods after the last stock assessment. However, standardized CPUE by the negative binomial model was recommended in previous stock assessments. Hence, CPUE by the negative model should be used for the stock assessment. CPUEs in the by-catch period decreased moderately from 1975 to 1985 and remained at the same level until 1999. CPUE from 1999 to 2002 increased and then decreased until 2008. CPUE after 2008 shows some increases.

In document SCRS/2013/066, catch and effort data from the U.S. pelagic longline fishery operating in the Atlantic Ocean were analyzed to estimate annual indices of abundance for two periods, 1987 to 2004 and 2005 to 2011. The two periods were modeled separately to account for a fleet-wide change in gear configuration in response to regulatory requirements for the use of circle hooks beginning August 2004. A delta-lognormal, generalized linear mixed model was used to evaluate multiple factors for each period, including year, season, and

area, as well as gear characteristics (hook configuration and number of lightsticks). Significant factors included season and fishing area in the binomial (logit link) regressions of the proportion of sets that captured albacore for both periods. Significant factors in the Gaussian (identity link) regressions of the loge-transformed positive catch rates included year, area, season and their interactions. Additionally, the number of lightsticks was determined to be a significant factor in the positive catch rate model for the period 2005 to 2011. Standardized abundance indices are presented along with estimates of uncertainty for both periods. A continuous time series model is also included for comparison, which assumes no change in catchability associated with the switch from J hooks to circle hooks beginning August 2004. Albacore is a by-catch in this fishery and not a target species.

The Group requested clarification as to why the model included two separate time periods. It was explained that this was due to the change in gear, specifically the overnight change from the use of J to circle hooks and the fact that this may affect catchability. There was no overlap between the periods of circle and J hooks that would allow the GLM to account for this internally. There was concern expressed that this CPUE series shows a strong increasing trend in its final years, which is potentially conflicting with the other series. It was explained that this could be due to this fishery operating in a different spatial area (northwest Atlantic) and using a different gear than the other LL fisheries. As the stock assessment models used are not spatially structured, this may cause conflicts within the model. The change in CPUE between the two time periods appeared to be slight and thus it was suggested that these two series could be used as a single series. It was, however, noted that studies in Uruguay (Domingo et al. 2012) indicated that hook type had potentially significant impacts on catch rates of albacore tuna and that this should be further investigated. It was acknowledged that the hook size and bait type in that study differed from the US fleet and so there are potentially confounding effects. As the CPUE series was only used in the VPA, it was decided to keep the series joined for the immediate future.

Document SCRS/2013/069 presented the fact that the Chinese Taipei longline fisheries have been one of the major fleets operating in the North Atlantic for albacore resource since the mid-1960s. Catch statistics of North Atlantic albacore compiled from Chinese Taipei longline fisheries from 1967 to 2012 were thus investigated in an attempt to elucidate the abundance fluctuations of this resource. The Chinese Taipei longline CPUE was separately standardized into three periods (1967~1987, 1987~1999 and 1999~2012). The generalized linear model (GLM) with log-normal error distribution was adopted for the standardization of both yearly and quarterly catch per unit effort (CPUE) trends. Factors of year, quarter, subarea and by-catch effects of bigeye tuna, yellowfin tuna and swordfish were constructed into the model for obtaining the yearly standardized abundance trend. Factors of quarter-series, subarea, and the by-catch effects of bigeye tuna, yellowfin tuna and swordfish were constructed into the model to obtain the quarterly standardized abundance trend. The results show that the yearly standardized CPUE highly fluctuated before the mid-1980s, and then continuously declined up to the mid-1990s. Thereafter, it remained relative stable up to the present date. Similar trends were also obtained for the quarterly standardized CPUE series.

The author clarified that although the CPUE was presented as a single series, it is in fact three separate series, split according to changes in fishing operation over time. In the early part of the fishery, mainly traditional boats were operating. There was a subsequent shift towards deeper longline, requiring a split in the time series at this time. In recent years the fleet composition has stabilised and has been accompanied by improved data collection, requiring a final split in the CPUE series to differentiate these changes. It was discussed that in order to understand these changes it would be useful to look at the changes in species composition in catches over time. The author responded that the area factor was in fact the most important in the model, more so than species compositions. It was generally agreed that due to the separation of the series, the fisheries would need to be separated in the MFCL model.

Document SCRS/2013/062 summarised status of effort, albacore catch, CPUE and body size for the Japanese longline fishery operating in the Atlantic Ocean, including recent trends. Japanese longline vessels targeted albacore around the 1960s and became a non-target species after that, but the proportion of albacore is increasing slightly in recent years. Fishing effort fluctuated and it is decreasing in recent years. Albacore catches were high in the mid-1960s, sharply decreased during late 1960s and early 1970s, and remained at a low level after that. In the early period, effort was deployed mainly in the tropical area, and then expanded to the subtropical and temperate areas. During the 1960s, albacore was the main component of the catch in the subtropical and temperate areas. Size data of albacore have been collected from on-board measurement and the observer program. Changes in fish size by season and area were observed, and the fish in the tropical and subtropical areas were usually larger than those in the temperate area.

The Group noted that there appeared to be latitudinal differences in size compositions implying that different latitudinal bands may have different selectivities. If these are combined, the differences will not be captured in

the assessment models. This issue could be picked up in any trends in size frequency data over time. Although there was no apparent significant change in the modes of the sizes frequencies over time, it was acknowledged that although the general trend may be constant, the variability may be adding noise to the series. To address this issue, it would be necessary to redefine the fleets in the MFCL model so that the CPUE and corresponding size frequencies are complimentary as using potentially incorrect selectivities for important CPUE series will have significant impacts on key parameters required for management. The model fits to the length data in the previous MFCL model showed strong residual patterns which would tend to indicate that this problem has affected the assessment in the past. The MFCL model appeared to fit very poorly to the size information which raises concerns about the use of the current model in its current configuration. The question was raised as to whether the fit can be improved, or whether the data is just not sufficiently informative to fit the model. Concern was expressed that a comprehensive restructuring of the MFCL model, requiring the additional splitting of the data may require more time and effort than is possible during the current assessment schedule. It was proposed that a method of profiling how different datasets affect key management parameters (Piner plots) may be a useful exercise to determine which components require more attention thus need to be focused on.

5.2 South Atlantic

Document SCRS/2013/070 discussed that Chinese Taipei longline fisheries have been one of the major fleets operating in the South Atlantic for albacore resource since the mid-1960s. Catch statistics of South Atlantic albacore compiled from Chinese Taipei longline fisheries from 1967 to 2012 were thus investigated in an attempt to elucidate the abundance fluctuations of this resource. The generalized linear model (GLM) with log-normal error distribution was adopted for the standardization of both yearly and quarterly catch per unit effort (CPUE) trends. Factors of year, quarter, subarea and by-catch effects of bigeye tuna, yellowfin tuna and swordfish were constructed into the model for obtaining yearly standardized abundance trend. Factors of quarter-series, subarea, and by-catch effects of bigeye tuna, yellowfin tuna and swordfish were constructed into the model for obtaining quarterly standardized abundance trend. The results show that the yearly standardized CPUE decreased substantially during the 1970s and 1980s, while it remained relative stable till the present date. Similar trends were also obtained for the quarterly standardized CPUE series.

Traditional longline has always concentrated in the southern region and as such there was no need to split the series in this region as was done in the North. It was agreed this CPUE series would again be used for the ASPIC and BSP models in the south Atlantic.

Document SCRS/2013/043 presented an update of the standardized catch rate of albacore caught by the Uruguayan longline fleet in the southwestern Atlantic using information from logbooks between 1983 and 2012. Because of the large proportion of zeros catches (30%) the CPUE (catch per unit of effort in weight) was standardized by Generalized Linear Mixed Models (GLMMs) using a Delta Lognormal approach. The independent variables included in the models as main factors and first-order interactions were: year, quarter, area, sea surface temperature and vessels categories. A total of 18,142 sets were analyzed. The standardized CPUE series of albacore caught by the Uruguayan longline fleet show a slightly decrease in their relative abundance from 1983 to 2005 and became constant in the last seven years.

As the model included year interactions, it was questioned how the year effect is taken into account, as if it not, these interactions may mask some important processes. The year factor was treated as a random effect in this case. It was acknowledged that this issue is important to consider in all CPUE standardisations for inclusion in assessment models. The Group agreed that this CPUE series will again be used in the ASPIC and BSP models for the South Atlantic.

Document SCRS/2013/063 presented CPUEs of South Atlantic albacore caught by the Japanese longline fishery which were separately standardized into three periods (1959-69, 1969-75 and 1975-2011) using negative binominal model, as with previous studies. Effects of quarter, area, fishing gear (number of hooks between floats) and several interactions were incorporated, although effect of gear can be used only from 1975. The effect of area was greatest for all three period. Standardized CPUE declined during the 1960s and early 1970s, after that the CPUE fluctuated and showed no clear trend.

It was noted that this index is similar to that presented before and can be used for the ASPIC and BSP models for the South Atlantic.

In document SCRS/2013/068, catch and effort data from 88,423 sets done by the Brazilian tuna longline fleet (national and chartered), in the equatorial and southwestern Atlantic Ocean, from 1978 to 2011 (35 years), were

analyzed. The CPUE of albacore was standardized by a GLM, assuming a delta lognormal distribution. The factors used in the model were: quarter, year, area, and fishing strategy. The standardized CPUE series obtained for albacore was not much different from the one done in 2010, except for one peak in 1993 that was apparent in 2010 but it's no longer apparent. The standardized CPUE series show a significant oscillation over time, with a general increasing trend from the early 1980s to the mid-1990s, then a sharp decrease until 2003, remaining low until 2010, and then increasing again in the two last years of the series (2011 and 2012).

It was noted that the trend in this series is very different from other CPUE series and had very high inter-annual variability. In the past, this series was down-weighted in the surplus production models as the model could not resolve strong differences in the series trends. It was pointed out that the Brazilian longline series has been problematic for other species and the standardisation techniques may not account for the very heterogeneous fleet of Brazil. Other species groups have discussed this series at length and have not agreed on a consistent way to deal with the series although the group agreed that if the trends are strongly conflicting with other CPUE series available for the region, it should be excluded from the surplus production models.

In document SCRS/2013/072 it was noted that albacore is the main target of the South African tuna pole (baitboat) fleet operating along the west and south west coast of South Africa and the South African catch is the second largest in the region with annual landings of around 5,000 t. A standardization of the CPUE of the South African baitboat fleet for the time series 1999-2011 was conducted using a lognormal GLM on including dataset that included all baitboat vessels in the fleet. The explanatory variables included year, month, area, distance offshore and target. Total deviance explained by the model was 46.8%. The inclusion of the effect of targeting other species of tuna, yellowfin in particular, caused the greatest improvement in explanatory power. The standardized CPUE is similar to the nominal CPUE with no overall significant upward or downward trends. The analyses indicate that the CPUE for the South African baitboat fishery for albacore has been stable over the last decade.

There was concern expressed about using the target factor as a continuous variable and it should rather be used as a categorical variable. The group requested this change from the authors. New estimates showed very similar trends of the standardised CPUE (SCRS/2013/072), which did not move too far from the nominal series.

The table developed by the Working Group on Stock Assessment Methods (WGSAM) in 2012 to evaluate the presented CPUE series (Anon. 2013) was completed for each CPUE series by the Working Group Chair and the secretariat and presented to this Group. The Group then revised and modified the values (**Table 12**). It was acknowledged that this work is rather subjective and that it is only an indication as to the nature of the CPUE series and how it could be effectively used in the assessments. The Group was informed that this table should be completed prior to the applicable working group meeting by the Chair of that working group, the author of the CPUE document and the Secretariat, as this would significantly streamline the process of evaluating the CPUE series. In 2012, the table had been completed and discussed during the assessment meetings which required a significant amount of time. It was proposed that this process should include less subjective methods to rate the CPUEs (i.e., using developed routines to investigate the information). This table could then be useful for weighting the CPUEs in the assessments. It was proposed that the WGSAM should revisit this table in 2014 and clarify/modify several of the criteria and update it based on the feedback of the Species Groups that have used it, as suggested in the 2012 WGSAM report.

The various CPUE series presented in the documents above as well as any other historical series that were not updated in this meeting are presented in **Tables 13** and **14** for the North and South Atlantic, respectively. In order to visualise the yearly trends in the series, they are also presented in **Figures 15a** and **b** and **Figure 16** for the North and South Atlantic, respectively. For the North Atlantic, the BB and Troll fleet CPUE indices appear to have fairly similar trends, especially prior to 2010. For the surface fleets, there was no reason to think that catchability might have increased over time (i.e., due to incorporation of technological devices). Instead, their trends might reflect the overall trend of population abundance plus observation error, and allowing for time varying q in the assessment model may result in a loss of signal from these series. The Group noted that the Chinese Taipei and U.S. LL CPUE showed a similar increase in CPUE in 2011 as the Irish Trawl CPUE which is not reflected by the Japanese LL series. This could well reflect a change in distribution of the fish during this period, with a northern shift in the abundance rather than an absolute change in abundance. Further conflicts in signal were noted between LL series in the North Atlantic which require careful consideration when included these different series in the assessment models. **Table 15** shows the standardized quarterly North Atlantic CPUE series.

+For the South Atlantic, the group proposed that the Brazilian longline series not be included in the assessment due to the conflicting trend and problems with the standardisation procedures. It was also proposed to remove the baitboat indices from the surplus production models as they are believed to represent just a few age groups, which would violate the assumptions of these models.

It was proposed to plot the CPUE series against a GAM fitted to all the series together, to look for correlations and therefore what series provide similar or conflicting information. This could then be used to inform what series should be used in the assessments. These correlation plots are provided in **Figure 17a** and **b** and **Figure 18a** and **b** for the North and South Atlantic, respectively. For **Figure 17**, the surface fisheries are compared against the LL fisheries with a lag of 2 years in an attempt to account for the different selectivities of the fleets.

For the North, these figures indicated that the Spanish BB and Troll showed reasonably consistent trends with the Japanese LL. The Japanese LL transition series was viewed to be problematic due to its strong declining trend. This series covers a period when a change in targeting had occurred which may not have been fully captured in the CPUE standardisation procedure and thus the trend in this series may not be reflective of a true biomass change in the population, thus it was decided that this series should not be included in the assessment models. The correlations often appeared over short periods, but not over the entire time period. The Group acknowledged that these plots are an exploratory tool and should not be used to make absolute decisions about what data should be excluded but may inform how the data should be used. It was recommended that a factorial exercise be conducted using different grouping of similar CPUEs and looking at the model fits to these separate scenarios.

For the South, the Group generally agreed that the Brazilian CPUE series should not be included in the surplus production models due to the previously discussed issues with the series. The BB series were also considered to be inappropriate for further use in surplus production models due to the fact they only track specific cohorts in the population which violate the assumptions of the models. As with the North, the Japanese LL transition period CPUE was proposed to be excluded from the assessment models. This trend differed from the other CPUE series and it was decided not to include this series in the assessment models.

6. Identification of data inputs for the different assessment models and advice framework

The Group recognized that the suite of assessment models being considered require different configurations of the input data. The model and data requirements of each are outlined in the tables below. Life history parameters required to run the statistical catch-at-age models (i.e., length-weight equation, growth, fecundity, etc.) are those described in section 2. The fishery data were those prepared during the meeting (see details in sections 3, 4, 5 and 6). The various CPUE time series were taken from the various papers presented during the meeting (see CPUE section and **Tables 13-15**).

North

<i>DATA</i>	<i>MFCL</i>	<i>VPA</i>	<i>SS3</i>
Life history	√		√
Landings	√	√	√
CPUE	√	√	√
Catch at size	√		√
Catch at age		√	

South

<i>DATA</i>	<i>ASPIC</i>	<i>BSP</i>
Life history		
Landings	√	√
CPUE	√	√
Catch at size		
Catch at age		

Document SCRS/2009/148 described a method that was previously presented at the 2009 Species Group meeting but that was not included in the northern albacore assessment model. The document described the construction of a two sex model to be used in the absence of sex specific landings. The methodology was reviewed by the Group who agreed to use it in the upcoming northern albacore assessment. The Group also discussed how the

Stock Synthesis modeling framework could be best used in the 2013 assessment in light that the previous assessment used MFCL to develop the management advice. Several ideas were discussed ranging from using the SS model for hypothesis testing to using it to provide a less complex model for consideration. Much of the discussion on hypothesis testing was centered on how changes in catchability and/or oceanographic variables might help explain some of the more radical changes in estimates of CPUE, namely the Irish mid-water trawl fleet. Ultimately, the Group decided that the assessment scientist charged with running the model should use his best judgment and provide the best model specification possible without due consideration of how the MFCL model was being configured or parameterized. However, it was further noted that decisions regarding such things as fleet structure and seasonality should likely be carried forward without change.

Explanation of lack of fit to the Spanish baitboat length compositions

In an effort to help determine if there were “first principal” reasons for the use of time varying selectivity, the Group review a bubble plot of the residuals of the fit of the Spanish baitboat fisheries length compositions from the 2009 assessment (Anon. 2010). There appeared to be four apparent blocks evident in the residual patterns: a baseline period of 1981-1991, 1992-1995, 1996-2003, and back to the original baseline period starting in 2004. The 1992-1995 residual pattern was explained by the fleet moving into the area of the Azores and targeting larger fish, while there was no clear explanation for the 1996-2003 block. As a consequence, it was determined that time varying selectivity for this fishery via blocking was appropriate. Furthermore, based on the selectivity pattern, the fish landed by this fleet in the Azores were recognized to be more properly placed in Fishery number 4 from the Integrated Assessment Model fleet list.

7. Limit Reference Points

The Secretariat presented the Operating Models, the associated reference points and the Management Procedure models being currently developed in order to design a Management Strategy Evaluation Framework for the northern Albacore stock. For the OMs, alternative hypotheses about albacore biology were tested and their associated biological reference points were shown. During the presentation, several issues were discussed on how the different scenarios currently considered could be a starting point for creating more exhaustive new scenarios. The OMs, in this case Multifan-CL scenarios, could be used as simulation data generators.

In addition, a set of alternatives for the Management Procedure models were discussed. Constraints on regulating fishing mortality, including limited reductions on catch and effort were investigated through preliminary runs with the Management Strategy Evaluation Framework.

Documents SCRS/2013/033, SCRS/2013/034 and SCRS/2013/035 detailed the work conducted to create a Management Strategy Evaluation (MSE) Framework (Kell et al., 2006) to develop a limit reference points (LRP) for North Atlantic albacore. This work was presented at the meeting of the Working Group of Stock Assessment Methods and the ISSF meeting on harvest control rules (HCRs). SCRS/2013/033 describes a Management Procedure (MP) based on a biomass dynamic model, SCRS/2013/34 the conditioning of an Operating Model (OM) based on Multifan-CL (Fournier) and SCRS/2013/035 provides an example of conducting an MSE where bio-economic performance measures are used to evaluate the performance of LRP used as part of a HCR with respect to management objectives. The documents do not provide a LRP, this still requires further work, i.e., where candidate LRPs are evaluated for a range of OMs that reflect uncertainty about stock and fleet dynamics.

The LRP will be evaluated as part of a HCR using MSE, the choice of scenarios for use in the evaluation trials will be critical. SCRS/2013/035 details the approaches that can be used. The choice of trials should reflect uncertainty about population and fishery dynamics and the potential impacts on the risks of not achieving management objectives.

This doesn't mean that all uncertainty needs to be modeled in the trials since, in some cases a particular source of uncertainty may have no impact, e.g.:

- Conversion of catch-at-size to catch-at-age if the MP is based upon a biomass dynamic model, or
- The slope at the origin of the stock recruitment relationship if a trial is assumed to have failed if the SSB falls below MBal (Minimum Biological Acceptable Level, (Serchuk and Grainger, 1992) a spawning biomass level below which, observed spawning biomasses over a period of years, are considered unsatisfactory and the associated recruitments are smaller than the mean or median recruitment).

There are various schemes for running simulation trials (e.g., Kell et al. 2006, ICES 2007), the actual choice will depend on scientific, technical and institutional considerations. For the albacore MSE the intention is to use a hierarchical factorial design; in the first instance trials will be based on the main effects (e.g. i) biological hypotheses, ii) catch-at-size assumption, iii) stock abundance proxies (i.e.. CPUE series), ...), then interactions will be evaluated later (Kell et al. 1999).

The Group revisited Recommendation 11-04, according to which, “in advance of the next assessment of northern Atlantic albacore, the SCRS shall develop a Limit Reference Point (LRP) for this stock. Future decisions on the management of this stock shall include a measure that would trigger a rebuilding plan, should the biomass decrease to a level approaching the defined LRP as established by the SCRS.” The Group noted that the process requires substantial interaction with the Commission and decisions that need be taken by managers (e.g., to set the desired risk levels). The Group recalled that the WGSAM provided some generic HCRs that could be used by the Albacore Species Group. In essence, the WGSAM suggested that those HCRs could be parameterized for each species by inspecting different levels of F_{target} and B_{thresh} (which could be considered a LRP), and comparing them according to performance measures (e.g., the probability of being in the green zone). The MSE framework developed so far allows providing advice to the Commission according to a range of levels of F_{target} and B_{thresh} . In response to Rec. [11-04], the aim is that in the 2013 assessment, management advice will be provided according to a range of plausible F_{target} and B_{thresh} values. However, the group is aware that full development of this work will require a longer timeframe than the one available before the assessment (e.g., to consider additional sources of uncertainty), as well as an interactive dialogue with the Commission that might take a few years.

8. Recommendations

The biological parameters used in the assessment should be reviewed. Accurate biological parameters are very important for stock assessment purposes and for the process of estimating limit reference points for albacore stocks. Albacore biological parameters are in many cases based on old studies and it is important to assess whether these parameters have changed over time or if current observations are consistent with estimates from old studies. Studies on biological parameters should include comparisons with those of different areas and consider the methods used, to facilitate development of alternative biological scenarios for stock assessment. The group noted that a major effort aiming to update biological parameters is currently being undertaken in the Pacific and a major opportunity exists to carry out comparative work and build on the methodologies employed in the Pacific for Atlantic stocks. Evaluation of biological parameters is one of the pillars of the Albacore Research Program recently recommended by the SCRS. The Group believes this Research Program should be given serious consideration under the SCRS strategic plan for 2015-2020 and in the framework of the Resolution on Best Science [Res. 11-17].

The Group recommended that further elaboration of the MSE framework be developed for albacore tuna. Among other things, work should be promoted towards including a more complete range of uncertainties, including observation, process model, and implementation errors. This would permit better characterization of uncertainty in current and future stock condition. Moreover, such a framework would help establish priorities between the main components of the Albacore Research Program (biological parameters, fishery data, models). The MSE framework would also help the Albacore Species Group simplify the process of updating management advice (e.g., through the use of simpler models).

In order to better understand the potential biases and uncertainty associated with the CAA, the Group continues to recommend further analyses on the methodology used to compute CAA. A simulation framework including the sampling process, substitutions and a range of alternative methods to convert CAS into CAA is suggested. This simulation framework can be integrated into the MSE framework in the future, and would allow for a better identification and ranking of the different sources of uncertainty (sampling vs. modeling) with respect to the management advice.

The Group recognized the advantage of having the table to score the CPUE series by the start of the meeting. The Group recommended that the working group on stock assessment methods should examine ways of developing, automating and ultimately improving the objectivity of criteria used in this table.

The Group noted that recent changes in the availability of albacore tuna in the northeast foraging areas might have affected the CPUE trends of different surface fisheries. Thus, it is recommended to investigate the effect of environmental variables on those CPUE trends, in order to better interpret them.

When submitting CAS as Task II size information, the Group reiterated the SCRS requirement to report CAS together with the size samples.

The Group encouraged that participants in charge of the modeling tasks make progress on refining the stock assessment models both in and out of the assessment session, including work during years where no assessment is scheduled. For instance, the group felt that it might be worth revisiting the current definition of the MFCL fisheries.

First estimates of albacore tuna discards in Uruguayan longline fisheries were made available during the data preparatory meeting (SCRS/2013/067). The Group recommended extending these studies to other longline fisheries to obtain estimates of the amount of albacore tuna being discarded. It was also recommended that CPUE series be constructed using data from both retained and discarded albacore tuna.

Several countries with important albacore fisheries were not represented in the data preparatory meeting. This limited the ability of the Group to properly revise the basic fishery data and some standardized CPUEs that were submitted electronically. This resulted in unquantified uncertainties and negatively affected the success for achieving the objective of the meeting. To overcome this, the Group recommends that CPCs make additional efforts and be made aware of capacity building funds available for participation in and contributing to working group meetings.

9. Other matters

No other matters were discussed.

10. Adoption of the report and closure

The report was adopted and the meeting adjourned.

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Table 1. Biological parameters and conversion factors of the North Atlantic albacore stock.

<i>North Stock</i>	<i>Parameters</i>	<i>Source</i>
Growth	$L_{\infty} = 124.74$ cm; $k = 0.23$; $t_0 = - 0.9892$	Bard (1981)
Length-weight relationship	$a=1.339 \times 10^{-5}$ $b=3.1066$	Santiago (1993)
Maturity	50% of mature fish at 90 cm (age 5)	Bard (1981)
Natural mortality	$M = 0.3$ per year	
M at age (1 to 15)	0.63; 0.46; 0.38; 0.34; 0.31; 0.29; 0.31; 0.34; 0.38; 0.44; 0.55; 0.55; 0.55; 0.55; 0.55	Anon (2009)

Table 2. Biological parameters and conversion factors of the South Atlantic albacore stock.

<i>South Stock</i>	<i>Parameters</i>	<i>Source</i>
Growth	$L_{\infty} = 147.5$ cm; $k = 0.126$; and $t_0 = - 1.89$	Lee and Yeh (2007)
Length-weight relationship	$a=1.3718 \times 10^{-5}$ $b=3.0973$	Penney (1994)
Maturity	50% of mature fish at 90 cm (age 5)	Bard (1981)
Natural mortality	$M = 0.3$ per year	

Table 6. ALB-N definition of the 12 major fisheries to be used on the MFCL analysis.

Fishery ID	Acronym	Description	Time Period	Major gear(s)/fleets(s) (defining the Fishery)		Associated gear(s)/fleet(s) (merged to obtain combined: Task-I/CATDIS and size samples)	
				Major Gear	Main Fleets	List of gear codes	List of fleet codes
ALBN01	BB(ES)rec	BB Cantabric (ESP) recent years	year ≥ 1981	BB	EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TRAW, MWT, MWTD	EU.FRA, EU.IRL, EU.NLD, EU.UK, USA, USA-Com
ALBN02	TR(ES+FR)all	TR Cantabric (ESP+FRA) all series	year ≥ 1930	TR	EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB, EU.FRA, EU.FRA-FR	GILL	EU.IRL, EU.UK, MIX.FR+ES
ALBN03	BB(ES+FR)old	BB (ES+FR) early years	year ≤ 1980	BB	EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB, EU.FRA, EU.FRA-FR	none	none
ALBN04	BB(PT+ES)islds	BB (PT+ES) Islands (Azores, Madeira, Canary)	year ≥ 1958	BB	EU.ESP-ES-CANARY, EU.PRT-PT-AZORES, EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	none	EU.ESP-CANT_AZS_ALB, EU.ESP-CANT_CDZ_ALB
ALBN05	LL(JP)targ	JPN LL (ALB) targeting period	year ≤ 1969	LL	JPN	none	none
ALBN06	LL(JP)trans	JPN LL (ALB) transition period	1970 ≤ year ≤ 1975	LL	JPN	none	none
ALBN07	LL(JP)byca	JPN LL (ALB) bycatch period	≥ 1976	LL	JPN	none	none
ALBN08	LL(TW)old	TAI LL old fleet (traditional longline)	year ≤ 1986	LL	TAI	LL (all types)	BRA-JPN, CAN-JPN, EU.ESP-ES-SWO, TTO, USA, USR, VEN, VEN-FOR.FLTS (excludes CUB + PAN + KOR)
ALBN09	LL(TW)tran	TAI LL transition fleet (moving towards deep longline)	1987 ≤ year ≤ 1998	LL	TAI	LL (all types)	BRB, CAN, CAN-JPN, CHN, EU.ESP-ES-SWO, EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA, EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND, GRD, NEI.071, NEI.134, PHL, SLE, TTO, USA, VEN, VEN-FOR.FLTS (excludes CUB + PAN + KOR)
ALBN10	LL(TW)rec	TAI LL recent fleet (stable deep longline)	year ≥ 1999	LL	TAI	LL (all types)	MAR, BLZ-ESP, BLZ-TTO, BRA-ESP, BRA-GNQ, BRA-JPN, BRA-PAN, BRA-TAI, BRA-URY, BRA-USA, BRA-VCT, BRB, CAN, CHN, CIV-CIV-KOREA, CUB, EU.ESP-ES-SWO, EU.FRA, EU.IRL, EU.PRT-PT-AZORES, EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA, EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND, EU.UK, FR.SPM-CAN, GRD, ISL, MEX, NEI.071, NEI.134, PHL, PHL-PHL-MANILA, SLE, TTO, TTO-TTO-TRINID, UK.BMU, USA, USA-Com, VCT, VEN, VEN.INDUSTRIAL, VUT (excludes CUB + PAN + KOR)
ALBN11	LL(KR+PA+CU)	LL (KOR + PAN) all series + LL CUB (1964-93)	year ≥ 1964	LL	KOR, PAN, CUB	LL (all types)	CUB, KOR, PAN, PAN-PAN-TTO
ALBN12	SU_other	Other SURF fisheries (including UNCL)	year ≥ 1978	SU	Various (other surface)	all SURF gears (including UNCL) not in Fisheries [1-11]	MAR, BRB, CAN, CPV, CPV-ETRO, DOM, EU.ESP, EU.ESP-CANT_CDZ_ALB, EU.ESP-ES-ETRO, EU.FRA, EU.FRA-FR-ETRO, EU.IRL, EU.PRT, EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA, EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND, EU.UK, GRD, GTM.ETRO, LCA, MEX, PAN, TAI, UK.BMU, USA, USA-Com, USA-Rec, USR, VCT, VEN, VEN.ARTISANAL, VEN.INDUSTRIAL, VEN-FOR.FLTS

Table 7. ALB-N total catch (t) by MFCL fishery and year (1950 to 2011), using the updated CATDIS estimations (CATDIS totals have in all years less than 1% difference when compared to Task I statistics).

Year	ALB-N fisheries												TOTAL	Difference with Task I (%)	
	ALBN01	ALBN02	ALBN03	ALBN04	ALBN05	ALBN06	ALBN07	ALBN08	ALBN09	ALBN10	ALBN11	ALBN12			
1950			39623											39623	0.0%
1951			34149											34149	0.0%
1952			32397											32397	0.0%
1953			26242	3875										30117	0.0%
1954			32729	7250										39979	0.0%
1955			28299	3125										31424	0.0%
1956			35398	5500		2								40900	0.0%
1957			30028	11959		135								42122	0.0%
1958			33945	17258	300	945								52448	0.0%
1959			30796	17947	570	599								49912	0.0%
1960			33072	17539	600	1131		527						52869	0.0%
1961			20907	20520	600	380		323						42730	0.0%
1962			30943	20849	620	5716		659						58787	0.0%
1963			24625	19769	970	14633		343						60340	0.0%
1964			28058	19928	500	15713		383				52		64634	0.0%
1965			25544	19029	1083	14325		385				292		60658	0.0%
1966			22791	16130	627	5860		333				1622		47363	0.0%
1967			30669	17293	1056	4771		1336				4017		59142	0.0%
1968			23993	13478	458	3306		2052				1933		45220	0.0%
1969			17923	13690	879	4717		2596				6925		46730	0.0%
1970			15706	13938	450		5875	4915				5011		45895	0.0%
1971			24029	14977	700		6472	2936				7707		56821	0.0%
1972			26517	7037	1159		1319	4551				8198		48781	0.0%
1973			18712	7468	1365		1467	9515				7172		45700	0.0%
1974			20958	11707	2279		2059	9563				3040		49606	0.0%
1975			9491	9694	9993		1331	8223				3156		41888	0.0%
1976			13918	13461	6766			15054				6691		57235	0.0%
1977			17391	9878	5681			825				14037		54031	0.0%
1978			23931	10713	1245			531				9727		50121	0.0%
1979			23332	15014	750			1219				7566		51372	0.0%
1980			13059	15580	597			1036				7394		38691	0.0%
1981		11962	10778	1451				1740				6916		34531	0.0%
1982		14983	12831	824				781				10523		42673	0.0%
1983		18389	12788	2546				1156				14835		51491	0.0%
1984		6438	11029	1747				576				15546		41800	0.0%
1985		10409	10654	2102				844				15558		40826	0.0%
1986		14307	10837	893				470				19833		47554	0.0%
1987		18407	11539	611				494					6725	38115	0.0%
1988		17175	12078	451				723		2270			77	33059	0.0%
1989		17307	11999	307				764		1421			54	32071	0.0%
1990		15056	12975	4601				737		1910			36	36882	0.0%
1991		8029	12675	1407				691		4623			1	27931	0.0%
1992		11925	12275	3114				466		2656			30	30851	0.0%
1993		10957	13126	6468				485		6540			68	38135	0.0%
1994		10754	13066	3344				505		6700			104	35163	0.0%
1995		11811	13739	7649				386		4398			75	38377	0.0%
1996		10991	9620	2918				466		4163			13	28803	0.0%
1997		11252	11527	1446				414		3632			6	29023	0.0%
1998		8441	11902	439				446						25746	0.0%
1999		11829	13117	2294				425						34551	0.0%
2000		14088	10265	530				688		6285			601	33124	0.0%
2001		8800	6826	2645				1126		6633			920	26254	0.0%
2002		8980	3989	3034				711		6246			611	22741	0.0%
2003		9854	5202	1833				680		5468			558	22741	0.0%
2004		9527	7491	970				893		7019			979	25567	0.0%
2005		16326	10179	1133				1336		6024			1055	25960	0.0%
2006		20312	10277	347				781		5516		59	769	35318	0.0%
2007		11564	6093	336				288		4301		141	831	36989	0.0%
2008		11000	5234	1248				402		2761		187	762	21992	0.0%
2009		7701	4439	104				288		2178		67	359	20486	0.0%
2010		7458	7011	587				525		2249		82	533	15396	0.1%
2011		11197	3575	1185				494		3124		264	487	19457	-0.3%
										3220		162	416	20250	0.2%

Table 8. Results of the size frequency screening.

	Fishery											
SzFrgSamp	ALBN01	ALBN02	ALBN03	ALBN04	ALBN05	ALBN06	ALBN07	ALBN08	ALBN09	ALBN10	ALBN11	ALBN12
OK	67	122	17	97	15	16	102	48	48	52	46	48
N<50	1	1		17	1	1	18				3	23
Nbin<10	1			14	6	1	16				7	32
Skw>5											0	
Total	69	123	17	128	22	18	136	48	48	52	56	103
% Rejected	3%	1%	0%	24%	32%	11%	25%	0%	0%	0%	18%	53%

Table 9. ALB-N catch-at-size matrix by year and 2 cm length classes including all size data available in the ICCAT ALB data bases (first and last classes plus groups).

Li (cm)	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011			
40	1962	1712		19	13955	4461	1453	2875	12857	16018	3784	991	116	2005	323	19	4357	2773	1307	1420	621	16	10337	1490	605	1331	2009	2500	718	1762	3349	1976	2356	1410	6265	8783	437			
42	2820	8914		1542	5277	257	3575		33	310	124	991	13	189	108	3465	374	216	814	75	2516	1098	16878	1230	9849	3695	2075	3645	3771	3230	4018	6924	2866	7863	7736	10050	1498			
44	10777	26691	1562	7813	28009	2893	7956	3724	10302	14036	5122	5001	64	3540	749	19436	8911	4696	4354	954	9262	3969	25841	2420	16439	4547	4920	7072	1176	10785	9652	15189	2527	16638	12190	15693	4724			
46	24501	89094	18298	37038	19040	39488	25724	4602	12099	21859	11410	16683	650	6144	3225	20893	36459	12779	7800	3853	30003	19642	54201	17863	18042	6650	17398	31664	100625	34147	43055	21193	5620	32726	18945	20880	14628			
48	20678	84377	33020	317929	56687	156630	84497	27255	50640	69461	59105	51413	1614	22867	12728	68803	134878	73407	23775	6194	69021	44277	147243	194902	203723	95023	96152	158431	394878	117351	143308	57782	19845	71168	30826	30579	47475			
50	27101	87144	75846	691414	59515	322838	223801	25205	144448	73482	210861	187938	12720	245390	79318	236789	248766	247516	118451	50349	237639	135012	357051	558734	393004	209920	175247	280197	573556	170385	237106	160341	47087	100270	46425	65186	126635			
52	78461	138138	105910	399413	119200	308367	195491	34632	241768	145106	254303	182781	46989	421252	187002	324368	308328	341692	282986	123503	338054	249084	374973	493421	422309	223168	113650	190140	387794	125244	254504	239831	66354	151351	40768	103205	185861			
54	129251	243156	55966	230131	173392	269656	165789	46575	215768	133452	277114	147807	102584	392845	284972	247242	265492	236110	307347	160791	349058	320583	245428	224607	297444	192905	44232	87816	145226	72537	222071	235367	58561	115449	27818	92189	229062			
56	94207	208095	85800	136811	122356	201411	215295	59155	191110	136329	192248	137174	94527	358656	325729	141655	140365	177749	188856	176812	145332	241189	235466	172868	128238	139017	28830	53488	44242	82008	146252	183945	51167	114776	27617	96545	194402			
58	108587	294365	198306	293522	197344	316480	248295	77801	153423	80572	70506	130135	83627	124554	197553	106812	170718	162451	176679	240101	133735	305655	267683	251101	250281	121724	27588	69993	87107	183748	211399	328848	67541	97046	48806	136426	178216			
60	140464	488137	441358	842569	514277	411705	276923	221338	148806	209331	179149	344732	251119	205057	229943	268254	437629	321572	265686	381566	285764	546520	462721	516084	267600	249189	51658	110688	200823	400718	400645	512914	129958	121062	87825	250969	152571			
62	200762	596659	612245	849410	638942	257798	193378	266735	209937	281901	228244	380366	452449	427189	309184	502076	534880	447205	369396	527157	472457	670543	407299	528841	282019	309537	103444	111595	218245	408298	429400	506074	184066	171591	121325	353222	171462			
64	262449	451851	415831	382693	468213	179578	188339	286230	287827	277107	273524	280683	432279	468253	357793	555238	498116	386343	450198	521915	557075	596269	320263	331808	222001	315329	165951	81528	138385	298900	306747	398654	206244	234486	149882	266066	142848			
66	237382	224488	308415	198885	256681	152403	231043	237152	258344	149994	242466	190922	381253	376502	285990	427100	264847	266750	302061	331113	362466	260870	199748	163472	199936	258743	175801	48386	46201	112425	186965	257286	151503	226609	126417	181433	87661			
68	200608	140026	205292	99825	171760	191179	265111	259424	293942	94155	195338	160378	387447	277544	237725	310082	156590	184252	209689	231098	200827	116106	190028	116106	190028	144444	158540	39386	25077	57660	135470	138327	138153	157544	99061	91663	67425			
70	287782	101818	184842	138077	182484	306641	302041	330751	335979	127623	226659	152818	370131	241102	224519	246329	113868	185051	250308	212613	170205	83883	136441	114704	239083	220692	147567	20776	38522	87779	161954	119566	190550	87783	68940	64120	95613			
72	416963	135004	272983	202474	241163	360366	237839	273130	276447	181868	198161	205091	327283	207978	233564	209072	109431	183209	288237	168425	214555	105300	166847	125192	204405	228551	145109	20566	54577	120830	202016	174796	220295	71100	81695	74412	154673			
74	389921	173677	250795	274711	425781	325390	193778	308811	287685	195391	228124	236176	366120	190996	254927	184451	127201	168952	287351	165721	219299	73895	164033	84894	230200	211208	165342	29161	70935	148578	221455	210088	234176	74824	111763	84082	121102			
76	280436	212978	290702	226397	454242	259959	160068	304001	304880	204212	200035	248590	307197	206712	267356	156509	110802	160854	246032	139956	239948	85250	155291	90091	230127	185077	150210	45910	77801	122390	221375	197852	104880	128710	92546	179914				
78	243107	220624	255152	212512	336751	189495	162832	151269	258115	198242	184434	267758	295549	237118	262118	130070	98293	151945	181844	144930	199068	56247	133286	73225	154520	174368	123019	63965	84439	108559	208555	266003	152383	135440	111489	82434	120631			
80	171457	226918	217623	192087	232699	142307	153825	255253	270839	117544	141562	189465	111504	136028	193883	119430	79130	112753	194610	133142	107127	44748	95329	81300	136839	152237	115002	83561	96562	83342	184377	249169	101158	133445	93572	72445	59504			
82	131470	211176	157627	131910	152662	102115	114773	223949	232952	108349	98833	166140	83043	93509	132322	105432	70004	87500	116359	88944	64610	42906	64035	69898	125833	91909	87242	94909	87332	66049	146967	200635	60788	122971	74053	55734	31169			
84	113279	198808	109680	106336	118501	99941	103606	166923	192716	96250	82354	129208	119630	62808	77304	89846	51893	50230	99224	61384	5355	37761	66052	43046	108005	58286	83223	79078	74078	94924	29426	119501	40949	73914	52016	48607	23672			
86	107736	185125	105454	60276	175309	75801	69708	109945	144448	63307	60522	81719	42569	26151	40627	68622	56271	24704	51962	48018	38832	29712	45820	47114	108694	37282	69771	68661	48434	38439	54805	60091	24158	43323	35759	44729	20961			
88	95779	164994	69767	74083	135386	54838	48516	67613	111286	54484	55446	59750	37611	19600	24938	47761	19600	24938	47761	19600	16268	45781	33449	34940	22245	27145	20756	63879	30211	57409	60911	42691	30449	38580	33111	23387	16428	20737	31419	23773
90	72642	155324	100521	84177	123731	74263	39351	55323	113829	90512	66908	84760	26744	21471	26840	50052	43144	23020	45327	20773	32996	23963	26076	22615	20933	18398	37232	54553	45620	31492	39948	24024	18685	11081	15376	21111	21212			
92	52846	151870	119409	95244	70052	32362	34733	41749	94804	72981	75615	80660	16176	18632	23769	44700	62867	13882	26222	34519	26371	19326	10807	32634	11830	30676	48254	41721	47913	41549	26430	149877	108774	140874	108774	140874	18759			
94	49824	134209	137668	61203	100237	57199	27405	40453	78972	87460	80571	74369	21042	14369	22468	51326	43282	12170	33088	34685	58544	28400	16874	11431	25838	13520	31904	57362	38682	43006	47495	27173	15172	13944	9331	11676	16488			
96	40653	124307	121080	66372	44291	25470	31149	35571	76713	86009	76488	67802	20598	12356	20800	43765	30271	13135	16589	24849	47541	37475	17131	9223	21127	23937	30669	73025	52643	37406	51902	28013	19286	11544	13668	12235	15812			
98	46036	118623	121490	96409	49558	22922	25819	36589	59392	74415	65839	62806	16943	13136	11324	30827	22270	16906	21735	20448	45419	34784	15979	9927	27277	36524	39523	64927	56972	29932	39411	24259	20461	14894	8568	10316				

Table 11. The ALB CAS substitutions ratios (Task I catches (t) with no size information versus Task I total catch) per stock .

	<i>ATN</i>	<i>ATS</i>
2007	0.068343	0.163454
2008	0.126853	0.160792
2009	0.105492	0.311571
2010	0.087242	0.264755
2011	0.071347	0.133441

Table 12. Evaluation of the CPUE series on North and South Atlantic albacore stock presented to the Group. The evaluation was made using the protocol established by the WGSAM in 2012 to evaluate CPUE series.

<i>North Atlantic Stock</i>								
<i>Paper Index</i>	<i>SCRS/2012/061 Japan LL</i>	<i>SCRS/2013/060 Irish trawl</i>	<i>SCRS/2013/066 US pelagic LL</i>	<i>SCRS/2013/052 Spain BB</i>	<i>SCR-/2013/053 Spain Trol</i>	<i>SCRS/2013/054 Spain Trol by age</i>	<i>SCRS/2013/069 Chinese Taipei LL</i>	
1 Diagnostics		4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2 Appropriateness of data exclusions and classifications (e.g. to identify targeted trips).	5 (data exclusion are identified and justified, model explicitly covers targetting)	4 (data exclusions are clearly identified and justified)	4 (data exclusions are clearly identified and justified)	4 (apparently no need to exclude any data)	3 (no apparent data exclusion, but some very low cpues included)	2 (aging bias?)	3 (not much explanation)	
3 Geographical Coverage	4 (extensive coverage and distribution areas provided in a map, but actual effort and catches in those areas are not)	2 (limited to north eastern Atlantic. Good distribution of effort maps provided)	3 (Large area of operation by only in northwest Atlantic)		3	2	3	4
4 Catch Fraction		2	2	1	3	4	3	2
5 Length of Time Series relative to the history of exploitation.	5 (series runs from 1959)	2 (time-series only available from 2003)	3 (time series form 1987)	3 (since 1981)	3 (since 1981)	3 (since 1981)	4 (1967-2012)	
6 Are other indices available for the same time period?		4	3	3	3	3	3	4

7	Does the index standardization account for Known factors that influence catchability/selectivity?	4 (gear, area, hooks and other factors that may influence catchability and selectivity are included, as are interaction terms)	3 (the model includes few factors, although including vessels may address aspects of catchability or selectivity)	3 (operating procedure, gear configuration)	2 (only year, quarter, area are included)	2 (only year, quarter, area are included)	2 (only year, quarter, area are included)	4 (year, quarter, area, other species)
9	Is the interannual variability within plausible bounds (e.g., SCRS/2012/039)							
10	Are biologically implausible interannual deviations severe? (e.g., SCRS/2012/039)							
11	Assessment of data quality and adequacy of data for standardization purpose (e.g. sampling design, sample size, factors considered)	4 (the sampling design is relatively good, as well as the sample size and factors considered).	3 (data quality is explicitly addressed, model includes interactions to obtain more info from the data and model structured to account for possible changes. Size data for portion of population covered by this cpue is not provided)	3 (n° observations per variable factor category not shown)	3 (sampling design and size appropriate, not many factors included)	3 (sampling design and size appropriate, not many factors included)	2 (aggregated index suggested)	3 (no. observations per variable factor category not shown)
12	Is this CPUE time series continuous?							

South Atlantic Stock

	<i>Paper</i>	<i>SCRS/2013/063</i>	<i>SCRS-13-043</i>	<i>SCRS-13-068</i>	<i>SCRS-13-070</i>	<i>SCRS-13-072</i>
	<i>Index</i>	<i>Japan LL</i>	<i>Uruguay LL</i>	<i>Brasil LL</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei LL</i>	<i>South African LL</i>
1	Diagnostics		4	4	2 (residual trend)	4
2	Appropriateness of data exclusions and classifications (e.g. to identify targeted trips).			1 (targeting and fishing strategy addressed, but named "preliminary". The fleet is very heterogeneous and no clear guidance on how the procedure helps get ALB abundance index. No explanation about national-foreign vessel regimes, the sporadic peaks on catch...)		4
		5 (data exclusion are identified and justified, model explicitly covers targetting)	5 (data exclusions are clearly identified and justified, vessel targetting also covered)	3 (maps for the entire Brazilian fleet are provided, but no clue of the geographical distribution of ALB sets/fisheries)	3 (not much explanation)	3 (target?)
	Geographical Coverage					
3		4 (extensive coverage and distribution areas provided in a map)	3 (limited to south western Atlantic. Good distribution of effort maps provided)			4
4	Catch Fraction			1	2	5
5	Length of Time Series relative to the history of exploitation.	5 (series runs from 1959)	3 (series runs from 1983)	3 (since 1978)	4 (1967-2012)	3 (since 1999, but there is an older one that remains the same)
6	Are other indices available for the same time period?		5	3	3	4

7	Does the index standardization account for Known factors that influence catchability/selectivity?	4 (gear, area, hooks and other factors that may influence catchability and selectivity are included, as are interaction terms)	4 (analysis includes many factors that could affect fishing efficiency/selectivity. Multiple interactions included)	2 (just time, area, and fishing strategy are considered, but the latter is unclear) 2 (catch not presented), but peaks on catch seem to correspond to valleys or cpue, difficult to understand without series of effort...?	4 (year, quarter, area, other species)	4 (year, quarter, area, distance from shore, vessel type, target)
8	Are there conflicts between the catch history and the CPUE response?	4 (catch and effort trends in another document)	2 (difficult to say. CPUE and observations of catch are presented, but not total catch)		3	3
9	Is the interannual variability within plausible bounds (e.g. SCRS/2012/039)	4	4	1 (high fluctuations)	4	4
10	Are biologically implausible interannual deviations severe? (e.g. SCRS/2012/039)	5	5	1	5	5
11	Assessment of data quality and adequacy of data for standardization purpose (e.g. sampling design, sample size, factors considered)	4 (the sampling design is relatively good, as well as the sample size and factors considered).	4 (information includes length frequencies of catches in recent years. Multiple factors and interactions included. Sample design takes into account effort distribution although proportion of effort covered is not explicitly discussed)	1 (very heterogeneous dataset, and just a preliminary strategy to account for this. Only 13% of boats with "mostly ALB" strategy)	3 (n° observations per variable factor category not shown)	3 (n° observations per variable factor category not shown)
12	Is this CPUE time series continuous?	3	4	4	3	4

Table 13. Standardised annual CPUEs for North Atlantic albacore.

	<i>Japan LL</i>	<i>Japan LL</i>	<i>Japan LL</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL</i>		<i>US</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>		<i>Spanish_BB</i>
	<i>early</i>	<i>transition</i>	<i>by-catch</i>	<i>first period</i>	<i>second period</i>	<i>third period</i>	<i>Irish_MWT_Q3</i>	<i>continuous</i>	<i>Age 2+3</i>	<i>France TR</i>	<i>Q3</i>
Age Range	3-8+	3-8+	3-8+	2-8+	2-8+	2-8+	2-3	3-8	2-3	2-3	1-4
Catch Units	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Weight	Number	Number	Number	Number
Effort Units	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	days at sea	1000 hooks	fishing days	1000 hooks	fishing days
Selectivity	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch
Model	Neg. Binomial	Neg. Binomial	Neg. Binomial	LogNormal	LogNormal	LogNormal	Delta log-normal	Delta log-normal	LogNormal	Delta log-normal	LogNormal
Use in assess	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year											
1959	27.46										
1960	23.33										
1961	19.19										
1962	28.38										
1963	14.99										
1964	14.92										
1965	11.04										
1966	10.36										
1967	10.92			7.05							
1968	11.14			12.18							
1969	9.14	10.66		10.52							
1970		10.50		9.34							
1971		5.95		6.71							
1972		3.00		7.07							
1973		4.14		8.75							
1974		3.60		7.98							
1975		3.08	2.60	6.77							1.36
1976			2.19	9.36							0.95
1977			1.44	9.12							1.23
1978			1.21	8.70							1.46
1979			1.47	8.56							1.27
1980			1.41	8.83							1.46

1981	1.46	8.71				3.67	1.55	189.61
1982	1.31	9.54				3.93	1.55	184.87
1983	1.19	9.54				3.92	0.86	268.47
1984	1.03	8.31				3.50	0.47	151.61
1985	1.14	7.18				3.27	1.7	211.92
1986	0.65	5.89				3.69	0.37	179.12
1987	0.47	5.56	4.30		0.91	3.69	0.62	286.62
1988	0.77		6.99		0.76	3.81		258.36
1989	0.73		5.26		0.72	3.39		209.27
1990	0.56		3.86		1.06	3.59		434.59
1991	0.66		5.27		0.98	3.91		303.43
1992	0.52		4.45		0.81	3.82		306.57
1993	0.51		4.44		1.26	3.81		341.60
1994	0.68		3.23		1.56	4.01		360.12
1995	0.44		3.35		1.37	3.89		322.45
1996	0.39		2.20		1.20	3.85		342.18
1997	0.53		2.66		1.37	3.59		362.23
1998	0.85		2.66		1.16	3.52		411.10
1999	0.49		2.02	2.12	1.04	3.28		374.65
2000	0.80			2.04	1.20	3.00		500.68
2001	1.10			2.19	1.49	3.21		180.64
2002	1.17			2.29	1.06	2.85		182.52
2003	0.83			4.12	495.48	0.68	2.98	369.34
2004	0.62			3.13	411.17	0.67	3.64	342.14
2005	0.85			3.65	1151.74	0.69	3.70	322.45
2006	0.73			3.91	2948.40	0.55	3.86	742.74
2007	0.43			2.67	683.32	0.65	3.72	437.80
2008	0.45			2.39	2655.88	0.55	3.96	356.01
2009	0.67			2.39	1419.13	0.93	3.54	335.45
2010	1.02			3.26	248.99	0.97	3.97	339.69
2011	0.68			3.40	3824.67	1.37	3.08	328.50

Table 14. Standardised annual CPUE's for South Atlantic albacore.

	<i>Uruguay LL</i>	<i>Brazil LL</i>	<i>Taiwan LL</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by-catch</i>	<i>South Africa BB early</i>	<i>South Africa BB late</i>
Age Range	3-8+	3-8+	3-8+	3-8+	3-8+	3-8+	2-3	2-3
Catch Units	Weight	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Weight	Weight
Effort Units	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	1000 hooks	fishing days	fishing days
Selectivity	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch	Partial catch
Model	Delta log-normal	Delta log-normal	LogNormal	Neg. Binomial	Neg. Binomial	Neg. Binomial	LogNormal	LogNormal
Use in assess	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes		
Year								
1959				40.39				
1960				38.09				
1961				30.60				
1962				21.93				
1963				21.23				
1964				21.31				
1965				14.36				
1966				13.05				
1967			18.17	13.87				
1968			18.67	12.80				
1969			19.88	7.75	8.53			
1970			14.98		4.10			
1971			15.12		6.49			
1972			10.40		3.48			
1973			9.04		2.34			
1974			10.25		1.38			
1975			12.03		0.83	0.94		
1976			12.61			1.10		
1977			13.81			0.70		
1978		4.64	12.29			1.28		
1979		6.76	11.41			0.52		

1980		2.74	10.46	0.77		
1981		1.85	8.36	1.59		
1982		1.82	8.33	1.26		
1983	138.50	3.07	8.17	1.00		
1984	119.60	4.94	9.19	1.03		
1985	125.10	2.66	8.68	1.71	735.42	
1986	123.70	4.76	8.54	1.99	661.58	
1987	115.70	9.44	7.63	0.82	799.78	
1988	120.30	4.76	5.48	0.59	636.29	
1989	143.80	9.44	4.88	0.73	584.27	
1990	94.10	7.87	5.22	1.00	576.40	
1991	109.30	4.18	5.87	1.16	542.31	
1992	72.50	5.31	6.97	0.64	655.47	
1993	126.70	2.40	5.98	0.55	602.80	
1994	56.60	13.90	7.60	0.79	632.83	
1995	90.40	6.25	7.58	0.51	652.88	
1996	123.90	16.36	8.06	0.55	681.66	
1997	91.00	12.26	7.62	0.73	826.70	
1998	125.60	11.41	6.59	0.72	841.63	
1999	99.80	9.42	5.52	0.75		1820.5
2000	79.50	11.62	5.09	1.29		1872.4
2001	46.20	9.30	6.17	1.33		2200.4
2002	37.30	3.87	4.98	0.86		1755.3
2003	26.00	1.52	4.67	0.90		1947.7
2004	18.80	2.78	5.68	0.96		1604.3
2005	11.90	2.40	6.57	0.74		2488.8
2006	46.00	2.45	5.02	0.40		2008.1
2007	57.90	2.12	5.72	0.30		2044.7
2008	43.50	1.56	5.94	0.62		1415
2009	55.00	2.23	5.77	0.76		1993.8
2010	48.30	2.02	6.55	0.94		1862.6
2011	30.40	4.26	5.87	0.84		1653.4

Table 15. Standardised quarterly CPUEs for North Atlantic albacore.

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
1959	1	34.43						
1959	2	48.03						
1959	3	10.30						
1959	4	33.38						
1960	1	29.51						
1960	2	13.51						
1960	3	13.82						
1960	4	53.77						
1961	1	77.18						
1961	2	4.79						
1961	3	9.91						
1961	4	36.96						
1962	1	153.10						
1962	2	17.87						
1962	3	14.92						
1962	4	15.89						
1963	1	19.18						
1963	2	12.86						
1963	3	10.92						
1963	4	18.76						
1964	1	22.90						
1964	2	9.67						
1964	3	9.55						
1964	4	23.42						
1965	1	24.54						
1965	2	7.50						
1965	3	6.41						
1965	4	12.61						

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
1966	1	18.49						
1966	2	7.02						
1966	3	7.01						
1966	4	12.66						
1967	1	12.25						
1967	2	9.22						
1967	3	9.01					6.02	
1967	4	13.98					7.29	
1968	1	12.79					13.95	
1968	2	8.83					12.42	
1968	3	9.81					11.32	
1968	4	13.92					10.56	
1969	1	11.73	13.82				10.87	
1969	2	8.32	10.62				7.56	
1969	3	7.67	7.14				10.05	
1969	4	9.31	12.30				13.87	
1970	1		12.86				12.37	
1970	2		12.66				9.94	
1970	3		5.86				8.34	
1970	4		12.74				6.94	
1971	1		8.84				8.80	
1971	2		6.73				6.52	
1971	3		3.85				4.94	
1971	4		5.45				7.08	
1972	1		5.65				11.50	
1972	2		3.43				4.61	
1972	3		1.78				5.17	
1972	4		2.34				8.89	
1973	1		6.47				11.32	

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
1973	2		4.74			6.55		
1973	3		2.40			8.61		
1973	4		3.98			9.68		
1974	1		6.57			9.75		
1974	2		4.28			7.33		
1974	3		1.88			6.37		
1974	4		3.18			9.16		
1975	1		4.91	3.43		9.36		
1975	2		3.76	3.52		5.08		
1975	3		1.65	1.17		4.96		
1975	4		2.94	3.22		10.04		
1976	1			3.34		14.06		
1976	2			1.63		9.02		
1976	3			2.13		4.56		
1976	4			1.97		11.12		
1977	1			1.85		8.96		
1977	2			1.28		11.60		
1977	3			1.08		8.32		
1977	4			1.67		8.94		
1978	1			1.36		12.25		
1978	2			1.18		6.92		
1978	3			0.73		7.43		
1978	4			1.85		8.56		
1979	1			0.99		14.95		
1979	2			2.16		7.60		
1979	3			1.21		5.01		
1979	4			1.78		9.40		
1980	1			1.45		13.89		
1980	2			4.05		7.52		

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
1980	3			0.57		5.71		
1980	4			1.21		9.99		
1981	1			1.86		10.13		
1981	2			1.36	245.64	8.03		
1981	3			1.14	96.94	7.77		
1981	4			1.56		9.26		
1982	1			1.84		11.70		
1982	2			2.20		9.71		
1982	3			0.74	89.51	7.17		
1982	4			0.99		10.43		
1983	1			2.31		9.03		
1983	2			1.26		9.25		
1983	3			0.50	88.03	8.62		
1983	4			1.36	49.86	13.55		
1984	1			1.11		11.77		
1984	2			1.38		8.33		
1984	3			0.52	80.78	6.62		
1984	4			1.37		7.20		
1985	1			1.80		8.96		
1985	2			1.05	95.25	8.03		
1985	3			0.92	58.57	4.77		
1985	4			0.97	110.68	7.99		
1986	1			0.83		7.00		
1986	2			0.41	229.67	5.29		
1986	3			0.87	91.36	5.62		
1986	4			0.60	101.30	5.61		
1987	1			1.32		6.10	4.08	
1987	2			0.29		4.50	2.85	
1987	3			0.50	70.09	6.02	5.50	

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
1987	4			0.26	123.41	7.19	4.76	
1988	1			0.90			7.55	
1988	2			1.10	70.73		5.65	
1988	3			0.36	89.83		8.78	
1988	4			0.97	112.71		5.82	
1989	1			1.25			6.78	
1989	2			0.59	66.86		3.58	
1989	3			0.42	61.72		5.07	
1989	4			0.91	59.92		4.67	
1990	1			0.99			5.34	
1990	2			0.32	63.65		3.58	
1990	3			0.40	87.59		2.43	
1990	4			0.79	90.23		3.35	
1991	1			0.97			5.32	
1991	2			0.54	253.02		5.48	
1991	3			0.39	134.29		3.67	
1991	4			0.94	196.09		4.96	
1992	1			0.60			4.35	
1992	2			0.48	222.45		4.58	
1992	3			0.33	112.71		2.96	
1992	4			0.77	216.62		4.12	
1993	1			0.63			2.44	
1993	2			0.32	93.21		4.15	
1993	3			0.43	119.70		4.94	
1993	4			0.76	133.39		3.21	
1994	1			0.48			2.65	
1994	2			0.28	65.18		1.87	
1994	3			0.59	131.68		3.82	
1994	4			2.66	60.45		2.82	

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
1995	1			0.87			2.80	
1995	2			0.10	148.45		2.80	
1995	3			0.48	132.90		4.52	
1995	4			0.88	270.86		2.17	
1996	1			0.47			2.68	
1996	2			0.33	72.79		1.84	
1996	3			0.15	135.50		1.57	
1996	4			0.96	169.13		1.08	
1997	1			2.13			3.36	
1997	2			0.25	107.06		2.18	
1997	3			0.13	134.61		1.63	
1997	4			1.20	269.05		1.82	
1998	1			4.11			2.38	
1998	2			0.70	121.98		2.00	
1998	3			0.48	103.72		2.19	
1998	4			0.37	41.46		2.42	
1999	1			0.95			3.09	3.45
1999	2			0.61	140.30		1.19	1.70
1999	3			0.15	110.08		1.29	1.79
1999	4			0.66	51.27		1.24	1.82
2000	1			0.90				2.78
2000	2			0.41	48.96			2.20
2000	3			0.45	53.86			1.66
2000	4			2.53	18.03			1.29
2001	1			2.61				2.61
2001	2			0.74	77.79			1.92
2001	3			0.57	67.73			2.09
2001	4			1.30	8.79			2.37
2002	1			2.23				3.53

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
2002	2			2.31	49.02			1.84
2002	3			0.33	76.33			1.79
2002	4			1.09	51.04			2.15
2003	1			1.63				4.53
2003	2			1.19	34.73			3.84
2003	3			0.33	105.13			3.76
2003	4			0.74	48.92			5.03
2004	1			1.61				2.72
2004	2			0.37	87.04			2.90
2004	3			0.28	117.51			2.79
2004	4			0.88	76.22			4.20
2005	1			1.90				5.95
2005	2			0.31	133.30			3.51
2005	3			0.56	137.87			2.15
2005	4			1.55	141.87			3.96
2006	1			1.23				5.65
2006	2			0.60	84.72			3.00
2006	3			0.34	170.46			3.35
2006	4			1.13	172.39			4.00
2007	1			0.77				2.76
2007	2			0.40	94.61			2.83
2007	3			0.21	104.06			2.66
2007	4			0.56	46.16			1.99
2008	1			0.57				2.71
2008	2			0.35	152.91			2.23
2008	3			0.22	150.70			1.98
2008	4			0.92	44.83			2.83
2009	1			0.97				2.97
2009	2			0.44	117.47			2.40

<i>Year</i>	<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Japan LL early</i>	<i>Japan LL transition</i>	<i>Japan LL by- catch</i>	<i>Spanish_Trol</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL first period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL second period</i>	<i>Chinese Taipei_LL third period</i>
2009	3			0.28	98.65			2.49
2009	4			1.67	91.35			1.55
2010	1			1.25				3.63
2010	2			0.64	65.35			2.85
2010	3			0.79	122.21			2.79
2010	4			1.73	35.57			4.18
2011	1			1.53				3.08
2011	2			0.35	103.66			2.75
2011	3			0.32	73.58			4.05
2011	4			1.30	25.45			3.71
2012	1							3.16
2012	2							1.27
2012	3							1.05
2012	4							1.86

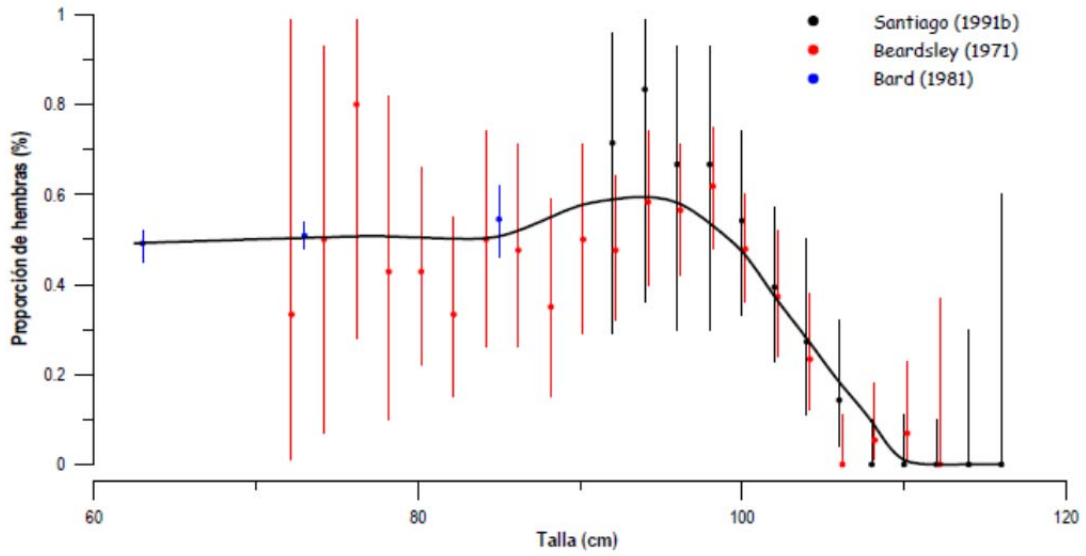


Figure 1. North Atlantic albacore sex ratio by size interval estimated from Beardsley (1971), Bard (1981) and Santiago (2004). Bars represent the 95% confident limits. Continue line shows loess function (weighted by the number of observations by size intervals) reflecting the sex ratio by size.

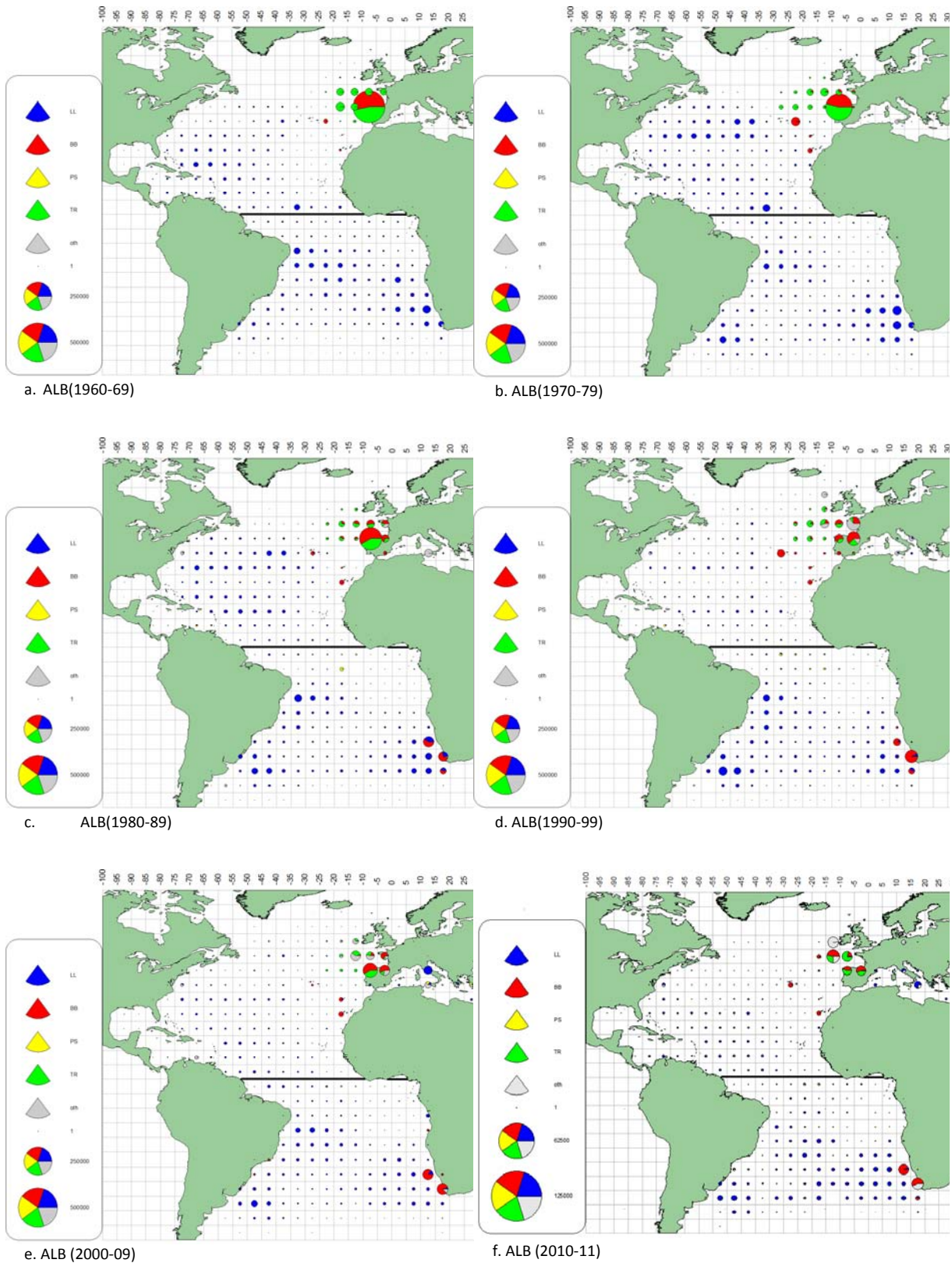


Figure 2. Geographical distribution of cumulative albacore catches by main gears and decade (Source: CATDIS). For relative comparisons, map “f (2010-11)” was differently scaled (1/5 of others scales) because it only with two years in the decade.

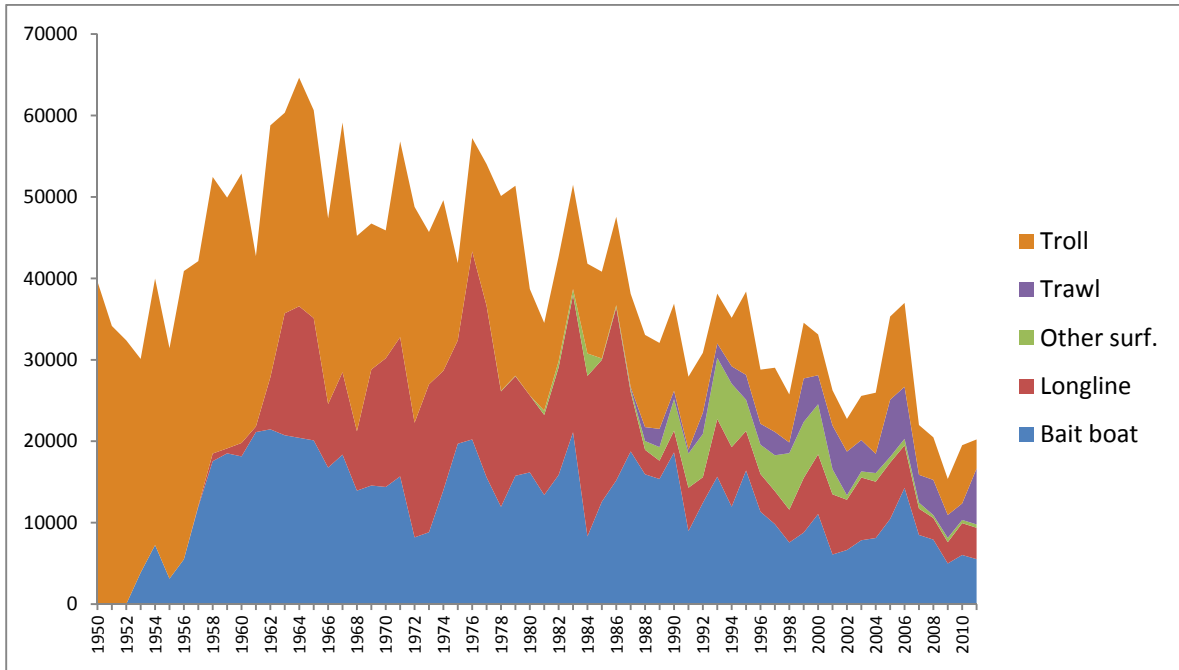


Figure 3. Northern albacore Task I catches by major gear and year.

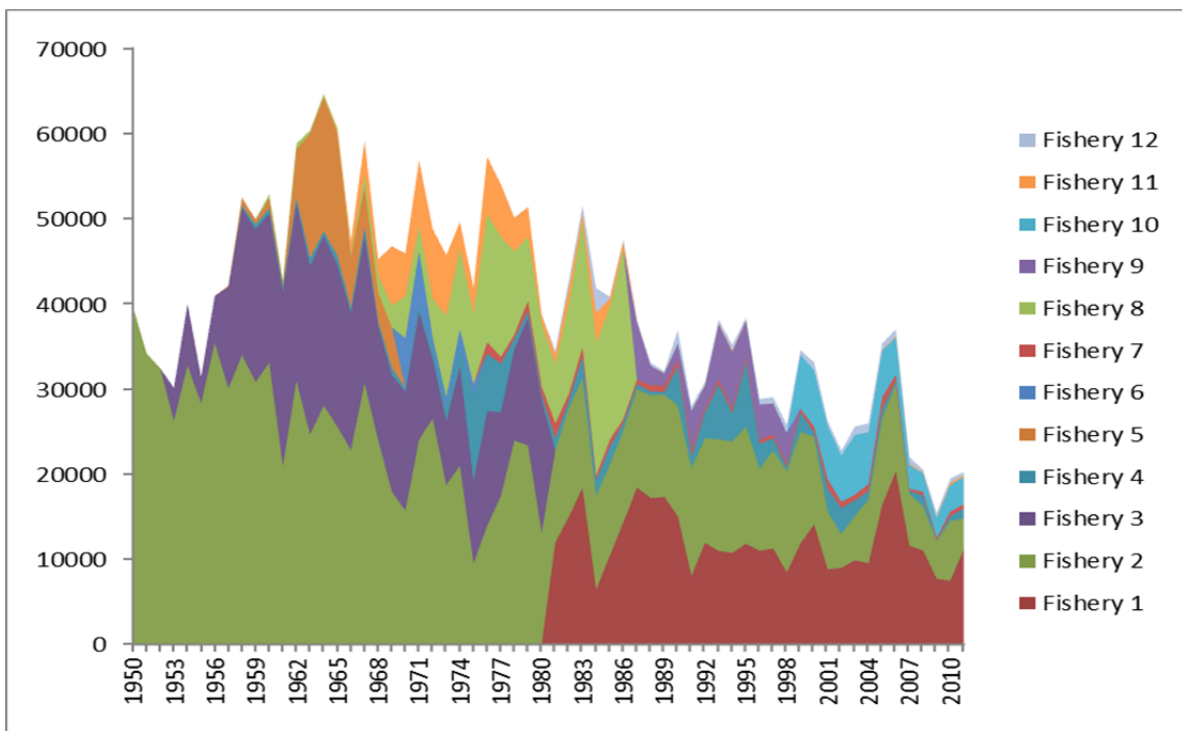


Figure 4. The accumulated nominal catches by fishery and year used for MFCL.

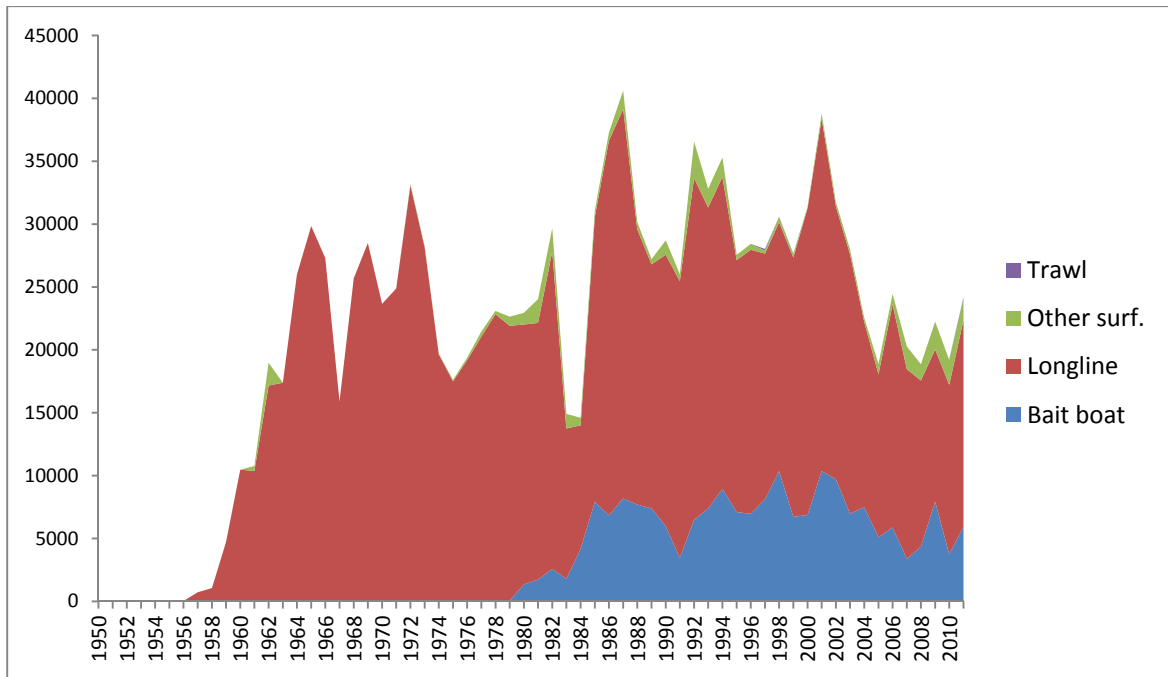


Figure 5. Southern albacore Task I catches by major gear and year.

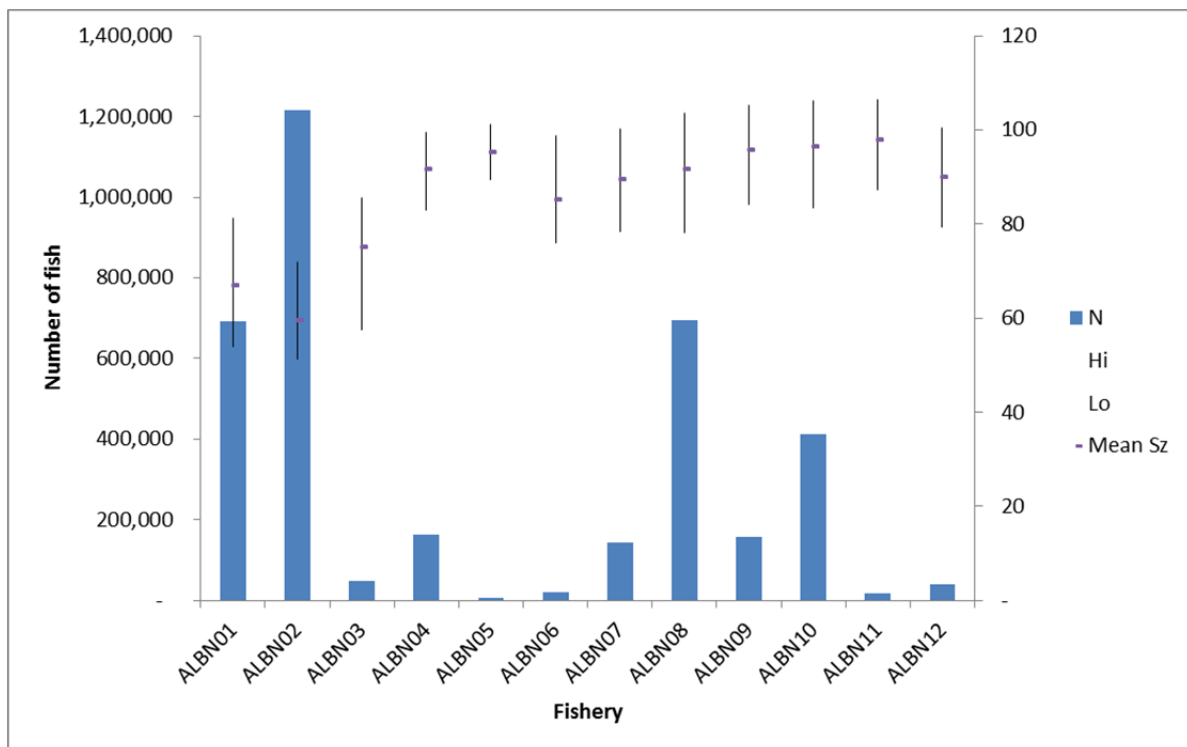


Figure 6. Before screening indicators of centrality and dispersion (means of number of fish, and size class bin percentiles: 10%, median, 90%) in size frequency series across years for each fishery.

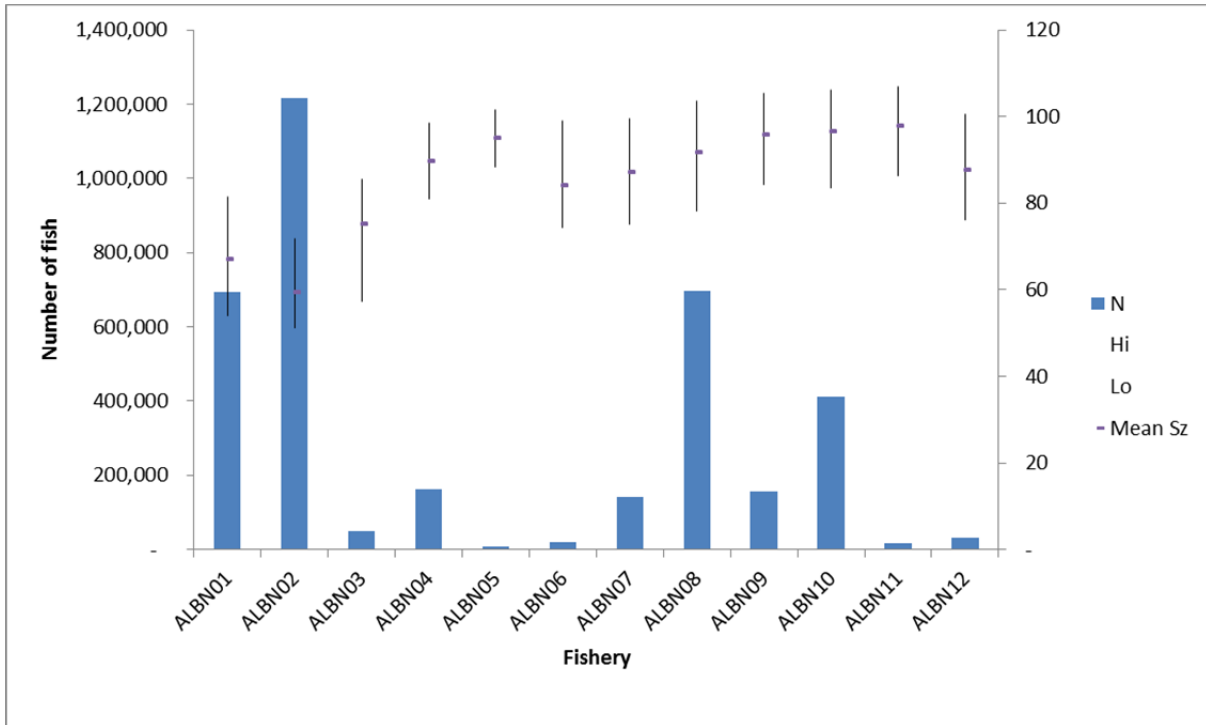


Figure 7. After screening indicators of centrality and dispersion (means of number of fish, and size class bin percentiles: 10%, median, 90%) in size frequency series across years for each fishery.

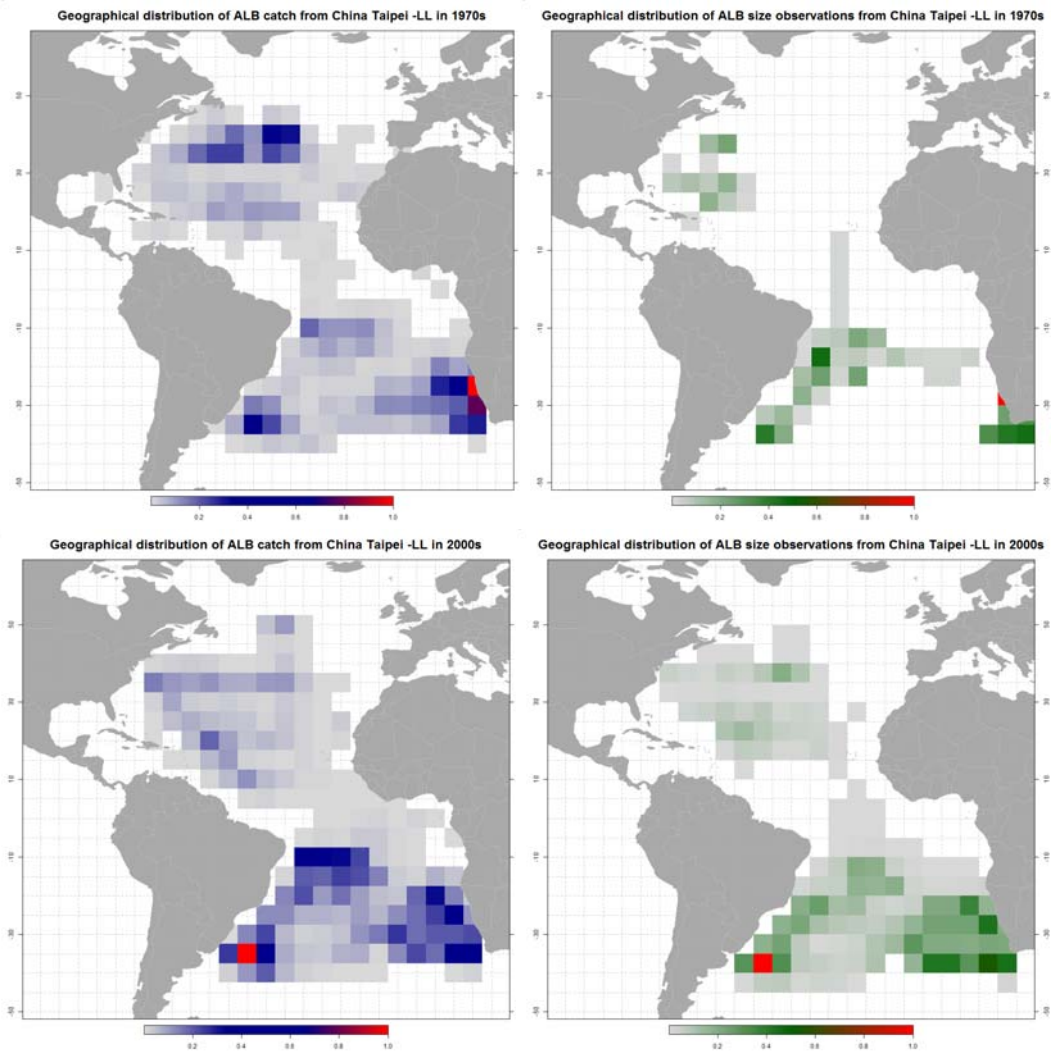


Figure 8. Catch and size observations distribution for the Chinese Taipei longline fleet in the 1970s and 2000s.

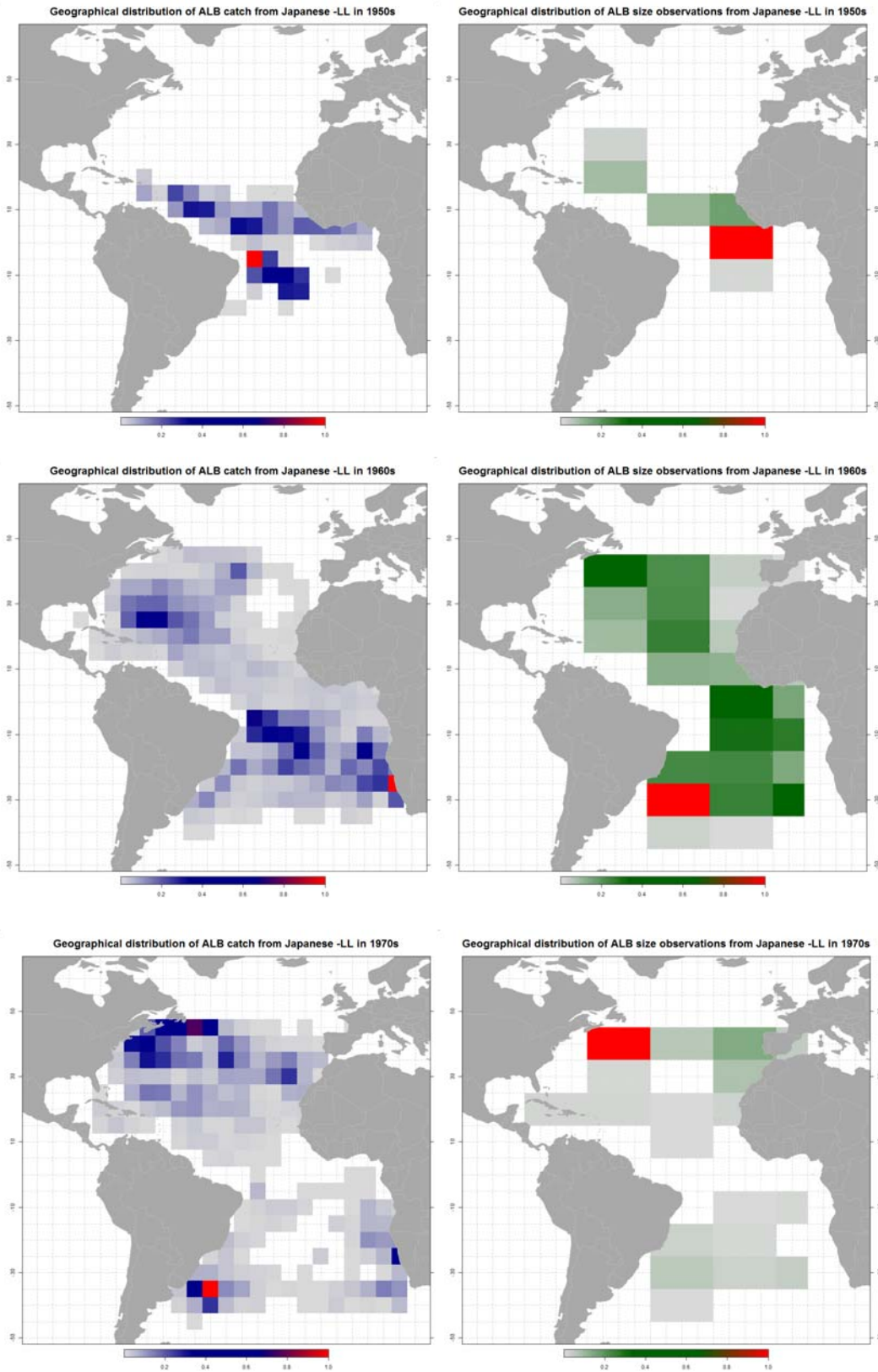


Figure 9. Catch and size observations distribution for the Japanese longline fleet in the 1950s, 1960s and 1970s.

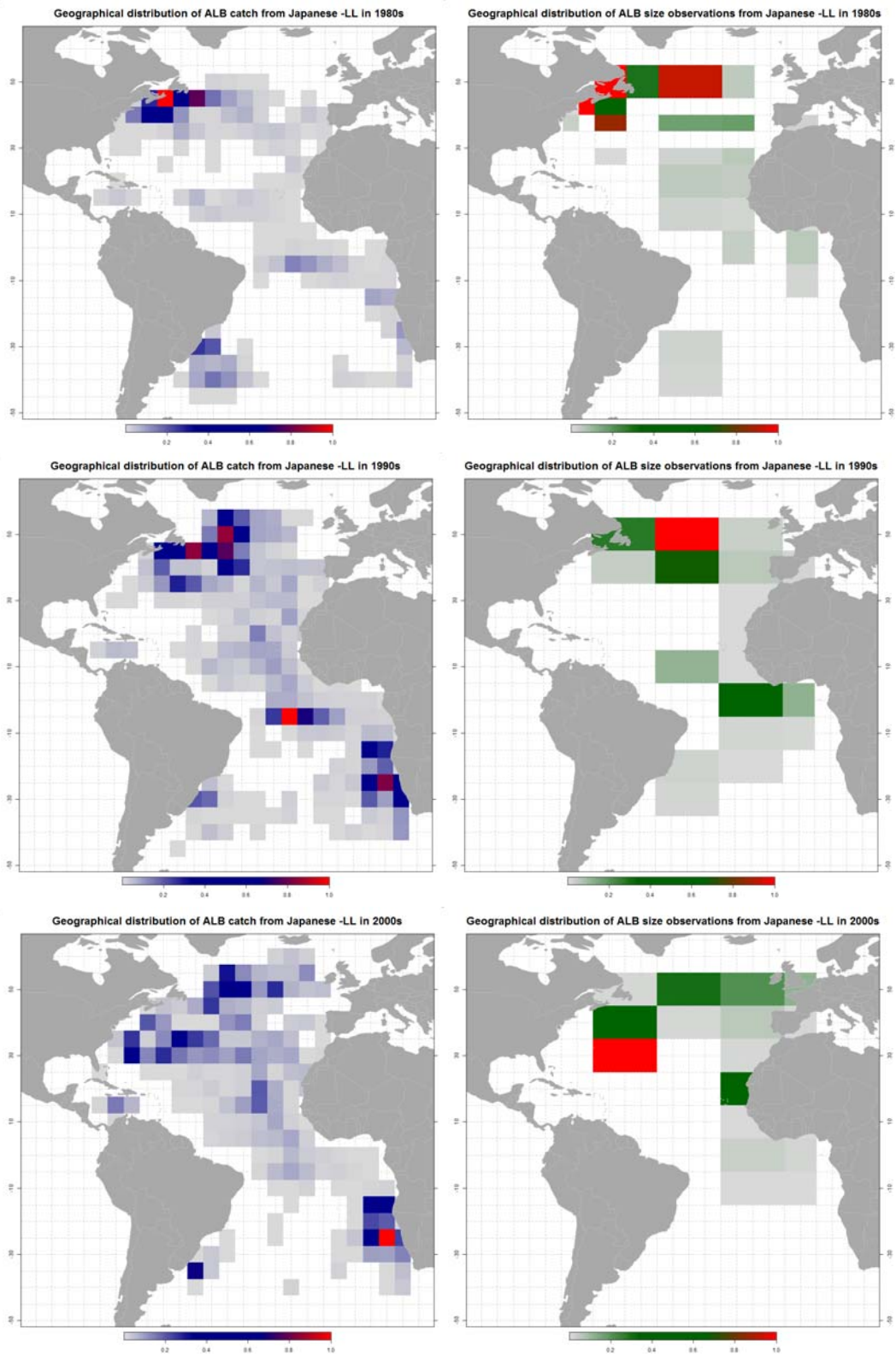


Figure 10. Catch and size observations distribution for the Japanese longline fleet in the 1980s, 1990s and 2000s.

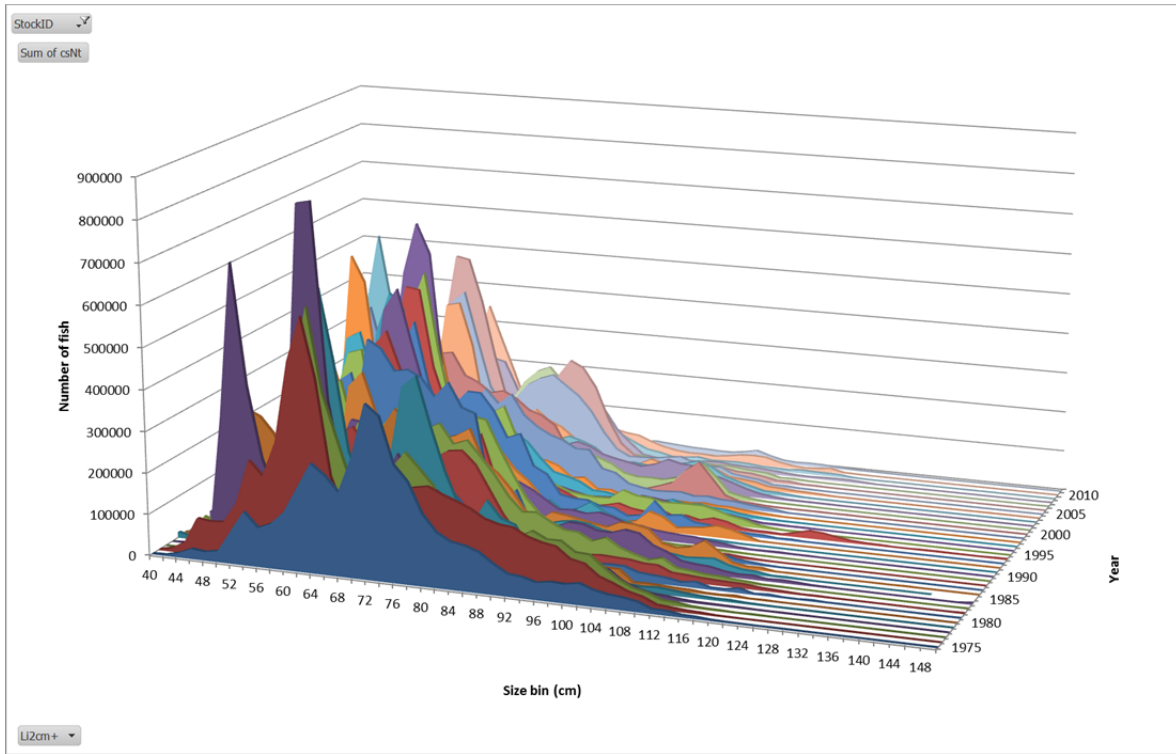


Figure 11. CAS (in 2cm lower limit classes) obtained for the northern ALB stock.

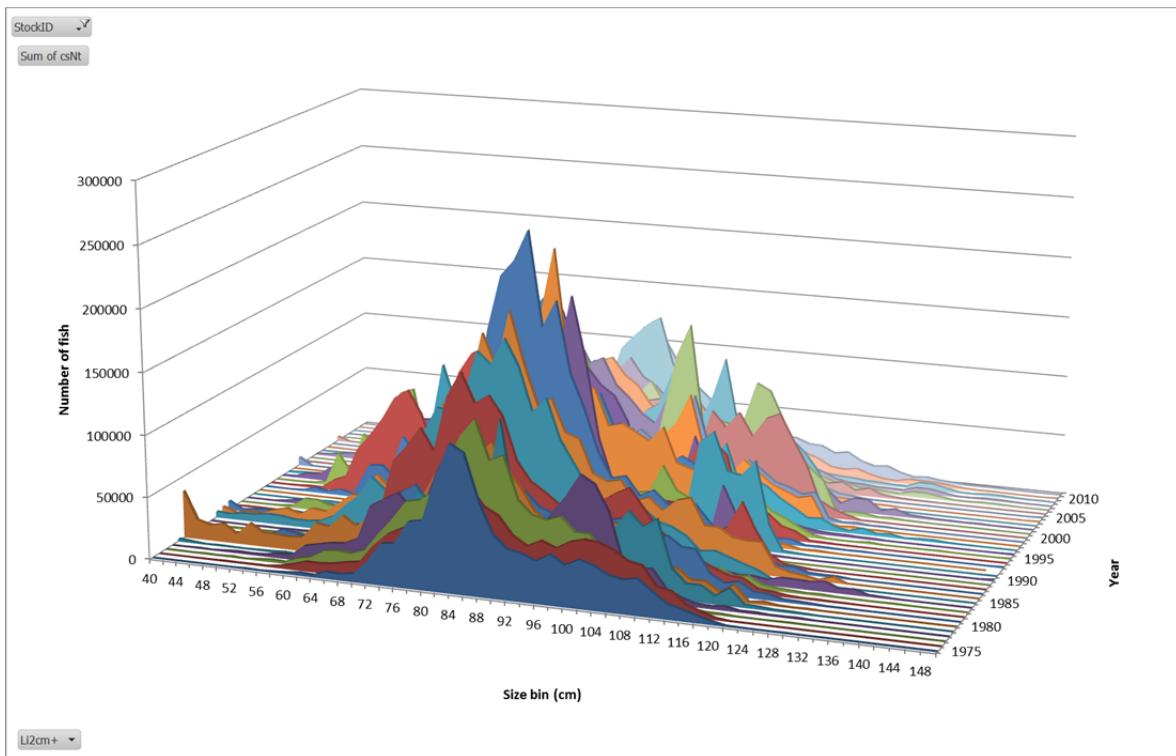


Figure 12. CAS (in 2cm lower limit classes) obtained for the southern ALB stock.

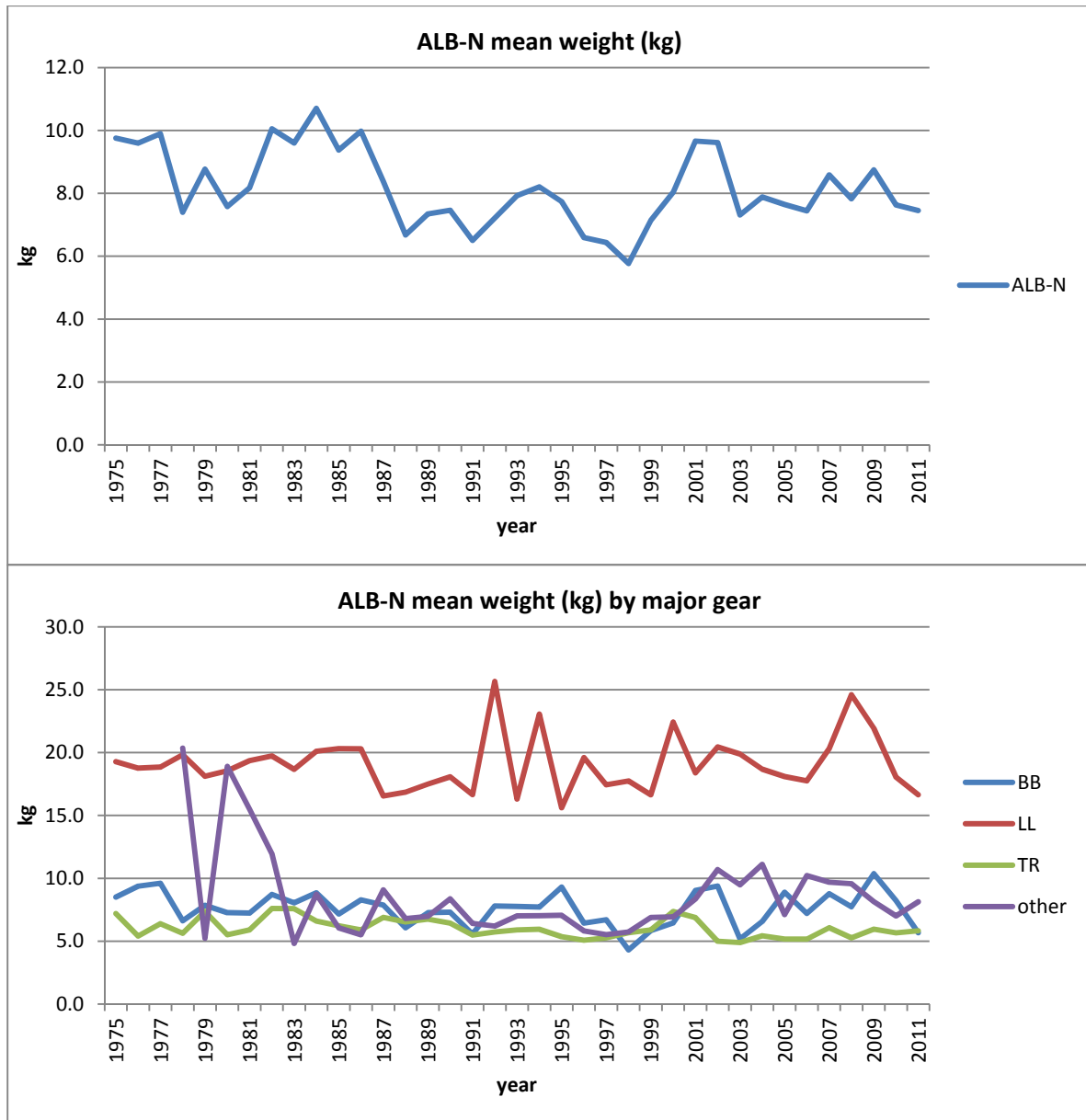


Figure 13. North Atlantic albacore mean weights (overall and by major gear) obtained from the CAS.

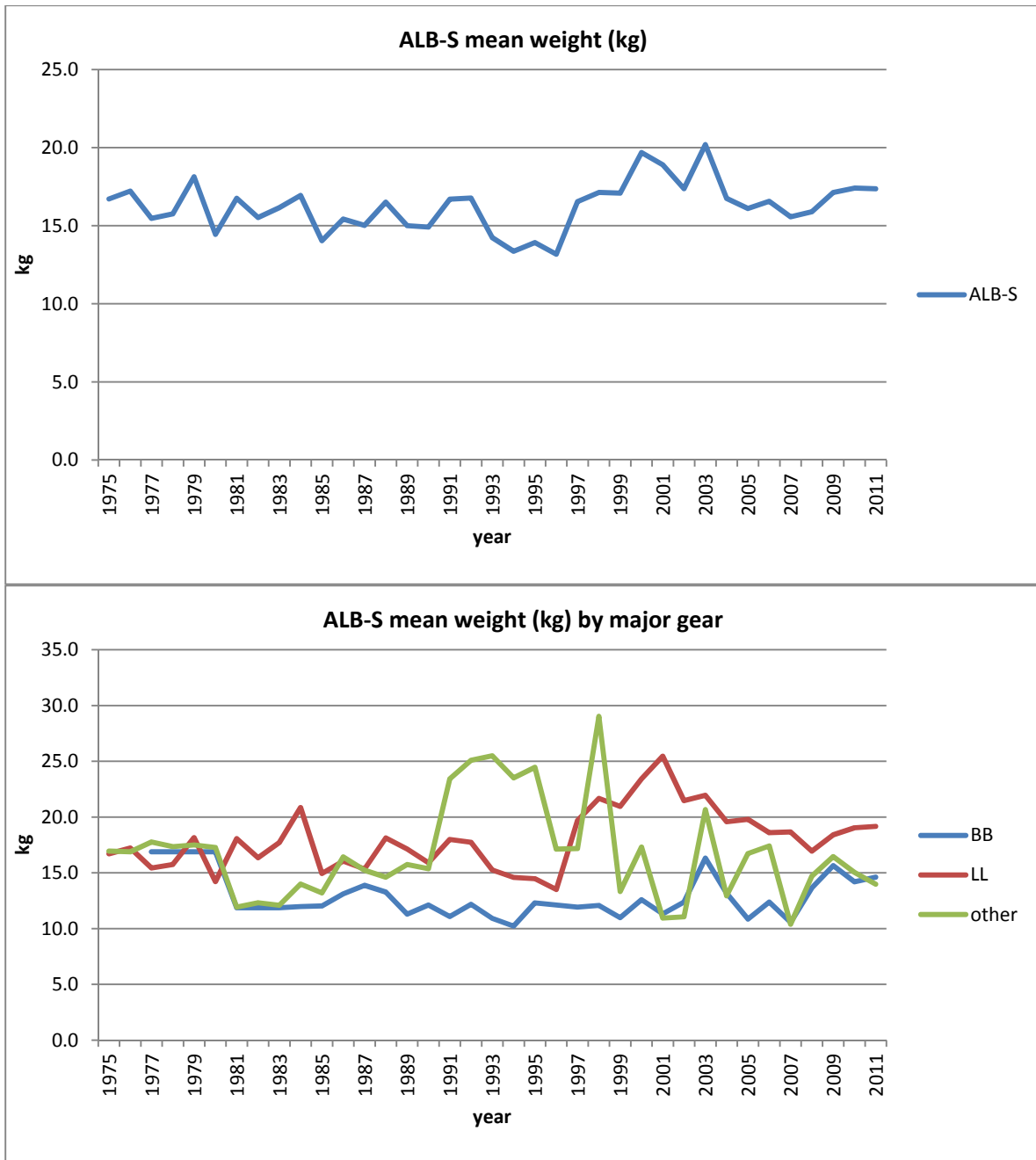


Figure 14. South Atlantic albacore mean weights (overall and by major gear) obtained from the CAS.

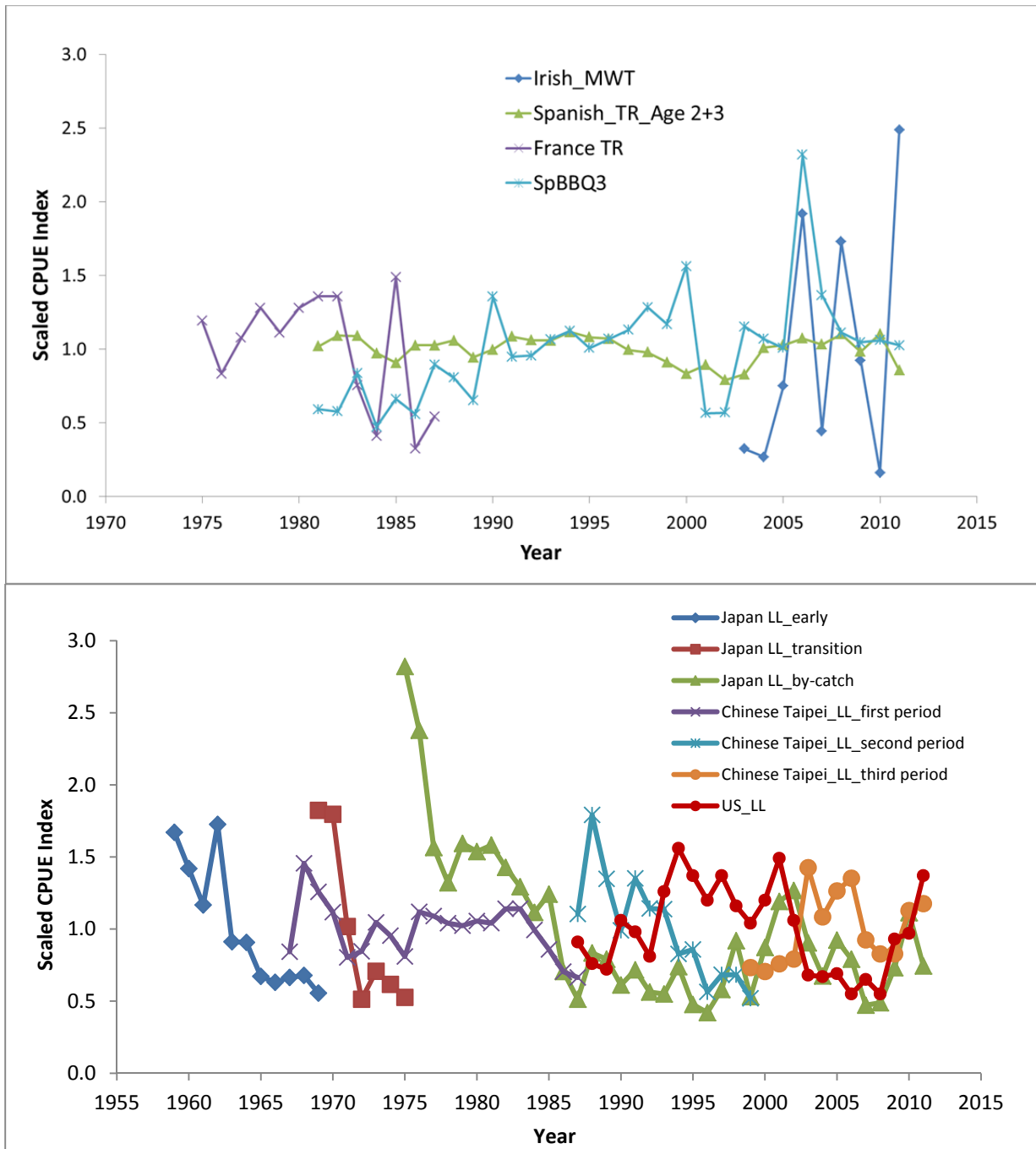


Figure 15 Standardized CPUE's for surface (upper panel) and longline (lower panel) fleets targeting North Atlantic albacore.

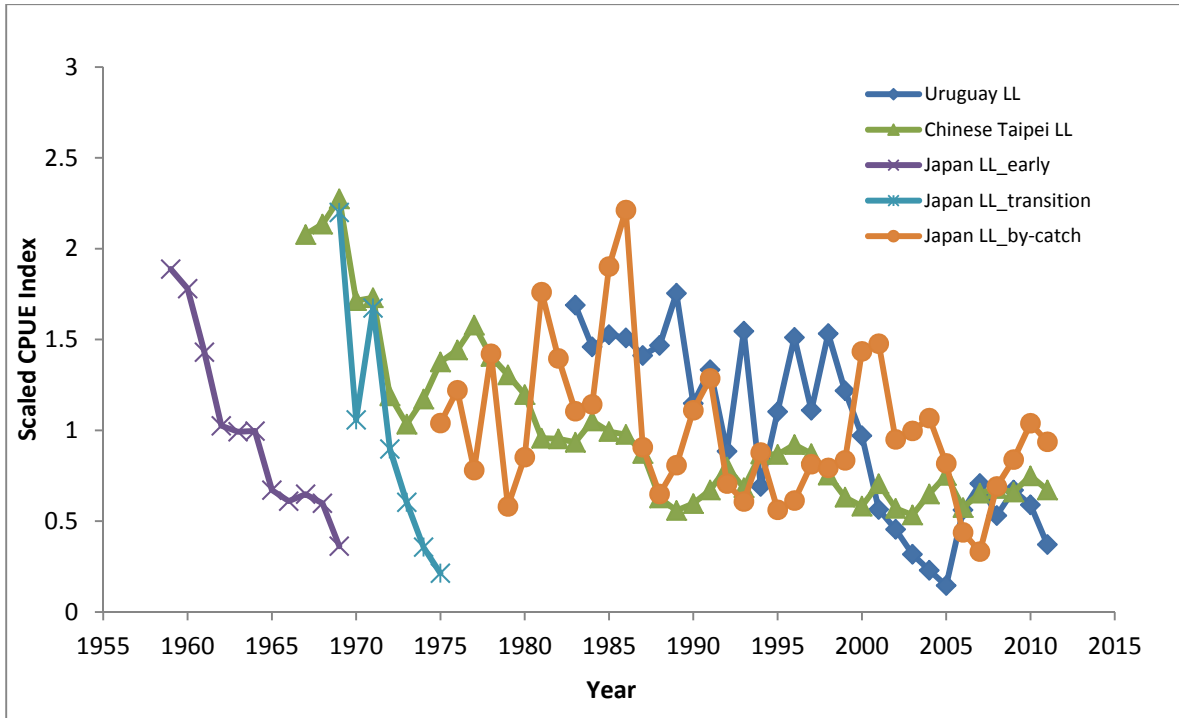
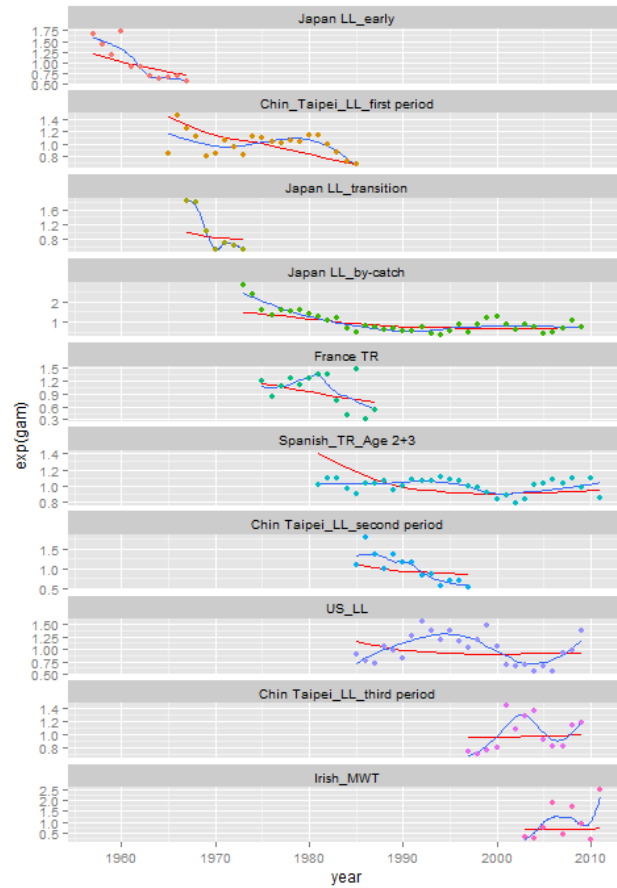
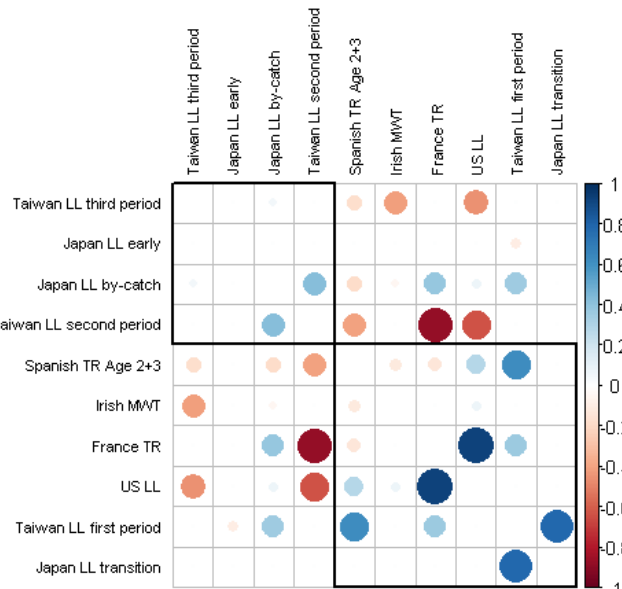


Figure 16. Standardized CPUE's for South Atlantic albacore.

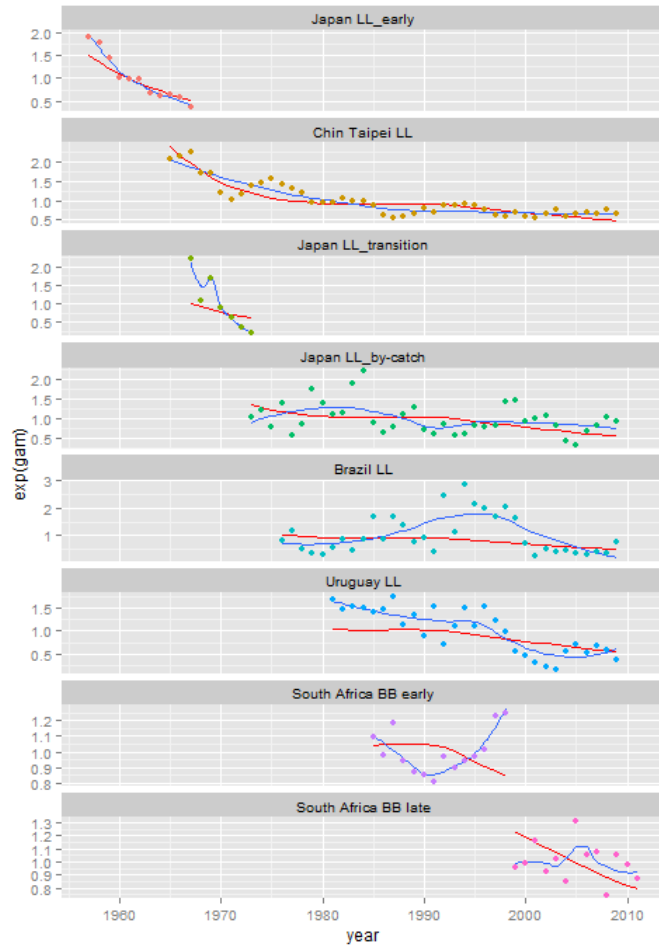


a)

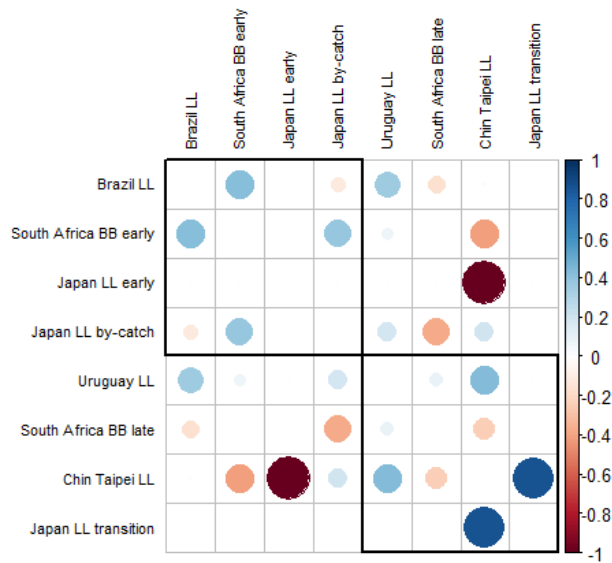


b)

Figure 17. Correlation plots for fleets fishing in the North Atlantic (a) shows individual fleet observations plotted against a GAM fitted to all series (red line) as well as a Loess smoother fitted to each individual series (blue line). (b) shows the individual correlation matrix between fleets. Longline fleets show a delay of 2 years to make them comparable with the surface fleets targeting smaller age classes.



a)



b)

Figure 18. Correlation plots for fleets fishing in the South Atlantic (a) shows individual fleet observations plotted against a GAM fitted to all series (red line) as well as a Loess smoother fitted to each individual series (blue line). (b) shows the individual correlation matrix between fleets. Longline fleets show a delay of 2 years to make them comparable with the surface fleets targeting smaller age classes.

AGENDA

1. Opening, adoption of agenda and meeting arrangements
2. Review of historical and new information on biology, including tagging
3. Review of fishery statistics
 - 3.1 Task I (catches) data
 - 3.2 Task II catch/effort
 - 3.3 Task II size data
6. Review of CAS, CAA and WAA
7. Review of available indices of relative abundance by fleet and estimation of combined indices
8. Identification of data inputs for the different assessment models and advice framework
 - NORTH:*
 - MFCL
 - VPA2-box
 - SS3
 - Others
 - SOUTH:*
 - ASPIC
 - BSP
 - Others
9. Limit Reference Points for albacore
10. Recommendations
11. Other matters
12. Adoption of the report and closure

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LIST OF DOCUMENTS

- SCRS/2013/043 Update of standardized CPUE of albacore tuna, *Thunnus alalunga*, caught by Uruguayan longliners in the southwestern Atlantic Ocean (1983-2012). Pons, M.
- SCRS/2013/052 Standardized north East Atlantic albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) CPUEs from the Spanish baitboat fleet by quarter, for the period 1981-2011. Ortiz de Zárate, V., Ortiz de Urbina, J.M. and B. Pérez, B.
- SCRS/2013/053 Standardized north East Atlantic albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) CPUEs from the Spanish troll fleet by quarter, for the period 1981-2012. Ortiz de Zárate, V. and Ortiz de Urbina, J.M.
- SCRS/2013/054 Updated standardized age specific catch rates for albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*), from the Spanish troll fishery in the northeast Atlantic: 1981-2011. Ortiz de Zárate, V., Ortiz de Urbina, J.M. and B. Pérez B.
- SCRS/2013/055 Use of age-length keys to estimate catch-at-age of albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) from the Spanish surface fishery in North East Atlantic, years 2009 to 2011. Victoria Ortiz de Zárate V., Quelle P., Ruiz M. and Pérez B.
- SCRS/2013/056 A preliminary stock assessment of the albacore tuna (*Thunnus alalunga*) stock in the northern Atlantic Ocean using a non-equilibrium production model. Merino, G., de Bruyn, P. and Kell, L.T.
- SCRS/2013/057 A preliminary stock assessment of the albacore tuna (*Thunnus alalunga*) stock in the southern Atlantic Ocean using a non-equilibrium production model. Merino, G., de Bruyn, P. and Kell, L.T.
- SCRS/2013/058 A preliminary stock assessment of the albacore tuna (*Thunnus alalunga*) stock in the northern Atlantic Ocean using Multifan-CL. Merino, G., de Bruyn, P. and Kell, L.T.
- SCRS/2013/060 Standardised catch rates of albacore tuna (*Thunnus alalunga*) from the Irish mid water paired trawl fleet 2003-2012. Cosgrove, R., Minto, C., Sheridan, M. and Officer, R.
- SCRS/2013/061 Standardized CPUE for North Atlantic albacore caught by the Japanese longline fishery. Kiyofuji, H.
- SCRS/2013/062 Review of Japanese longline fishery and its albacore catch in the Atlantic Ocean. Matsumoto, T.
- SCRS/2013/063 Standardized CPUE for South Atlantic albacore by the Japanese longline fishery. Matsumoto, T.
- SCRS/2013/064 Review and preliminary analyses of size frequency samples of North and South Atlantic albacore tuna (*Thunnus alalunga*). Ortiz, M.
- SCRS/2013/066 Standardized catch indices of albacore tuna, *Thunnus alalunga*, from the U.S. pelagic longline fishery. Lauretta, M.V., Orbesen, E.S., Schirripa, M., and Diaz, G.A.
- SCRS/2013/067 Preliminary estimations of non-retained catch of albacore, *Thunnus alalunga*, in the southwestern Atlantic Ocean. Domingo, A., Mas, F. and Forselledo, R.
- SCRS/2013/068 Standardized catch rates of albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) caught by the Brazilian fleet (1978-2011). Hazin, H.G., Hazin, F.H.V. and Mourato, B.L.
- SCRS/2013/069 Standardization on northern Atlantic albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) CPUE, dating from 1967 to 2012, based on Taiwanese longline catch and effort statistics. Chang, F., Tzeng, T. and Yeh, S.
- SCRS/2013/070 Standardized CPUE of South Atlantic albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) based on Taiwanese longline catch and effort statistics dating from 1967 to 2012. Chang, F. and Yeh, S.
- SCRS/2013/072 Standardization of the catch per unit effort for albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) for the South African tuna-pole (baitboat) fleet for the time series 1999-2011. West, W.M., Winker, H. and Kerwath, S.E.

**Ageing algorithm based on the Kimura Chikuni mixture
of distributions analysis (Kimura and Chikuni, 1987) implemented with an R function from A. Murtua
(<http://albertomurta.wikispaces.com/file/detail/Kimura-Chikuni-1987.R>). R function.**

```
## Function to apply the method by Kimura and Chikuni (1987):
## Kimura, D.K. and Chikuni, S. (1987) Mixtures of empirical distributions:
## an iterative application of the age-length key. Biometrics. 43, 23-35.
## 'freq.mat' is a matrix with the number of fish in each length (row) and age (column) class.
## This matrix can be obtained by simple random sampling or length-stratified random sampling.
## 'length.vec1' and 'length.vec2' are vectors with the number of fish in each length-class in population 1
## and population 2, respectively.

iterativeALK <- function(freq.mat, length.vec1, length.vec2, stop.value=0.001){
  if(length(length.vec1) != length(length.vec2) || length(length.vec2) != nrow(freq.mat) ||
    any(c(length.vec1, length.vec2, apply(freq.mat, 1, sum)) <= 0)){
    stop("The number of length-classes must be the same in all data sets and all length-classes must have
    been sampled.")
  }
  nij1.temp <- length.vec1 * freq.mat/apply(freq.mat, 1, sum)
  denom <- apply(nij1.temp, 2, sum)
  denom[denom==0] <- 1
  ialk.temp <- sweep(nij1.temp, 2, denom, "/")
  pj2.temp <- rep(1/ncol(freq.mat), ncol(freq.mat))
  criterion <- 10
  iterations <- 0
  while(criterion > stop.value){
    iterations <- iterations + 1
    pj2.temp.old <- pj2.temp
    denom <- apply(sweep(ialk.temp, 2, pj2.temp, "*"), 1, sum)
    denom[denom==0] <- 1
    alk.temp <- sweep(ialk.temp, 2, pj2.temp, "*/denom")
    nij2.temp <- length.vec2 * alk.temp
    pj2.temp <- apply(nij2.temp, 2, sum)/sum(nij2.temp)
    criterion <- sum(abs(pj2.temp - pj2.temp.old))
  }
  output <- list("Number of fish in each length and age-class in population 2" = nij2.temp,
    "Number of iterations to convergence" = iterations)
  return(output)
}
```

Example of R script:

```
CAAyr <- matrix(NA,nrow=1,ncol=dim(proSzAge)[2])
# Use the function for year version Remember to test the use of the positive cte 0.01 for empty
for (i in 1:dim(CASyr2)[2]) {
  IALK_N <- as.matrix(iterativeALK(freq.mat=proSzAge, length.vec1=CASyr2[,i], length.vec2=CASyr2[,i],
stop.value=0.00001)[[1]])
  tmp <- apply(IALK_N,2,sum)
  if (i == 1) { CAAyr <- tmp
  } else {
    CAAyr <- rbind(CAAyr,tmp)
  }
}
# check total number in CAS vr CAA
sum(CASyr)
sum(CAAyr)
```

Results test new algorithm.

1. Epsilon value choice

Num Itera	Epsilon	CAA from CAS 1983										
		Age_0	Age_1	Age_2	Age_3	Age_4	Age_5	Age_6	Age_7	Age_8	Age_9	Age_10
2	0.1	2612.977	7447.194	29974.590	154751.800	236834.600	171007.100	102998.890	73583.080	56428.830	45816.110	41906.090
4	0.01	2614.300	7637.790	26473.310	154532.400	246117.200	167032.800	101255.160	74665.540	56137.960	44828.430	42066.330
10	0.001	2611.921	7670.317	26165.340	153994.700	249391.800	163934.400	100771.730	76882.280	55612.420	43380.550	42945.780
29	0.0001	2611.929	7670.030	26173.320	153942.400	249487.600	164093.600	99863.480	78274.960	55253.720	42345.200	43644.970
53	0.00001	2611.928	7670.046	26172.710	153950.100	249443.400	164198.500	99678.270	78479.020	55204.570	42235.640	43717.020
123	0.0000001	2611.928	7670.048	26172.640	153951.100	249437.600	164213.200	99648.610	78524.860	55163.300	42254.030	43713.970
244	0.00000001	2611.928	7670.048	26172.630	153951.200	249436.900	164215.100	99643.920	78534.660	55150.430	42263.650	43710.780
365	0.000000001	2611.928	7670.048	26172.630	153951.200	249436.900	164215.200	99643.450	78535.640	55149.150	42264.620	43710.460

2. Test small positive (0.01) constant added to avoid zero size bin cells

Age Distribution No Cte CAS 40-140 cm											Age Distribution Yes Cte CAS 40-140 cm											
Year	Age_0	Age_1	Age_2	Age_3	Age_4	Age_5	Age_6	Age_7	Age_8	Age_9	Age_10	Age_0	Age_1	Age_2	Age_3	Age_4	Age_5	Age_6	Age_7	Age_8	Age_9	Age_10
1981	2283.67522	32248.84	56557.95	221089.06	308187.5	244717	162096.99	137615.58	109355.98	85897.5	74614.37	2283.72525	32248.966	56558.06	221089.2	308187.6	244717.1	162097.1	137615.6	109356	85897.58	74614.61
1983	2611.92829	7670.046	26172.71	153950.13	249443.4	164198.5	99678.27	78479.02	55204.57	42235.64	43717.02	2611.97832	7670.168	26172.82	153950.2	249443.5	164198.6	99678.34	78479.08	55204.62	42235.71	43717.36
1984	475.94177	3090.98	45907.34	141628.88	213692	146811.7	88112.03	73626.74	50739.53	35830.22	62173.65	475.9918	3091.102	45907.45	141629	213692.1	146811.8	88112.09	73626.8	50739.58	35830.28	62173.89
1986	9510.35293	50538.11	167577.83	368719.1	603850.7	458847.8	25786.29	160130.21	12352.55	10852.31	110560.13	9510.40297	50538.228	167577.93	368719.2	603850.8	458847.9	25786.4	160130.3	12352.6	10852.4	110560.64
1995	384.01228	117797.4	319632.17	279068.21	375837.5	336853.9	171201.08	118934.44	103672.78	87057.57	67732.3	384.06232	117797.52	319632.28	279068.3	375837.6	336854	171201.1	118934.5	103672.8	87057.65	67732.53
1996	3578.45619	111671.1	312445.17	344066.74	481491.6	412641.5	179484.49	111133.06	97305.64	62754.49	41016.15	3578.50623	111671.18	312445.28	344066.8	481491.7	412641.6	179484.6	111133.1	97305.69	62754.55	41016.39
1997	2322.96543	21076.58	80029.51	258368.59	385013	327738.1	190188.57	130872.68	113827.07	94069.65	90556.82	2323.01547	21076.707	80029.62	258368.7	385013.1	327738.1	190188.6	130872.7	113827.1	94069.72	90556.82
2002	3860.61593	22952.6	184228.73	150244.64	354209.2	313973.8	241970	192764.35	142267.97	108628.89	112149.61	3860.66597	22952.722	184228.83	150244.7	354209.3	313973.9	241970.1	192764.4	142268	108629	112149.9
2003	997.38647	8514.318	43089.19	36430.88	232295.1	233232.2	235960.86	212377.08	162109.48	124802.86	101157.99	997.43651	8514.441	43089.3	36430.97	232295.2	233232.3	235960.9	212377.1	162109.5	124802.9	101158.2
2004	2925.66392	16055	70197.73	131885.41	296909.3	305552	191418.57	135718.57	93538.94	64534.53	48535.09	2925.71396	16055.123	70197.84	131885.5	296909.4	305552	191418.6	135718.6	93538.98	64534.61	48535.32
2006	3657.22827	2752.732	60784.53	229288.69	327385.2	246780.3	202742.11	154617.78	110013.73	72404.41	58266.65	3657.27831	2752.854	60784.64	229288.8	327385.2	246780.4	202742.2	154617.8	110013.8	72404.47	58266.9
2007	41.91015	2723.262	44521.16	146651.49	297868.8	277970.4	165076.43	97207.74	74849.01	60758.18	52451.84	41.96019	2723.384	44521.27	146651.6	297868.9	277970.5	165076.5	97207.8	74849.06	60758.25	52452.08
	-0.05003	-0.122	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.08	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05003	-0.122	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.07	-0.06	-0.05	-0.07	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05003	-0.122	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.06	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.123	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.07	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.122	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.08	-0.23	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.122	-0.11	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.06	-0.05	-0.05	-0.06	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.123	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	0	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.07	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.122	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.07	-0.06	-0.05	-0.06	-0.25	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.123	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.06	-0.06	-0.04	-0.08	-0.23	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.122	-0.11	-0.1	-0.1	0	-0.06	-0.06	-0.04	-0.08	-0.23	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.122	-0.11	-0.1	0	-0.1	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	-0.05004	-0.122	-0.11	-0.09	-0.1	-0.1	-0.07	-0.06	-0.05	-0.07	-0.24	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%

Diferencia in numbers

Diferencia in proportion by age class

Appendix 5

Substitution tables used to create CAS data (ALB Northern and Southern stocks)

(Blue header: Task I information; orange header Task-II size information).

ATN

t1Yr	tIFleetC	tIGear	tIStockt	tILorDt	tIYt	ratio	szYr	szFleetC	szGear	szStock	Yield(t)	szNt	Lmg	Lmed	Wmed	TPerGrp	Remarks	Actions
1992JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	466	0.8811	1992JPN	LLHB	ATN	529	33038	49-134	89	16	qq	<99%	raise	
1993JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	485	1.3425	1993JPN	LLHB	ATN	361	36495	37-134	71	10	qq	<99%	raise	
1994JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	505	1.1077	1994JPN	LLHB	ATN	456	36970	37-134	78	12	qq	<99%	raise	
1995JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	386	1.0557	1995JPN	LLHB	ATN	366	23048	37-134	87	16	qq	<99%	raise	
1996JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	466	0.9518	1996JPN	LLHB	ATN	490	27761	69-134	92	18	qq	<99%	raise	
1997JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	414	0.7485	1997JPN	LLHB	ATN	553	27522	35-134	95	20	qq	<99%	raise	
1998JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	446	0.7402	1998JPN	LLHB	ATN	603	30127	40-134	95	20	qq	<99%	raise	
1999JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	425	0.9163	1999JPN	LLHB	ATN	464	31760	61-134	86	15	qq	<99%	raise	
2000JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	688	0.7157	2000JPN	LLHB	ATN	961	52995	46-130	92	18	qq	<99%	raise	
2001JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	1126	0.7935	2001JPN	LLHB	ATN	1419	87324	58-130	89	16	qq	<99%	raise	
2002JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	711	0.8315	2002JPN	LLHB	ATN	856	48834	61-130	92	18	qq	<99%	raise	
2003BRB		HAND	ATN	L	13	0.9914	2003USA-Com	HAND	ATN	0	11	107-118	115	34	mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2003JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	680	0.2810	2003JPN	LLHB	ATN	717	37540	42-134	94	19	qq	<99%	raise	
2004BRB		HAND	ATN	L	10	0.1446	2004USA-Com	HAND	ATN	9	155	103-149	138	60	mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2004BRB		LLHB	ATN	L	80	0.0275	2004USA-Com	LL	ATN	300	6331	77-190	128	47	mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2004JPN		LLHB	ATN	L	892	0.8131	2004JPN	LLHB	ATN	890	54368	41-130	88	16	qq	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2005BRB		HAND	ATN	L	20	0.3781												

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2007CHN	LL	ATN	L	590.0966	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	L	12972.1243	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	L	2561.0383	2007EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	246	16931	64-112	87	15mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	L	81200.9685	2007EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	8384	969232	42-115	73	9mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	L	60890.9874	2007EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	6166	1016367	38-114	65	6mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATN	L	118338.05	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	BB	ATN	L	150.0018	2007EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	8384	969232	42-115	73	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	L	860.0306	2007EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	2819	308756	48-109	75	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	LL	ATN	L	10.0058	2007EU.FRA-FR	LL-deri	ATN	166	23774	52-88	68	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	LL-B	ATN	L	10.0038	2007EU.FRA-FR	LL-deri	ATN	166	23774	52-88	68	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	LL-deri	ATN	L	2281.3695	2007EU.FRA-FR	LL-deri	ATN	166	23774	52-88	68	7mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.FRA	TROL	ATN	L	40.0015	2007EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	2819	308756	48-109	75	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	L	28371.0066	2007EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	2819	308756	48-109	75	9mm	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2007EU.FRA	TRAW	ATN	L	50.0018	2007EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	2819	308756	48-109	75	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.FRA	UNCL	ATN	L	20.0006	2007EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	2819	308756	48-109	75	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	L	101.3972	2007EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	7	945	53-91	71	8mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	L	5860.9779	2007EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	599	77475	49-100	71	8mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	L	284.9782	2007EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	6	583	62-91	76	10mm	<99%	raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	LLSWO	ATN	L	24.9795	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	L	539.4437	2007EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	6	583	62-91	76	10mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	LL	ATN	L	27.0828	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	LLALB	ATN	L	57163.48	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LL-surf	ATN	L	410.543	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	L	39110.37	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.UK	HAND	ATN	L	210.0355	2007EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	599	77475	49-100	71	8mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007EU.UK	LL	ATN	L	8	0.014	2007EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	599	77475	49-100	71	8mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007FR.SPM-CAN	LL	ATN	L	30.2021	2007CAN	LL-surf	ATN	16	582	82-149	105	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007GRD	LL	ATN	L	200.0333	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007JPN	LLHB	ATN	L	2880.8529	2007JPN	LLHB	ATN	338	16138	62-134	98	21qq	<99%	raise	
2007KOR	LL	ATN	L	120.0197	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007MAR	LL	ATN	L	960.3898	2007EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	246	16931	64-112	87	15mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007PAN-PAN-GHA	LL	ATN	L	60.0102	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007PAN-PAN-SEN	LL	ATN	L	1160.1904	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007PAN-PAN-TTO	LL	ATN	L	1750.2873	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007PHL	LL	ATN	L	80.0123	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007VCT	LLFB	ATN	L	2630.4301	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007LCA	TROL	ATN	L	20.8873	2007VEN	PS	ATN	2	107	90-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007TTO-TTO-TRINID	LLHB	ATN	L	180.0302	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007USA-Com	GILL	ATN	L	10.0036	2007USA-Com	LL	ATN	288	5912	103-180	129	49mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007USA-Com	HAND	ATN	L	6	0.556	2007USA-Com	HAND	ATN	10	201	119-148	130	50mm	<99%	raise
2007USA-Com	LL	ATN	L	1270.4406	2007USA-Com	LL	ATN	288	5912	103-180	129	49mm	<99%	raise	
2007USA-Com	TRAW	ATN	L	0.31	1.469	2007USA-Com	TRAW	ATN	0	5126	126	127	45mm	<99%	raise
2007USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	L	4	1.233	2007USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	0	8121	136	127	46mm	<99%	raise
2007USA-Rec	RR	ATN	L	3941.0212	2007USA-Rec	RR	ATN	385	19125	54-127	96	20mm	<99%	raise	
2007VUT	LL	ATN	L	950.1549	2007TAI	LLFB	ATN	611	26570	60-137	101	23mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007VEN	BB	ATN	L	2610.991	2007VEN	PS	ATN	2	107	90-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007VEN	LL	ATN	L	14662.084	2007VEN	PS	ATN	2	107	90-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2007VEN	PS	ATN	L	19884.042	2007VEN	PS	ATN	2	107	90-110	100	22mm	<99%	raise	
2007VEN.ARTISANAL	GILL	ATN	L	51.9987	2007VEN	PS	ATN	2	107	90-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008BRB	HAND	ATN	L	10.0084	2008USA-Rec	RR	ATN	114	5499	61-114	97	21mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008BRB	LLHB	ATN	L	60.0233	2008USA-Com	LL	ATN	264	5299	94-178	130	50mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	L	260.0474	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008CAN	HARP	ATN	L	32.1776	2008CAN	HARP	ATN	2	70	87-112	101	23mm	<99%	raise	
2008CAN	LL-surf	ATN	L	221.3656	2008CAN	LL-surf	ATN	16	836	70-194	95	19mm	<99%	raise	
2008CAN	RR	ATN	L	51.2869	2008CAN	TROL	ATN	4	170	64-136	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008CAN	TL	ATN	L	10.1522	2008CAN	TROL	ATN	4	170	64-136	100	22mm	<99%	raise	
2008CAN	UNCL	ATN	L	25.1217	2009CAN	TROL	ATN	0	19	94-109	103	24mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008CHN	LL	ATN	L	240.0441	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	L	11072.0017	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	L	7300.9821	2008EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	744	46201	52-126	89	16mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	L	66731.0949	2008EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	6094	853737	40-108	68	7mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	L	52331.0179	2008EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	5141	977418	39-106	62	5mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATN	L	89254.67	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.FRA	BB	ATN	L	70.0011	2008EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	6094	853737	40-108	68	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	L	673.2676	2008EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	20	2178	49-120	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.FRA	LL	ATN	L	663.7261	2009EU.FRA-FR	LL-B	ATN	18	1752	48-118	75	10mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.FRA	LL-deri	ATN	L	6254.225	2008EU.FRA-FR	LL-deri	ATN	1	132	45-93	72	9mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	L	136066.504	2008EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	20	2178	49-120	74	9mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.FRA	TRAW	ATN	L	144770.759	2008EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	20	2178	49-120	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.FRA	UNCL	ATN	L	10.0703	2008EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	20	2178	49-120	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	L	30.9327	2008EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	3	420	54-88	70	7mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	L	15141.0508	2008EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	1441	157050	52-107	74	9mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	L	4071.1986	2008EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	339	29123	67-111	81	12mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	L	1110.3264	2008EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	339	29123	67-111	81	12mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	LL	ATN	L	13.4055	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	LLALB	ATN	L	46131.67	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	HAND	ATN	L	514.366	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	L	44124.56	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	<99%	raise	
2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	SURF	ATN	L	12.1778	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	6	65-219	116	58mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008EU.UK	HAND	ATN	L	500.0344	2008EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	1441	157050	52-107	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008GRD	LL	ATN	L	150.0268	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008JPN	LLHB	ATN	L	4020.8279	2008JPN	LLHB	ATN	486	22903	61-134	98	21qq	<99%	raise	

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2008KOR	LL	ATN	L	590.1063	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008MAR	LL	ATN	L	990.1331	2008EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	744	46201	52-126	89	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008PAN-PAN-SEN	LL	ATN	L	60.0113	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008PAN-PAN-SUR	LL	ATN	L	990.1792	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008PAN-PAN-TTO	LL	ATN	L	8	0.014	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008PHL-PHL-MANILA	LL	ATN	L	19	0.035	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008VCT	LLFB	ATN	L	1300.2352	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008LCA	TROL	ATN	L	25.2044	2008VEN	PS	ATN	0	21	92-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008TTO-TTO-TRINID	LLHB	ATN	L	32	0.057	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008USA-Com	GILL	ATN	L	20.0085	2008USA-Com	LL	ATN	264	5299	94-178	130	50mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008USA-Com	HAND	ATN	L	1	0.786	2008USA-Com	HAND	ATN	1	20111-130	123	42mm	<99%	raise	
2008USA-Com	LL	ATN	L	1270.4798	2008USA-Com	LL	ATN	264	5299	94-178	130	50mm	<99%	raise	
2008USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	L	20.0071	2008USA-Com	LL	ATN	264	5299	94-178	130	50mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008USA-Rec	RR	ATN	L	1251.0986	2008USA-Rec	RR	ATN	114	5499	61-114	97	21mm	<99%	raise	
2008VUT	LL	ATN	L	200.0353	2008TAI	LLFB	ATN	553	19897	43-141	107	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008VEN	BB	ATN	L	510.643	2008VEN	PS	ATN	0	21	92-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008VEN	GILL	ATN	L	817.811	2008VEN	PS	ATN	0	21	92-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008VEN	LL	ATN	L	138300.23	2008VEN	PS	ATN	0	21	92-110	100	22mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2008VEN	PS	ATN	L	70152.74	2008VEN	PS	ATN	0	21	92-110	100	22mm	<99%	raise	
2009BRB	HAND	ATN	L	10.0368	2009USA-Rec	RR	ATN	23	1208	36-114	93	19mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009BRB	LLHB	ATN	L	30.1198	2009USA-Rec	RR	ATN	23	1208	36-114	93	19mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	L	393.3891	2009BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	11	949	75-90	82	12mm	<99%	raise	
2009CAN	HARP	ATN	L	12.4772	2009CAN	HARP	ATN	0	20	57-111	99	22mm	<99%	raise	
2009CAN	LL-surf	ATN	L	80.9265	2009CAN	LL-surf	ATN	9	536	47-113	91	17mm	<99%	raise	
2009CAN	RR	ATN	L	16.3983	2009CAN	RR	ATN	0	7	99-111	105	26mm	<99%	raise	
2009CAN	TL	ATN	L	0.20.4654	2009CAN	TROL	ATN	0	19	94-109	103	24mm	<99%	raise	
2009CHN	LL	ATN	L	270.8746	2009CHN	LL	ATN	31	1255	84-129	104	25mm	<99%	raise	
2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	L	8631.7276	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	<99%	raise	
2009CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATN	L	2011.0004	2009CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATN	20	714	90-123	108	28mm	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2009CIV-CIV-KOREA	LL	ATN	L	250.0494	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	L	490.9895	2009EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	50	5930	40-127	72	8mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	L	48900.9442	2009EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	5180	498866	44-111	78	10mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	L	44371.0185	2009EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	4356	731451	36-112	64	6mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATN	L	240	1385	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	10	60-113	90	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	L	45.5223	2009EU.FRA-FR	TROL	ATN	1	70	42-87	76	10mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.FRA	LL	ATN	L	40.2089	2009EU.FRA-FR	LL-B	ATN	18	1752	48-118	75	10mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.FRA	TROL	ATN	L	12.0448	2009EU.FRA-FR	TROL	ATN	1	70	42-87	76	10mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.FRA	TRAW	ATN	L	77316.712	2009EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	46	3797	36-130	81	12mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.FRA	UNCL	ATN	L	3417.3733	2009EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	46	3797	36-130	81	12mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	L	170.9998	2009EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	17	588	90-123	108	28mm	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2009EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	L	10.8847	2009EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	1	167	48-92	58	4mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	L	19970.9084	2009EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2198	333291	50-106	67	7mm	<99%	raise	
2009EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	L	450.9942	2009EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	45	4347	76-110	79	10mm	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2009EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	L	9	5.12	2009EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	2	55	83-154	112	33mm	<99%	raise
2009EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	LL	ATN	L	42243.68	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	10	60-113	90	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	L	1163.151	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	10	60-113	90	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.UK	HAND	ATN	L	240.0111	2009EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2198	333291	50-106	67	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.UK	LL	ATN	L	10.0004	2009EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2198	333291	50-106	67	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009EU.UK	TRAW	ATN	L	410.0188	2009EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2198	333291	50-106	67	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009GRD	LL	ATN	L	180.0358	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009JPN	LLHB	ATN	L	2880.9967	2009JPN	LLHB	ATN	289	14766	62-134	96	20qq	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2009KOR	LL	ATN	L	820.1642	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009MAR	LL	ATN	L	1302.5998	2009EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	50	5930	40-127	72	8mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009PAN-PAN-GHA	LL	ATN	L	30.0058	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009PAN-PAN-SUR	LL	ATN	L	420.0849	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009VCT	LLFB	ATN	L	1340.2683	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009TTO-TTO-TRINID	LLHB	ATN	L	170.0336	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009USA-Com	GILL	ATN	L	60.6311	2009CAN	LL-surf	ATN	9	536	47-113	91	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009USA-Com	HAND	ATN	L	1	0.058	2009CAN	LL-surf	ATN	9	536	47-113	91	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009USA-Com	LL	ATN	L	1580.9516	2009USA-Com	LL	ATN	166.45	6877	49-143	103	24mm	<99%	raise	
2009USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	L	10.1407	2009CAN	LL-surf	ATN	9	536	47-113	91	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009USA-Rec	RR	ATN	L	230.9949	2009USA-Rec	RR	ATN	23	1208	36-114	93	19mm	OK(t1=cs)	none	
2009VUT	LL	ATN	L	1400.2802	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009VEN	GILL	ATN	L	24	75.25	2009VEN	PS	ATN	0	13	96-110	104	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009VEN	LL	ATN	L	290908.64	2009VEN	PS	ATN	0	13	96-110	104	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2009VEN	PS	ATN	L	84264.01	2009VEN	PS	ATN	0	13	96-110	104	25mm	<99%	raise	
2010BRB	HAND	ATN	L	4	0.03	2010USA-Rec	RR	ATN	131	7424	84-110	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRB	LLHB	ATN	L	20.0147	2010USA-Rec	RR	ATN	131	7424	84-110	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2010BLZ-CIV	PS	ATN	L	513.0235	2009EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	17	588	90-123	108	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2010BLZ-ESP	LL	ATN	L	20.0513	2010BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	37	2807	70-94	84	13mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2010BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	L	3649.9527	2010BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	37	2807	70-94	84	13mm	<99%	raise	
2010CAN	HARP	ATN	L	0.45.2798	2010CAN	HARP	ATN	0	3	99-101	101	22mm	<99%	raise	
2010CAN	LL-surf	ATN	L	141.1371	2010CAN	LL-surf	ATN	12	706	68-133	92	17mm	<99%	raise	
2010CAN	TL	ATN	L	0.10.4849	2010CAN	TROL	ATN	0	4	95-110	106	26mm	<99%	raise	
2010CHN	LL	ATN	L	1423.3725	2010CHN	LL	ATN	42	1728	76-129	103	24mm	<99%	raise	
2010TAI	LLFB	ATN	L	15872.5481	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	<99%	raise	
2010CIV-CIV-KOREA	LL	ATN	L	530.0857	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	
2010EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	L	4081.3719	2010EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	298	16833	59-116	92	18mm	<99%	raise	
2010EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	L	54320.9655	2010EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	5626	722768	44-105	70	8mm	<99%	raise	
2010EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	L	7009	1.025	2010EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	6838	1203937	36-115	63	6mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATN	L	111	639.26	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	10	60-113	90	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.FRA	GILL	ATN	L	20.0429	2009EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	46	3797	36-130	81	12mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise	

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2010EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	L	57	9.515	2010EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	6	946	46-101	64	6mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.FRA	LL	ATN	L	170	9.9509	2009EU.FRA-FR	LL-B	ATN	18	1752	48-118	75	10mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.FRA	PS	ATN	L	50	2.2727	2009EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	17	588	90-123	108	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	L	70	1.414	2009EU.FRA-FR	MWTD	ATN	46	3797	36-130	81	12mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	L	1043	4.4084	2010EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	237	29810	41-120	70	8mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.FRA	TRAW	ATN	L	1660	7.029	2010EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	237	29810	41-120	70	8mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.FRA	UNCL	ATN	L	20	0.0664	2010EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	237	29810	41-120	70	8mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	L	40	0.0087	2010EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	442	81907	49-120	62	5mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	L	785	1.7763	2010EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	442	81907	49-120	62	5mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	L	829	8.129	2010EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	8	473	70-125	92	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	L	97	11.654	2010EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	8	473	70-125	92	18mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	L	1375	3.14	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	10	60-113	90	17mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	SURF	ATN	L	1058	7.63	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	0	10	60-113	90	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.UK	HAND	ATN	L	710	1.599	2010EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	442	81907	49-120	62	5mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.UK	LL	ATN	L	210	0.486	2010EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	442	81907	49-120	62	5mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.UK	TRAW	ATN	L	250	0.576	2010EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	442	81907	49-120	62	5mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010GRD	LL	ATN	L	180	0.284	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010GTM.ETRO	PS	ATN	L	30	0.9808	2010GTM.ETRO	PS	ATN	3	108	90-123	108	28mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2010JPN	LLHB	ATN	L	5250	8.808	2010JPN	LLHB	ATN	632	28632	62-124	99	22qq	<99%	raise
2010KOR	LL	ATN	L	1100	1.771	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010PAN	LL	ATN	L	1540	2.475	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010VCT	LLFB	ATN	L	174	0.28	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010VCT	TROL	ATN	L	224	4.98	2010VEN	PS	ATN	0	19	54-66	61	5qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010LCA	TROL	ATN	L	130	1419.4	2010VEN	PS	ATN	0	19	54-66	61	5qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010TTO-TTO-TRINID	LLHB	ATN	L	170	0.275	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010USA-Com	HAND	ATN	L	20	1.599	2010CAN	LL-surf	ATN	12	706	68-133	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010USA-Com	LL	ATN	L	160	1.2482	2010USA-Com	LL	ATN	128.21	7113	62-125	93	18mm	<99%	raise
2010USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	L	20	1.861	2010CAN	LL-surf	ATN	12	706	68-133	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010USA-Rec	RR	ATN	L	150	1.1412	2010USA-Rec	RR	ATN	131	7424	84-110	93	18mm	<99%	raise
2010VUT	LL	ATN	L	1870	3.002	2010TAI	LL	ATN	623	23345	76-150	106	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010VEN	BB	ATN	L	670	0.087	2010VEN	PS	ATN	0	19	54-66	61	5qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010VEN	GILL	ATN	L	242	63.85	2010VEN	PS	ATN	0	19	54-66	61	5qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010VEN	LL	ATN	L	242	2645.1	2010VEN	PS	ATN	0	19	54-66	61	5qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010VEN	PS	ATN	L	16	176.84	2010VEN	PS	ATN	0	19	54-66	61	5qq	<99%	raise
2011BRB	HAND	ATN	L	10	0.061	2011USA-Rec	RR	ATN	148	8483	84-110	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRB	LLHB	ATN	L	30	0.226	2011USA-Rec	RR	ATN	148	8483	84-110	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	L	3515	5.9858	2011BLZ-TTO	LL	ATN	59	4496	60-125	84	13mm	<99%	raise
2011CAN	HARP	ATN	L	12	8778	2011CAN	HARP	ATN	0	16	73-128	99	23mm	<99%	raise
2011CAN	LL-surf	ATN	L	221	0.698	2011CAN	LL-surf	ATN	20	1030	73-126	95	20mm	<99%	raise
2011CAN	RR	ATN	L	5	1.0019	2011CAN	RR	ATN	5	206	76-118	104	25mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2011CAN	TL	ATN	L	0.34	4518	2011CAN	TL	ATN	0	3	100-108	105	26mm	<99%	raise
2011CPV	PS	ATN	L	5	1.232	2011EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	3	115	92-123	108	28mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011CHN	LL	ATN	L	1019	3.814	2011CHN	LL	ATN	11	465	82-127	101	23mm	<99%	raise
2011TAI	LLFB	ATN	L	1367	2.2082	2011TAI	LL	ATN	619	24290	79-140	105	25mm	<99%	raise
2011CIV-CIV-KOREA	LL	ATN	L	39	0.34	2011TAI	LL	ATN	619	24290	79-140	105	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	L	330	1.1097	2010EU.ESP-ES-CANARY	BB	ATN	298	16833	59-116	92	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	L	4346	0.9545	2011EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	BB	ATN	4553	95798	42-123	60	5mm	<99%	raise
2011EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	L	3564	1.0291	2011EU.ESP-ES-CANT_ALB	TROL	ATN	3463	594887	39-120	64	6mm	<99%	raise
2011EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATN	L	117	138.06	2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	1	29	50-129	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	GILL	ATN	L	10	0.587	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	L	121	1.9346	2010EU.FRA	HAND	ATN	6	946	46-101	64	6mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	LL	ATN	L	30	1.587	2009EU.FRA-FR	LL-B	ATN	18	1752	48-118	75	10mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	TN	ATN	L	262	2.324	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	TROL	ATN	L	100	8.329	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	L	907	6.813	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	L	3113	265.22	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	<99%	raise
2011EU.FRA	TRAW	ATN	L	463	9.471	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA	UNCL	ATN	L	484	1.105	2011EU.FRA	MWTD	ATN	12	1291	48-110	74	9mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	L	3	1.0001	2011EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATN	3	115	92-123	108	28mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2011EU.IRL	TROL	ATN	L	20	0.007	2011EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2999	421941	49-89	69	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	L	3595	1.1987	2011EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2999	421941	49-89	69	7mm	<99%	raise
2011EU.NLD	TRAW	ATN	L	60	0.019	2011EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2999	421941	49-89	69	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	L	7600	8.539	2011EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	891	43877	49-127	96	20mm	<99%	raise
2011EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	BB	ATN	L	940	1.057	2011EU.PRT-PT-AZORES	BB	ATN	891	43877	49-127	96	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.PRT-PT-MADEIRA	LL	ATN	L	33	2.509	2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	1	29	50-129	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	L	84	99.049	2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	1	29	50-129	108	29mm	<99%	raise
2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	SURF	ATN	L	104	122.2	2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATN	1	29	50-129	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.UK	HAND	ATN	L	330	0.111	2011EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2999	421941	49-89	69	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.UK	LL	ATN	L	24	0.008	2011EU.IRL	MWTD	ATN	2999	421941	49-89	69	7mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011GRD	LL	ATN	L	180	0.287	2011TAI	LL	ATN	619	24290	79-140	105	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011JPN	LLHB	ATN	L	494	1.0993	2011JPN	LLHB	ATN	450	19245	62-127	101	23qq	<99%	raise
2011KOR	LL	ATN	L	600	0.965	2011TAI	LL	ATN	619	24290	79-140	105	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011PAN	LL	ATN	L	1030	1.657	2011TAI	LL	ATN	619	24290	79-140	105	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011VCT	LLFB	ATN	L	3297	5.301	2011VCT	LLFB	ATN	44	2980	50-139	86	15qq	<99%	raise
2011TTO-TTO-TRINID	LLHB	ATN	L	170	0.274	2011TAI	LL	ATN	619	24290	79-140	105	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011USA-Com	HAND	ATN	L	1	1.2506	2011USA-Com	HAND	ATN	0.60	48	82-98	83	13mm	<99%	raise
2011USA-Com	LL	ATN	L	268	1.2472	2011USA-Com	LL	ATN	214.61	12748	62-111	91	17mm	<99%	raise
2011USA-Com	TRAW	ATN	L	2	1.247	2011USA-Com	TRAW	ATN	1.63	128	72-103	83	13mm	<99%	raise
2011USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	L	8	1.2469	2011USA-Com	UNCL	ATN	6.29	495	72-103	83	13mm	<99%	raise
2011USA-Rec	RR	ATN	L	171	1.1487	2011USA-Rec	RR	ATN	148	8483	84-110	93	18mm	<99%	raise
2011UK.BMU	RR	ATN	L	10	0.036	2011USA-Rec	RR	ATN	148	8483	84-110	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011VUT	LL	ATN	L	1962	4.923	2011VUT	LL	ATN	79	5640	76-107	86	14qq	<99%	raise

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2011 VEN	LL	ATN	L	247	2709.2	2010 VEN	PS	ATN	0	19 54- 66	61	5qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
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ATS

tYr	tFleetC	tGear	tStock	tLorD	tYt	ratio	szYr	szFleetC	szGear	szStock	Yield(t)	szNt	Lmg	Lmed	Wmed	TPerGrp	Remarks	Actions
1992JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		583	1.1126	1992JPN	LLHB	ATS	524	29871	61-118	92	18qq			<99%	raise
1993JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		467	0.884	1993JPN	LLHB	ATS	528	28864	54-118	94	18qq			<99%	raise
1994JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		651	0.9868	1994JPN	LLHB	ATS	660	44431	49-129	87	15qq			<99%	raise
1995JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		389	0.8149	1995JPN	LLHB	ATS	477	29109	49-124	91	16qq			<99%	raise
1996JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		435	0.8305	1996JPN	LLHB	ATS	524	30318	56-119	91	17qq			<99%	raise
1997JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		424	0.7424	1997JPN	LLHB	ATS	571	30024	56-119	94	19qq			<99%	raise
1998JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		418	0.5586	1998JPN	LLHB	ATS	748	40326	56-119	93	19qq			<99%	raise
1999JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		601	0.7803	1999JPN	LLHB	ATS	770	48592	59-116	89	16qq			<99%	raise
2000JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		554	0.7333	2000JPN	LLHB	ATS	755	42733	69-121	92	18qq			<99%	raise
2001JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		341	0.9364	2001JPN	LLHB	ATS	364	25281	59-121	86	14qq			<99%	raise
2002JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	230.681	1.731		2002JPN	LLHB	ATS	133	20161	38-114	64	7qq			<99%	raise
2003JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	321.845	1.794		2003JPN	LLHB	ATS	179	22663	38-109	69	8qq			<99%	raise
2004JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	509.009	1.0998		2004JPN	LLHB	ATS	463	41630	37-110	79	11qq			<99%	raise
2005JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	312.312	0.9136		2005JPN	LLHB	ATS	342	29479	37-118	79	12qq			<99%	raise
2006JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	315.952	0.898		2006JPN	LLHB	ATS	352	31373	37-119	78	11qq			<99%	raise
2007BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	L		32	0.0089	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007BRA-BRA-ITAIPAVA	UNCL	ATS	L		20	0.5617	2007BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	36	1760	78-125	98	21mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	L		46	68.337	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm			<99%	raise
2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	LL	ATS	L		60	1.6576	2007BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	36	1760	78-125	98	21mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		39	20.13	2007BRA-HND-NATAL	LL	ATS	2	66	100-123	111	30mm			<99%	raise
2007BRA-BRA-RECIFE	LL	ATS	L		60	0.1564	2007BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	36	1760	78-125	98	21mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007BRA-BRA-RJANERO	BB	ATS	L		247	364.74	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	L		29	0.8018	2007BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	36	1760	78-125	98	21mm			<99%	raise
2007BRA-ESP-CABDELO	LL	ATS	L		44	1.357	2007BRA-ESP-CABDELO	LL	ATS	32	1004	84-147	113	32mm			<99%	raise
2007BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		37	0.8556	2007BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	43	1461	86-135	111	30mm			<99%	raise
2007BRA-MAR-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		6	1.238	2007BRA-MAR-NATAL	LL	ATS	5	166	66-143	111	30mm			<99%	raise
2007CHN	LL	ATS	L		35	0.0098	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	L		13146	3.6741	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			<99%	raise
2007EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATS	L		758	177.7	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	4	107	55-149	118	40mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	L		12	1.0005	2007EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	12	398	82-127	112	31mm			OK(t1=cs)	none
2007EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	L		13	3.0016	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	4	107	55-149	118	40mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		238	0.9638	2007JPN	LLHB	ATS	247	21455	68-119	81	12qq			<99%	raise
2007KOR	LL	ATS	L		56	0.0157	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007CPV-ETRO	PS	ATS	L		15	1	2007CPV-ETRO	PS	ATS	15	491	82-127	112	31mm			OK(t1=cs)	none
2007NAM	BB	ATS	L		1058	1.3801	2007NAM	BB	ATS	767	72077	50-118	78	11mm			<99%	raise
2007NAM	LL	ATS	L		138	251.87	2007NAM	LL	ATS	1	22	70-118	104	25mm			<99%	raise
2007PAN-PAN-ETRO	PS	ATS	L		18	0.9999	2007PAN-PAN-ETRO	PS	ATS	18	585	82-127	112	31mm			OK(t1=cs)	none
2007PAN-PAN-TTO	LL	ATS	L		69	0.0193	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007PHL	LL	ATS	L		13	0.0035	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007ZAF	BB	ATS	L		2024	265.89	2007ZAF	BB	ATS	8	761	47-97	77	10mm			<99%	raise
2007ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	L		34	2136.5	2007ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	0	1	90-90	91	16mm			<99%	raise
2007ZAF	RR	ATS	L		1696	222.84	2007ZAF	BB	ATS	8	761	47-97	77	10mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	L		35	0.4403	2007ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	81	4496	27-210	93	18mm			<99%	raise
2007ZAF-KOR	LLJAP	ATS	L		20	0.3273	2007ZAF-KOR	LLJAP	ATS	7	313	70-128	102	24mm			<99%	raise
2007ZAF-PHL	LLJAP	ATS	L		60	0.0761	2007ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	81	4496	27-210	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007VCT	LLFB	ATS	L		160	0.0447	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007UK.SHN	RR	ATS	L		46	83.232	2007NAM	LL	ATS	1	22	70-118	104	25mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2007URY	LLHB	ATS	L		34	2.2529	2007URY	LLHB	ATS	15	804	60-129	94	19qq			<99%	raise
2007VUT	LL	ATS	L		96	0.0269	2007TAI	LLFB	ATS	3578	196672	38-151	93	18mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	L		31	0.0122	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-ITAIPAVA	UNCL	ATS	L		89	2.9731	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	L		140	207.57	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	LL	ATS	L		47	1.5551	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		74	2.4637	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-RECIFE	LL	ATS	L		16	0.5216	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-RGRANDE	LL	ATS	L		34	1.1215	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-RJANERO	BB	ATS	L		16	22.917	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-RJANERO	UNCL	ATS	L		80	27.96	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	L		16	0.5268	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			<99%	raise
2008BRA-ESP-CABDELO	LL	ATS	L		40	1.251	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		30	0.9917	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-HND-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		30	0.1056	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008BRA-MAR-NATAL	LL	ATS	L		11	0.3687	2008BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	30	1372	68-121	100	22mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008CHN	LL	ATS	L		25	0.0096	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	L		9966	3.9033	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm			<99%	raise
2008EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	L		25	0.9846	2008EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	25	773	72-127	114	33mm			<99%	raise
2008EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATS	L		908	212.85	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	4	107	55-149	118	40mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	L		50	1	2008EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	50	1616	72-127	112	31mm			OK(t1=cs)	none
2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	L		49	11.428	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	4	107	55-149	118	40mm			<99%	raise
2008JPN	LLHB	ATS	L		1370	1.0135	2008JPN	LLHB	ATS	1352	116711	68-119	81	12qq			<99%	raise
2008KOR	LL	ATS	L		88	0.0345	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008NAM	BB	ATS	L		1856	0.8044	2008NAM	BB	ATS	2308	165196	48-121	86	14mm			<99%	raise
2008NAM	LL	ATS	L		102	185.76	2007NAM	LL	ATS	1	22	70-118	104	25mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008PAN-PAN-GHA	LL	ATS	L		50	0.0018	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008PHL-PHL-MANILA	LL	ATS	L		79	0.0308	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm			no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008ZAF	BB	ATS	L		2334	194.33	2008ZAF	BB	ATS	12	905	44-122	84	13mm			<99%	raise
2008ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	L		86	7.7315	2008ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	11	684	53-152	90	16mm			<99%	raise

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2008ZAF	RR	ATS	L	1028	85.575	2008ZAF	BB	ATS	12	905	44-122	84	13mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	L	21	0.3472	2008ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	59	3131	13-205	95	19mm	<99%	raise
2008VCT	LLFB	ATS	L	71	0.028	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008UK.SHN	RR	ATS	L	94	171.25	2007NAM	LL	ATS	1	22	70-118	104	25mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2008URY	LLHB	ATS	L	53	5.1677	2008URY	LLHB	ATS	10	559	60-124	94	18qq	<99%	raise
2008VUT	LL	ATS	L	131	0.0512	2008TAI	LLFB	ATS	2553	150794	41-148	91	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BLZ-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	100	0.9999	2009BLZ-ETRO	PS	ATS	100	3882	92-123	106	26mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2009BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	L	213	8.9622	2009BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	24	1815	70-90	85	13mm	<99%	raise
2009BRA-BRA-BELEM	LL	ATS	L	9	7.5648	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-ITAIPAVA	UNCL	ATS	L	15	11.655	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	L	13	19.912	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	LL	ATS	L	19	14.983	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	PS	ATS	L	1	10.4627	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	82	65.527	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	<99%	raise
2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	UNCL	ATS	L	10	10.9973	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-RECIFE	LL	ATS	L	65	6.1698	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-RGRANDE	BB	ATS	L	11	1.8008	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-RGRANDE	LL	ATS	L	32	3.3248	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-RJANERO	BB	ATS	L	4	5.4408	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-RJANERO	LL	ATS	L	53	3.7306	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-RJANERO	UNCL	ATS	L	18	14.25	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	L	129	26.98	2009BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	1	74	70-97	92	17mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	72	2.4522	2009BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	3	105	94-119	110	29mm	<99%	raise
2009BRA-MAR-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	61	1.9567	2009BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	3	105	94-119	110	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009CPV-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	5	1.0173	2009CPV-ETRO	PS	ATN	5	173	90-123	108	28mm	<99%	raise
2009CHN	LL	ATS	L	89	3.2768	2009CHN	LL	ATS	27	1089	76-127	105	25mm	<99%	raise
2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	L	8678	3.6452	2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	2381	130812	42-150	93	18mm	<99%	raise
2009CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	1	1.0782	2009CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	1	36	88-125	109	29mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2009CIV-CIV-KOREA	LL	ATS	L	47	0.0199	2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	2381	130812	42-150	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	64	0.9982	2009EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	64	1908	88-133	115	34mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2009EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATS	L	997	233.67	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	4	107	55-149	118	40mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	43	0.9999	2009EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	43	1316	72-133	114	33mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2009EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	L	254	59.601	2008EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	4	107	55-149	118	40mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009EU.UK	LL	ATS	L	1	1.50505	2009NAM	LL	ATS	0	7	90-135	105	26mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	921	1.3742	2009JPN	LLHB	ATS	670	56459	68-119	82	12qq	<99%	raise
2009KOR	LL	ATS	L	374	0.1571	2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	2381	130812	42-150	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009NAM	BB	ATS	L	4936	1.2026	2009NAM	BB	ATS	4104	262376	53-149	89	16mm	<99%	raise
2009NAM	LL	ATS	L	0.0	0.1358	2009NAM	LL	ATS	0	7	90-135	105	26mm	<99%	raise
2009PAN-PAN-GHA	LL	ATS	L	1	10.0012	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009PAN-PAN-SUR	LL	ATS	L	5	0.0104	2009TAI	LLFB	ATN	500	17371	73-124	108	29mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009PHL-PHL-MANILA	LL	ATS	L	45	0.0188	2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	2381	130812	42-150	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009ZAF	BB	ATS	L	2967	0.723	2009NAM	BB	ATS	4104	262376	53-149	89	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009ZAF	RR	ATS	L	1855	0.4519	2009NAM	BB	ATS	4104	262376	53-149	89	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009ZAF	HAND	ATS	L	96	8.0228	2008ZAF	BB	ATS	12	905	44-122	84	13mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009ZAF	LL-Shrk	ATS	L	1	10.0413	2009ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	12	754	30-150	90	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	L	87	7.0235	2009ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	12	754	30-150	90	16mm	<99%	raise
2009ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	L	34	0.4135	2009ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	82	4415	2-203	94	19mm	<99%	raise
2009ZAF-KOR	LLJAP	ATS	L	3	1.4993	2009ZAF-KOR	LLJAP	ATS	2	117	69-134	96	19mm	<99%	raise
2009VCT	LLFB	ATS	L	51	0.0214	2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	2381	130812	42-150	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009UK.SHN	RR	ATS	L	81	83.266	2011UK.SHN	RR	ATS	1	41	93-114	103	24mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2009URY	LLHB	ATS	L	97	0.322	2009URY	LLHB	ATS	301	13557	55-134	101	22mm	<99%	raise
2009VUT	LL	ATS	L	64	0.027	2009TAI	LLFB	ATS	2381	130812	42-150	93	18mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010ARG	PS	ATS	L	130	25.762	2010URY	LLHB	ATS	5	297	65-124	92	17qq	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	L	300	10.971	2010BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	27	2171	70-94	84	13mm	<99%	raise
2010BLZ-URY	LL	ATS	L	2	0.08	2010BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	27	2171	70-94	84	13mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-BELEM	LL	ATS	L	12	0.9878	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-ITAIPAVA	UNCL	ATS	L	19	1.6035	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	L	11	15.82	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	LL	ATS	L	23	1.9088	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	76	6.4036	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-RECIFE	LL	ATS	L	16	1.3192	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-RGRANDE	LL	ATS	L	22	1.8622	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-RJANERO	BB	ATS	L	23	33.911	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-RJANERO	UNCL	ATS	L	11	0.9422	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-BRA-SANTOS	LL	ATS	L	1	0.0748	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	57	4.7847	2010BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	12	351	14-221	115	34mm	<99%	raise
2010CHN	LL	ATS	L	97	2.5647	2010CHN	LL	ATS	38	1517	76-127	105	25mm	<99%	raise
2010TAI	LLFB	ATS	L	10975	3.718	2010TAI	LL	ATS	2952	148558	45-151	95	20mm	<99%	raise
2010CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	43	3.9967	2010CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	1	37	88-125	107	27mm	<99%	raise
2010CIV-CIV-KOREA	LL	ATS	L	43	0.0147	2010TAI	LL	ATS	2952	148558	45-151	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	28	0.9286	2010EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	30	1164	88-125	106	26mm	<99%	raise
2010EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATS	L	266	195.96	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	1	42	80-125	113	32mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	109	1	2010EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	109	4118	88-125	107	27mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	L	84	61.612	2010EU.PRT-PT-MAINLND	LLHB	ATS	1	42	80-125	113	32mm	<99%	raise
2010GTM.ETRO	PS	ATS	L	56	0.9999	2010GTM.ETRO	PS	ATS	56	2186	92-123	106	26mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2010JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	973	1.0525	2010JPN	LLHB	ATS	924	79323	68-119	81	12qq	<99%	raise
2010KOR	LL	ATS	L	130	0.0439	2010TAI	LL	ATS	2952	148558	45-151	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010NAM	BB	ATS	L	1263	0.6333	2010NAM	BB	ATS	1994	140673	55-160	86	14mm	<99%	raise
2010NAM	LL	ATS	L	57	104.99	2010NAM	LL	ATS	1	28	80-120	96	19mm	<99%	raise
2010PAN-PAN-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	1	0.25	2010PAN-PAN-ETRO	PS	ATS	4	149	88-125	107	27mm	<99%	raise
2010PHL-PHL-MANILA	LL	ATS	L	95	0.0323	2010TAI	LL	ATS	2952	148558	45-151	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010ZAF	BB	ATS	L	2446	1.2263	2010NAM	BB	ATS	1994	140673	55-160	86	14mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise

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2010ZAF	RR	ATS	L	1529	0.7665	2010NAM	BB	ATS	1994	140673	55-160	86	14mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010ZAF	HAND	ATS	L	89	7.4103	2011ZAF	BB	ATS	12	1008	58-108	82	12mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	L	76	1.6689	2010ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	46	1154	35-969	94	40mm	<<99%	raise
2010ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	L	70	0.2463	2010ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	27	1487	35-157	93	18mm	<<99%	raise
2010VCT	LLFB	ATS	L	31	0.0104	2010TAI	LL	ATS	2952	148558	45-151	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010UK.SHN	RR	ATS	L	32	6.787	2011UK.SHN	RR	ATS	1	41	93-114	103	24mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2010URY	LLHB	ATS	L	24	4.6961	2010URY	LLHB	ATS	5	297	65-124	92	17qq	<<99%	raise
2010VUT	LL	ATS	L	104	0.0354	2010TAI	LL	ATS	2952	148558	45-151	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011ARG	PS	ATS	L	43.186	6.1711	2011URY	LL	ATS	7	437	55-139	90	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BLZ-GHA	PS	ATS	L	30	7.4997	2011CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	4	151	96-115	107	27mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	L	252	6.3921	2011BLZ-TTO	LL	ATS	39	3172	63-135	83	12mm	<<99%	raise
2011BLZ-URY	LL	ATS	L	3	3.2936	2011BLZ-URY	LL	ATS	1	50	75-145	95	20mm	<<99%	raise
2011BLZ-ZAF	LL	ATS	L	80	1.5646	2011BLZ-ZAF	LL	ATS	51	1751	60-118	110	29mm	<<99%	raise
2011BRA-BRA-BELEM	LL	ATS	L	27	1.3936	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-ITAIPAVA	UNCL	ATS	L	50	0.2361	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	L	58	85.752	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	GILL	ATS	L	41	2.1387	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	HAND	ATS	L	10	0.0265	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	LL	ATS	L	22	1.1446	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	PS	ATS	L	20	0.0881	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	120	0.6275	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-RECIFE	LL	ATS	L	22	1.1246	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-RGRANDE	LL	ATS	L	44	2.288	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-RJANERO	BB	ATS	L	140	206.46	2007BRA-BRA-ITAJAI	BB	ATS	1	41	84-97	92	16mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-RJANERO	HAND	ATS	L	103	5.3451	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-BRA-RJANERO	LL	ATS	L	30	0.1558	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	L	92	4.7504	2011BRA-ESP-NATAL	LL	ATS	19	583	72-211	113	33mm	<<99%	raise
2011BRA-JPN	LL	ATS	L	699	3.7073	2011BRA-JPN-NATAL	LL	ATS	188	7378	14-279	105	26mm	<<99%	raise
2011CHN	LL	ATS	L	80	4.1213	2011CHN	LL	ATS	19	1239	72-127	90	16mm	<<99%	raise
2011TAI	LLFB	ATS	L	13032	3.3931	2011TAI	LL	ATS	3841	192171	32-150	95	20mm	<<99%	raise
2011CIV-CIV-KOREA	LL	ATS	L	45.351	0.0118	2011TAI	LL	ATS	3841	192171	32-150	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	4	1	2011CUW-CW-ETRO	PS	ATS	4	151	96-115	107	27mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2011EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	64	1.0069	2011EU.ESP-ES-ETRO	PS	ATS	64	2252	92-123	109	28mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2011EU.ESP-ES-SWO	LLHB	ATS	L	250	91.978	2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLNDLLHB	LLHB	ATS	3	133	65-119	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	L	50	1.0001	2011EU.FRA-FR-ETRO	PS	ATS	50	1792	88-125	109	28mm	OK(t1=cs)	none
2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLNDLLHB	LLHB	ATS	L	44	16.239	2011EU.PRT-PT-MAINLNDLLHB	LLHB	ATS	3	133	65-119	95	20mm	<<99%	raise
2011JPN	LLHB	ATS	L	1194	1.091	2011JPN	LLHB	ATS	1094	93049	68-119	82	12qq	<<99%	raise
2011KOR	LL	ATS	L	70	0.0183	2011TAI	LL	ATS	3841	192171	32-150	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011NAM	BB	ATS	L	3711	24.371	2011NAM	BB	ATS	152	9223	29-148	91	17mm	<<99%	raise
2011NAM	LL	ATS	L	80	572.83	2011NAM	LL	ATS	0	4115-118	117	35mm	<<99%	raise	
2011PHL-PHL-MANILA	LL	ATS	L	96	0.025	2011TAI	LL	ATS	3841	192171	32-150	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011ZAF	BB	ATS	L	2029	168.4	2011ZAF	BB	ATS	12	1008	58-108	82	12mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011ZAF	RR	ATS	L	1268	105.27	2011ZAF	BB	ATS	12	1008	58-108	82	12mm	<<99%	raise
2011ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	L	81	1.7725	2010ZAF	LLSWO	ATS	46	1154	35-969	94	40mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	L	10	0.3254	2011ZAF-JPN	LLJAP	ATS	3	147	64-116	93	18mm	<<99%	raise
2011VCT	LLFB	ATS	L	94	0.0245	2011TAI	LL	ATS	3841	192171	32-150	95	20mm	no sz/cs	sub-raise
2011UK.SHN	RR	ATS	L	120	123.54	2011UK.SHN	RR	ATS	1	41	93-114	103	24mm	<<99%	raise
2011URY	LL	ATS	L	37	5.2579	2011URY	LL	ATS	7	437	55-139	90	16mm	<<99%	raise
2011VUT	LL	ATS	L	85	12.07	2011VUT	LL	ATS	7	490	20-124	87	14qq	<<99%	raise